

# **AD916x API Specification**

## **Rev 1.0**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introduction .....	5
Purpose .....	5
Scope .....	5
DISCLAIMER.....	5
Software Architecture .....	6
Folder Structure.....	7
API Interface .....	8
Overview.....	8
ad916x.h.....	8
api_config.h.....	9
adi_def.h .....	9
HAL Function Pointer DataTypes.....	11
*hw_open_t .....	11
*hw_close_t .....	12
*spi_xfer_t .....	13
* tx_en_pin_ctrl_t .....	14
*reset_pin_ctrl_t.....	15
* delay_us_t .....	16
*event_handler_t .....	17
Error Handling.....	18
Error Codes .....	18
Interrupt Handling .....	19
Interrupt Events.....	19
AD916x API Library .....	20
AD916x API Reference Handle .....	21
ad916x_handle_t .....	21
AD916x API Definitions, Data Structures and Enumerations.....	23
ad916x_chip_id_t.....	23
ad916x_tx_enable_pin_mode_t.....	24
ad916x_event_t.....	25
ad916x_jesd_link_stat_t.....	26
ad916x_jesd_sysref_mode_t.....	27
ad916x_jesd_cfg_err_flg_t.....	28
ad916x_jesd_serdes_pll_flg_t.....	29
jesd_prbs_pattern_t .....	30
ad916x_prbs_test_t .....	31
ad916x_ APIs .....	32
ad916x_init.....	32
ad916x_deinit.....	33
ad916x_reset.....	34

ad916x_get_chip_id.....	35
ad916x_set_events .....	36
ad916x_get_interrupt_status.....	37
ad916x_isr.....	38
ad916x_dac_set_clk_frequency .....	39
ad916x_dac_get_clk_frequency.....	40
ad916x_dac_set_full_scale_current .....	41
ad916x_jesd_config_datapath.....	42
ad916x_jesd_get_cfg_param .....	43
ad916x_jesd_set_sysref_mode.....	44
ad916x_jesd_get_sysref_mode.....	45
ad916x_jesd_get_sysref_status.....	46
ad916x_jesd_get_dynamic_link_latency.....	47
ad916x_jesd_set_dynamic_link_latency .....	48
ad916x_jesd_set_lane_xbar.....	49
ad916x_jesd_get_lane_xbar.....	50
ad916x_jesd_invert_lane .....	51
ad916x_jesd_enable_scrambler .....	52
ad916x_jesd_get_cfg_status .....	53
ad916x_jesd_enable_datapath.....	54
ad916x_jesd_enable_link.....	55
ad916x_jesd_get_pll_status .....	56
ad916x_jesd_get_link_status.....	57
ad916x_transmit_enable_pin.....	58
ad916x_transmit_enable .....	59
ad916x_clk_cfg_dutycycle .....	60
ad916x_clk_adjust_phase .....	61
ad916x_clk_set_cross_ctrl.....	62
ad916x_fir85_Set_enable.....	63
ad916x_fir85_get_enable.....	64
ad916x_filt_bw90_enable .....	65
ad916x_invsinc_enable .....	66
ad916x_nco_set_ftw.....	67
ad916x_nco_get_ftw.....	68
ad916x_nco_set_phase_offset.....	69
ad916x_nco_get_phase_offset .....	70
ad916x_nco_set_enable .....	71
ad916x_nco_get_enable.....	72
ad916x_dc_test_set_mode.....	73
ad916x_dc_test_get_mode.....	74
ad916x_nco_set.....	75
ad916x_nco_get.....	76

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

ad916x_nco_reset.....	77
ad916x_register_write.....	78
ad916x_register_read.....	79
ad916x_get_revision .....	80
Appendix A.....	81
Pseudo Code Example for ad916x_handle .....	81
Revision History .....	84

## INTRODUCTION

### PURPOSE

This document serves as a programmer's reference for using and utilizing various aspects of the ADI High Speed Converters DAC Application Program Interface (API) library for the AD9161/2 family of DACs. It describes the general structure of the ad916x\_ API library, provides a detail list of the API functions and its associated data structures, macros, and definitions.

