RELIABILITY REPORT

FOR

MAX9202EUD+

PLASTIC ENCAPSULATED DEVICES

January 7, 2011

MAXIM INTEGRATED PRODUCTS

120 SAN GABRIEL DR.

SUNNYVALE, CA 94086

Approved by
Don Lipps
Quality Assurance
Manager, Reliability Engineering

Conclusion

The MAX9202EUD+ successfully meets the quality and reliability standards required of all Maxim products. In addition, Maxim"s continuous reliability monitoring program ensures that all outgoing product will continue to meet Maxim"s quality and reliability standards.

Table of Contents

I. Device Description

A. General

The MAX9201/MAX9202/MAX9203 high-speed, lowpower, quad/dual/single comparators feature TTL logic outputs with active internal pullups. Fast propagation delay (7ns typ at 5mV overdrive) makes these devices ideal for fast A/D converters and sampling circuits, line receivers, V/F converters, and many other data-discrimination, signal restoration applications. All comparators can be powered from separate analog and digital power supplies or from a single combined supply voltage. The analog input common-mode range includes the negative rail, allowing ground sensing when powered from a single supply. The MAX9201/ MAX9202/MAX9203 consume only 9mW per comparator when powered from a +5V supply. The MAX9202/MAX9203 feature output latches with TTL compatible inputs. The comparator output states are held when the latch inputs are driven low. The MAX9201 provides all the same features as the MAX9202/MAX9203 with the exception of the latches. The MAX9201/MAX9202/MAX9203 are lower power and lower cost upgrades to the MAX901/MAX902/MAX903 offering a 50% power savings and smaller packaging.

II. Manufacturing Information

A. Description/Function:	Low-Cost, 7ns, Low-Power Voltage Comparators
B. Process:	CB2
C. Number of Device Transistors:	
D. Fabrication Location:	Oregon
E. Assembly Location:	Malaysia, Philippines, Thailand
F. Date of Initial Production:	April 23, 2001

III. Packaging Information

A. Package Type:	14-pin TSSOP
B. Lead Frame:	Copper
C. Lead Finish:	100% matte Tin
D. Die Attach:	Conductive
E. Bondwire:	Au (1 mil dia.)
F. Mold Material:	Epoxy with silica filler
G. Assembly Diagram:	#05-1501-0221
H. Flammability Rating:	Class UL94-V0
I. Classification of Moisture Sensitivity per JEDEC standard J-STD-020-C	Level 1
J. Single Layer Theta Ja:	110°C/W
K. Single Layer Theta Jc:	30°C/W
L. Multi Layer Theta Ja:	100.4°C/W
M. Multi Layer Theta Jc:	30°C/W

IV. Die Information

A. Dimensions:	53 X 54 mils
B. Passivation:	Si_3N_4 (Silicon nitride)
C. Interconnect:	Au
D. Backside Metallization:	None
E. Minimum Metal Width:	2 microns (as drawn)
F. Minimum Metal Spacing:	2 microns (as drawn)
G. Bondpad Dimensions:	5 mil. Sq.
H. Isolation Dielectric:	SiO_2
I. Die Separation Method:	Wafer Saw

V. Quality Assurance Information

A. Quality Assurance Contacts:	Don Lipps (Manager, Reliability Engineering) Bryan Preeshl (Vice President of QA)
B. Outgoing Inspection Level:	0.1% for all electrical parameters guaranteed by the Datasheet. 0.1% For all Visual Defects.
C. Observed Outgoing Defect Rate:	< 50 ppm
D. Sampling Plan:	Mil-Std-105D

VI. Reliability Evaluation

A. Accelerated Life Test

The results of the 150°C biased (static) life test are shown in Table 1. Using these results, the Failure Rate (λ) is calculated as follows:

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{MTTF} = \frac{1.83}{192 \times 4340 \times 80 \times 2}$$ (Chi square value for MTTF upper limit)

(where 4340 = Temperature Acceleration factor assuming an activation energy of 0.8eV)

$\lambda = 13.7 \times 10^{-9}$

λ = 13.7 F.I.T. (60% confidence level @ 25°C)

The following failure rate represents data collected from Maxim"s reliability monitor program. Maxim performs quarterly life test monitors on its processes. This data is published in the Reliability Report found at http://www.maxim-ic.com/qa/reliability/monitor. Cumulative monitor data for the CB2 Process results in a FIT Rate of 0.14 @ 25C and 2.48 @ 55C (0.8 eV, 60% UCL)

B. E.S.D. and Latch-Up Testing (lot N22BX4001C, D/C 0045)

The CM80 die type has been found to have all pins able to withstand a HBM transient pulse of +/-1500V per Mil-Std 883 Method 3015.7. Latch-Up testing has shown that this device withstands a current of +/-250mA.

Table 1
Reliability Evaluation Test Results

MAX9202EUD+

TEST ITEM	TEST CONDITION	FAILURE IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE SIZE	NUMBER OF FAILURES	COMMENTS
Static Life Test (Note 1)					
	Ta = 135°C Biased Time = 192 hrs.	DC Parameters & functionality	80	0	N22BX4001F, D/C 0110

Note 1: Life Test Data may represent plastic DIP qualification lots.