

In-Amp Bridge Circuit Error Budget Analysis

It is important to understand in-amp error sources in a typical application. Figure 1 below shows a 350 Ω load cell with a fullscale output of 100 mV when excited with a 10 V source. The [AD620](#) is configured for a gain of 100 using the external 499 Ω gain-setting resistor. The table shows how each error source contributes to a total unadjusted error of 2145 ppm. Note however that the gain, offset, and CMR errors can all be removed with a system calibration. The remaining errors—*gain nonlinearity* and *0.1 Hz to 10 Hz noise*—cannot be removed with calibration and ultimately limit the system resolution to 42.8 ppm (approximately 14-bit accuracy). This example is of course just an illustration, but should be useful towards the importance of addressing performance-limiting errors such as gain nonlinearity and LF noise.

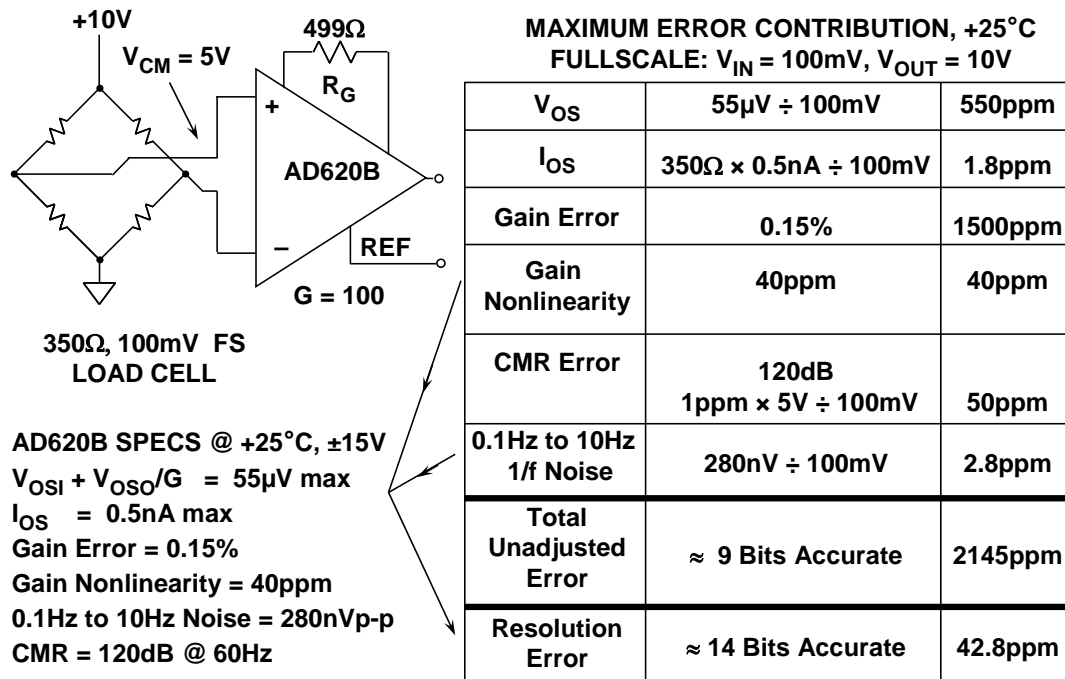


Figure 1: [AD620B](#) Bridge Amplifier DC Error Budget

A general-purpose amplifier (including in-amps) [Error Budget Analysis](#) tool is available on the Analog Devices' website as well as the [Analog Bridge Wizard™](#) to assist in bridge circuit designs.

REFERENCES

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2. Walter G. Jung, [Op Amp Applications](#), Analog Devices, 2002, ISBN 0-916550-26-5, Also available as [Op Amp Applications Handbook](#), Elsevier/Newnes, 2005, ISBN 0-7506-7844-5. Chapter 2.
3. Charles Kitchin and Lew Counts, [A Designer's Guide to Instrumentation Amplifiers, 3rd Edition](#), Analog Devices, 2006.

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