### SCOPE

Currently the AD916x API library supports the following devices.

*Table 1 DAC API Libraries*

<b>Device Name</b>	<b>Device Description</b>	<b>Device Release Status</b>	<b>API Release Status</b>
AD9161	11-bit 12 GSPS, RF Digital to Analog Converter	Released	Rev 1.0.0
AD9162	16-bit 12 GSPS RF Digital to Analog Converter	Released	Rev 1.0.0
AD9163	16-Bit, 12 GSPS, RF DAC and Digital Up converter	Released	Rev 1.0.0

### DISCLAIMER

The software and any related information and/or advice is provided on an "AS IS" basis, without representations, guarantees or warranties of any kind, express or implied, oral or written, including without limitation warranties of merchantability fitness for a particular purpose, title and non-infringement. Please refer to the Software License Agreement applied to the source code for full details.

## SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE

The ad916x\_ API library is a collection of APIs that provide a consistent interface to a variety of ADI High Speed Converter DAC devices. The APIs are designed so that there is a consistent interface to the devices.

The library is a software layer that sits between the application and the DAC hardware. The library is intended to serve two purposes:

- 1- Provide the application with a set of APIs that can be used to configure RX hardware without the need for low-level register access. This makes the application portable across different revisions of the hardware and even across different hardware modules.
- 2- Provide basic services to aid the application in controlling the DAC module, such as interrupt service routine, DAC high-level control and status information.

The driver does not, in any shape or form, alter the configuration or state of DAC module on its own. It is the responsibility of the application to configure the part according to the required mode of operation, poll for status, etc... The library acts only as an abstraction layer between the application and the hardware.

As an example, the application is responsible for the following:

- Configuring the JESD Interface
- Configuring the NCO

The application should access the DAC device only through the DAC libraries exported APIs. It is not recommended for the application to access the DAC hardware device directly using direct SPI access. If the application chooses to directly access the DAC hardware this should be done in a very limited scope, such as for debug purposes and it should be understood that this practice may affect the reliability of the API functions.

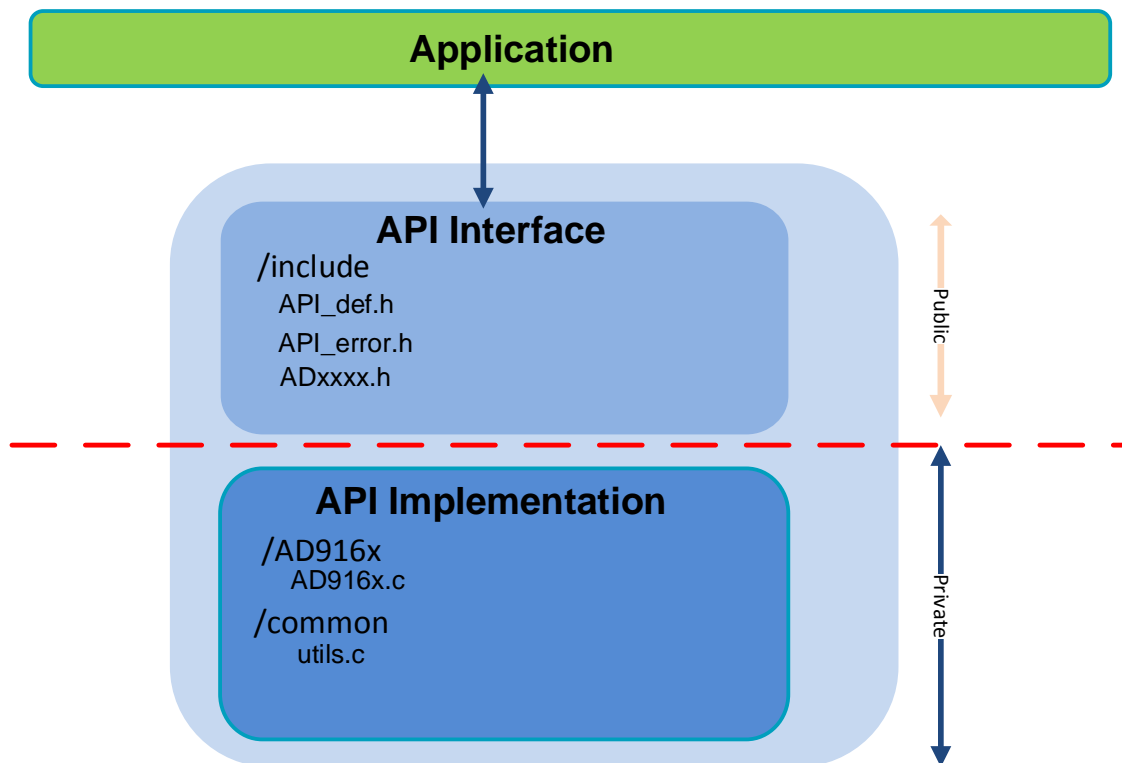


Figure 1 Simple Overview of the DAC API Architecture

## FOLDER STRUCTURE

The collective files of the DAC API library are structure as depicted in Figure 2. Each branch is explained in the following sections. The library is supplied in source format. All source files are in standard ANSI C to simply porting to any platform.

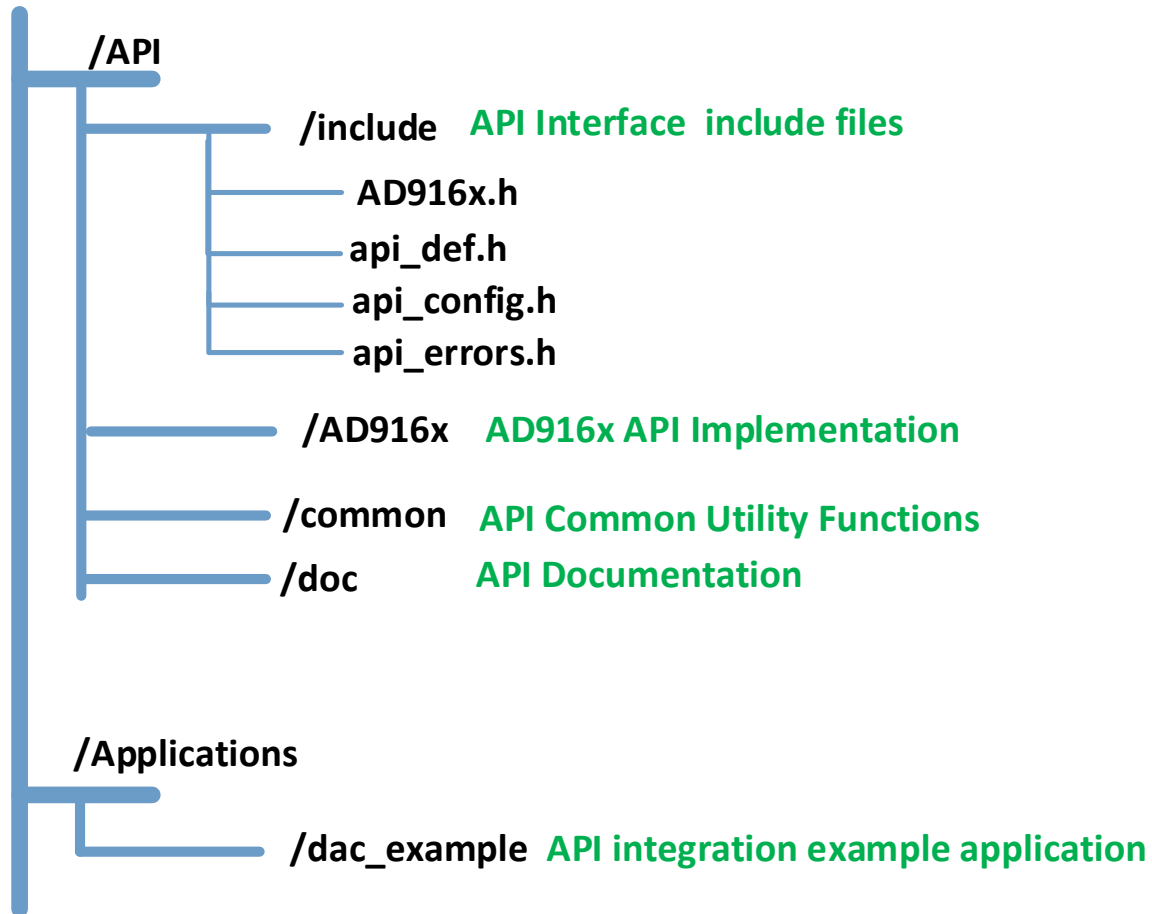


Figure 2 ad916x\_ Source Code Folder Structure

### **/API**

The ad916x\_ API root folder contains all the source code and documentation for the ad916x\_ API.

### **/API/include**

This folder contains all the API public interface files. These are the header files required by the client application.

### **/API/ad916x\_**

This folder includes the main API implementation code for the AD916X DAC APIs and any private header files uses by the API. ADI maintains this code as intellectual property and all changes are at their sole discretion.

### **/API/common**

This folder contains ADI helper functions common to all APIs, these functions are internal private functions not designed for use by client application.

### **/API/doc**

This folder contains the doxygen documentation for the ad916x\_ APIs.

### **/Application/**

This folder contains simple source code examples of how to use the DAC API. The applications target the ad916x\_ evaluation board platform. Customers can use this example code as a guide to develop their own application based on their requirements.

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## API INTERFACE

### OVERVIEW

The header files listed in include folder, */API/include*, describe public interface of the DAC API the client application. It consists of a number of header files listed in Table 2. Each API library will have a header file that lists its supported APIs that the client application may use to interface with the ADI device. For example, the *ad916x.h* header file lists all the APIs that are available to control and configure the AD916x DAC devices. The other header files are used for definitions and configurations that may be used by the client application. The features of which will be described in subsequent sections.

Table 2 DAC API Interface

Device Name	Description	To be included in Client Application
<i>ad916x.h</i>	Lists AD916X DAC API Library exposed to client application	Yes
<i>API_config.h</i>	Defines the various configuration options for the DAC Module	No
<i>API_def.h</i>	Defines any macros/enumerations or structures or definitions common to and used by all DAC API Libraries	No
<i>API_error.h</i>	Defines the DAC API interface errors and error handlers common to and used by all DAC API Libraries	Yes

### AD916X.H

The *ad916x.h* API library has a main interface header file *AD916x.h* header file that defines the software interface to the AD916x DACs. It consists of a list of API functions and a number of structures and enumerations to describe the configurations and settings that are configurable on that particular device. In addition, it defines the DAC device handle *ad916x\_handle\_t*. This is a data structure that acts a software reference to a particular instance to of the DAC device. This handle maintains a reference to HAL functions and the configuration status of the chip.

This reference shall be instantiated in the client application and initialized by the application with client specific data.

### API Handle

A summary of the user configurable components of this handle structure are listed in Table 3. Refer to the *ad916x\_handle\_t* section and the *HAL Function Pointer DataTypes* section for full a description and more details on configuration.

The platform specific members of the structure must be configured by the client application prior to calling any API with the handle, refer to the *DAC Hardware Initialization* section for more details.

Table 3 Components of the DAC API handle

Structure Member	Description	User Read/Write Access	Required by API
<i>user_data</i>	Void Pointer to a user defined data structure. Shall be passed to all HAL functions.	Read/Write	Optional
<i>sdo</i>	Device SPI Interface configuration for DAC hardware	Read/Write	Yes
<i>dac_freq_hz</i>	DAC Clock Frequency configuration	Read/Write	Yes
<i>dev_xfer</i>	Pointer to SPI data transfer function for DAC hardware	Read/Write	Yes
<i>delay_us</i>	Pointer to delay function for DAC hardware	Read/Write	Yes
<i>hw_open</i>	Pointer to platform initialization function for DAC hardware	Read/Write	Optional
<i>hw_close</i>	Pointer to the platform shutdown function for DAC hardware	Read/Write	Optional
<i>event_handler</i>	Pointer to a client event handler function for DAC device.	Read/Write	Optional
<i>tx_en_pin_ctrl</i>	Pointer to client application control function of DAC device TX_ENABLE pin	Read/Write	Optional
<i>reset_pin_ctrl</i>	Pointer to client application control function of DAC device RESETB pin	Read/Write	Optional



## API\_CONFIG.H

The API configuration header file, *api\_config.h*, located in the */barium\_api/include* folder defines the compilation and build configuration options for the DAC API.

The client application in general is not required to include or modify this file.

## ADI\_DEF.H

The ad916x\_ API is designed to be platform agnostic. However, it requires access to some platform functionality, such as SPI read/write and delay functions that the client application must implement and make available to the ad916x\_ API. These functions are collectively referred to as the platform Hardware Abstraction Layer (HAL).

The HAL functions are defined by the API definition interface header file, *adi\_def.h*. The implementation of these functions is platform dependent and shall be implemented by the client application as per the client application platform specific requirements. The client application shall point the ad916x\_ API to the required platform functions on instantiation of the ad916x\_ API handle. The following is a description of HAL components.

The ad916x\_ API handle, *ad916x\_handle\_t*, has a function pointer member for each of the HAL functions and they are listed in Table 4. The client application shall assign each pointer the address of the target platform's HAL function implementation prior to calling any DAC API.

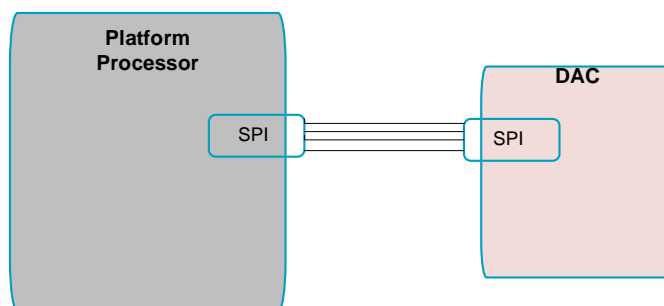
*Table 4 Short Description of HAL Functions*

Function Pointer Name	Purpose	Requirement
*spi_xfer_t	Implement a SPI transaction	Required
*hw_open_t	Open and initialize all resources and peripherals required for DAC Device	Optional
*hw_close_t	Shutdown and close any resources opened by hw_open_t	Optional
*delay_us_t	Perform a wait/thread sleep in units of microseconds	Required
*tx_en_pin_ctrl_t	Set DAC device TX_ENABLE pin high or low.	Optional
*reset_pin_ctrl_t	Set DAC device RESETB pin high or low.	Optional
*event_handler_t	Event notification handler	Optional

## DAC Hardware Initialization

The client application is responsible for ensuring that all required hardware resources and peripherals required by but external to the DAC are correctly configured. The DAC API handle *ad916x\_handle\_t* defines two pointer function members to which the client application may optionally provide HAL functions to initialize these resources, *\*hw\_open\_t* and *\*hw\_close\_t*. If the client application provides valid functions via these function pointers, the DAC initialization APIs *ad916x\_init* and *ad916x\_deinit* shall call *\*hw\_open\_t* and *\*hw\_close\_t* respectively to handle the initialization and shutdown of required hardware resources. If the client application chooses not use this feature, the ad916x\_ API assumes that SPI and all the external resources for the ad916x\_ Device are available.

The ad916x\_ API libraries require limited access to hardware interfaces on the target platform. These are depicted in Figure 3.



*Figure 3 Hardware Controls Required By DAC API HAL*

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## SPI Access

Access to the SPI controller that communicates with the AD916x DAC devices is required for correct operation of the API. The API requires access to a SPI function that can send SPI commands. This function *\*spi\_xfer\_t* is defined in detail in the next section. The AD916x DAC SPI requires 15 bit addressing with 8-bit data bytes and supports 3-wire or 4-wire interface. The AD916x DAC must be configured as such to match the platform implementation. This is done during initialization via the *ad916x\_init* API. Please refer to the target ADI device datasheet for full details of the SPI Interface protocol

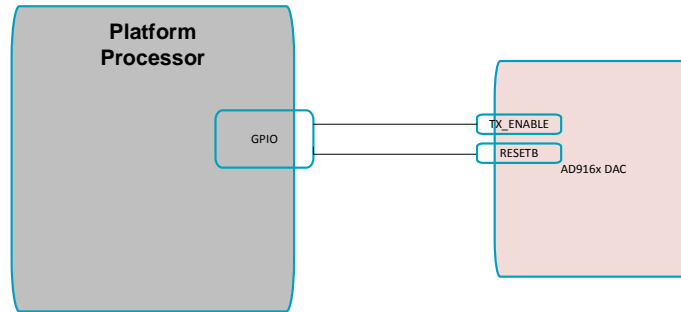


Figure 4 Option Hardware Controls Used by theDAC API HAL

## RESETB Pin Access

Optionally access to the function that controls the AD916x DAC RESETB pin can be included in the HAL layer. This function if provided allows the API to implement a hardware reset rather than a software reset.

The HAL function *\*reset\_pin\_ctrl\_t* is defined in detail in the next section. Please refer to the target ADI device datasheet for full details on the RESETB pin hardware connections.

## TX\_ENABLE PIN Access

Optionally access to the function that controls the AD916x DAC TX\_ENABLE pin can be included in the HAL layer. This function if provided allows the client to call control the TX\_ENABLE pin via the *ad916x\_transmit\_enable* API. If it is not provided the transmit enable feature in API shall be limited to using the SPI control.

The HAL function *\*tx\_en\_pin\_ctrl\_t* is defined in detail in the next section. Please refer to the target ADI device datasheet for full details on the TX\_ENABLE pin hardware connections.

## System Software Functions

### Delay Function

For best performance, it is recommended to provide the API access to the client application's delay function. The delay function can be a wait or sleep function depending on the client application. This function allow the API to wait the recommended microsecond between initialization steps.

The HAL function *\*delay\_us\_t* is defined in detail in the next section.

### Event Notification

Optionally access to an API event handler function may be included in the HAL layer. This function shall be used to pass interrupt event data to the client application. This function shall be called by the *ad916x\_isr* API only to notify all interrupt events detected and any additional data available regarding that event. The HAL function *\*event\_handler\_t* is defined in detail in the next section.

## HAL FUNCTION POINTER DATATYPES

### \*HW\_OPEN\_T

#### Description

Function pointer definition to a client application function that implements platform hardware initialization for the AD916X Device

This function may initialize external hardware resources required by the AD916X Device and API for correct functionality as per the target platform. For example initialization of SPI, GPIO resources, clocks etc.

This function if provided shall be called during the DAC module initialization via API *ad916x\_init*. The API will then assume that all require external hardware resources required by the DAC are configured and it is safe to interact with the DAC device.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef void(*hw_open_t)(void *userdata);
```

#### Preconditions

Unknown- Platform Implementation.

#### Post conditions

It is expected that all external hardware and software resources required by the DAC API are now initialized appropriately and accessible by the DAC API.

#### Dependencies

Unknown- Platform Implementation

#### Parameters

*userdata* A void pointer to a client defined structure containing any parameters/settings that may be required by the function to open the hardware for the ADI Device.

#### Return value

0 shall indicate success.

Any other positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application.

#### Notes

This function is not required to integrate the API. It is an optional feature that may be used by the client application.

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## \*HW\_CLOSE\_T

### Description

Function pointer to function that implements platform hardware de-initialization for the AD916X Device

This function shall close or shutdown external hardware resources required by the AD916X Device and API for correct functionality as per the target platform. For example initialization of SPI, GPIO resources, clocks etc.

It should close and free any resources assigned in the *hw\_open\_t* function. This function if provided shall be called during the DAC module de-initialization via API *ad916x\_init*. The API will then assume that all require external hardware resources required by the DAC are no longer available and it is not safe to interact with the DAC device.

### Synopsis

```
typedef void(*hw_close_t)(void *user_data);
```

### Preconditions

It is expected that there are no pre conditions to this function. All initialization required shall be performed prior to or during (via *\*hw\_open\_t*) *ad916x\_init*.

### Post conditions

It is expected that there are no post conditions to this function.

### Dependencies

Unknown- Platform Implementation

### Parameters

*user\_data*            A void pointer to a client defined structure containing any parameters/settings that may be required by the function to close the hardware for the ADI Device.

### Return value

0 shall indicate success.

Any other positive integer value may represent a error code to be returned to the application.

### Notes

This function is not required to integrate the API. It is an optional feature that may be used by the client application.

**\*SPI\_XFER\_T****Description**

Function to implement a SPI transaction to the DAC device.

This function shall perform send a read/write SPI command to targeted ADI DAC device. The SPI implementation shall support 15-bit addressing and 8-bit data bytes. This function shall control the SPI interface including the appropriate chip select to correctly send and retrieve data to the targeted ADI DAC device over SPI.

The implementation may support 3-wire or 4-wire mode. The DAC API must be configured to support the platform implementation this is done during the DAC initialization API `ad916x_init`.

Once a DAC device is initialized via the `ad916x_init` API, it is expected that the API may call this function at any time.

**Synopsis**

```
typedef int(*spi_xfer_t)(void *user_data, uint8_t *indata, uint8_t *outdata, int size_bytes);
```

**Preconditions**

It is expected that there are no pre conditions to this function. All initialization required shall be performed prior to or during (via `*hw_open_t`) `ad916x_init`. Once a DAC device is initialized via the `ad916x_init` API, it is expected that the API may call this function at any time.

**Post conditions**

It is expected that there are no post conditions to this function.

**Dependencies**

Unknown- Platform Implementation

**Parameters**

`user_data` A void pointer to a client defined structure containing any parameters/settings that may be required by the function to implement the SPI for the ADI Device. For example, chip select may be passed to the function via this parameter.

`indata` pointer to a `uint8_t` array with the data to be sent on the SPI

`outdata` pointer to a `uint8_t` array to which the data from the SPI device will be written

`size_bytes` an integer value indicating the size in bytes of both `indata` and `outdata` arrays.

**Return value**

Zero shall indicate success.

Any other positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application.

**Notes**

`Indata` and `outdata` arrays shall be the same size.

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## \* TX\_EN\_PIN\_CTRL\_T

### Description

Function to implement set the TX\_ENABLE pin of the DAC device high or low.

Once a DAC device is initialized via the *ad916x\_init* API, it is expected that the API may call this function at any time.

### Synopsis

```
typedef int(*tx_en_pin_ctrl_t)(void *user_data, uint8_t enable);
```

### Preconditions

It is expected that there are no pre conditions to this function. All initialization required shall be performed prior to or during (via *\*hw\_open\_t*) *ad916x\_init*. Once a DAC device is initialized via the *ad916x\_init* API, it is expected that the API may call this function at any time.

### Post conditions

It is expected that there are no post conditions to this function.

### Dependencies

Unknown- Platform Implementation

### Parameters

*user\_data* A void pointer to a client defined structure containing any parameters/settings that may be required by the function to implement the SPI for the ADI Device. For example, chip select may be passed to the function via this parameter.

*enable* A uint8\_t value indicating the desired enable/disable setting for the TX\_ENABLE pin.

A value of 1 indicates TX\_ENABLE pin is set HIGH.

A value of 0 indicates TX\_ENABLE pin is set LOW.

### Return value

Zero shall indicate success.

Any other positive integer value may represent a error code to be returned to the application.

### Notes

This function is not required to integrate the API. It is an optional feature that may be used by the client application should the user which to control the pin via the API. The relevant API function is *ad916x\_transmit\_enable*.

**\*RESET\_PIN\_CTRL\_T****Description**

Function to implement set the RESETB pin of the DAC device high or low.

**Synopsis**

```
typedef int(*reset_pin_ctrl_t)(void *user_data, uint8_t enable);
```

**Preconditions**

It is expected that there are no pre conditions to this function. All initialization required shall be performed prior to or during (via *\*hw\_open\_t*) *ad916x\_init*. Once a DAC device is initialized via the *ad916x\_init* API, it is expected that the API may call this function at any time.

**Post conditions**

It is expected that there are no post conditions to this function.

**dependencies**

Unknown- Platform implementation

**Parameters**

*user\_data* A void pointer to a client defined structure containing any parameters/settings that may be required by the function to implement the SPI for the ADI Device. For example, chip select may be passed to the function via this parameter.

*enable* A uint8\_t value indicating the desired enable/disable setting for the TX\_ENABLE pin.

A value of 1 indicates RESETB pin is set HIGH.

A value of 0 indicates RESETB pin is set LOW.

**Return value**

0 shall indicate success.

Any other positive integer value may represent a error code to be returned to the application.

**Notes**

This function is not required to integrate the API. It is an optional feature that may be used by the client application should the user which to control the pin via the API. The relevant API function is *ad916x\_transmit\_enable*.

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## \* DELAY\_US\_T

### Description

Function to implement a delay for specified number of microseconds.

Any timer hardware initialization required for the platform dependent implementation of this function must be performed prior to providing to calling any DAC APIs.

Once a DAC device is initialized via the *ad916x\_init* API, it is expected that the API may call this function at any time.

### Synopsis

```
typedef int(*delay_us_t)(int us);
```

### Preconditions

It is expected that there are no pre conditions to this function. All initialization required shall be performed prior to or during (via *\*hw\_open\_t*) *ad916x\_init*. Once a DAC device is initialized via the *ad916x\_init* API, it is expected that the API may call this function at any time.

### Post conditions

It is expected that there are no post conditions to this function.

### Dependencies

Unknown- Platform implementation

### Parameters

*user\_data* A void pointer to a client defined structure containing any parameters/settings that may be required by the function to implement the delay for the ADI Device.

*int us* time to delay/sleep in microseconds

### Return value

Zero shall indicate success.

Any other positive integer value may represent a error code to be returned to the application.

### Notes

This is required for optimal performance.

Performs a blocking or sleep delay for the specified time in microseconds.



**\*EVENT\_HANDLER\_T****Description**

A Client application implementation of the API event notification handler. This function is called by the *ad916x\_isr* API to send notification of events to the application.

Event notification shall depend on which interrupts have been enable via the *ad916x\_set\_events* API. Full details of the available events are listed in the Interrupt Handling section and the target DAC device datasheet.

**Synopsis**

```
typedef int(*event_handler_t)(uint16_t event, uint8_t ref, void* data);
```

**Preconditions**

It is expected that there are no pre conditions to this function. All initialization required shall be performed prior to or during (via *\*hw\_open\_t*) *ad916x\_init*. Once a DAC device is initialized via the *ad916x\_init* API, it is expected that the API may call this function at any time.

**Post conditions**

It is expected that there are no post conditions to this function.

**Dependencies**

Unknown- Platform implementation

**Parameters**

<i>uint16_t event</i>	A uint16_t value representing the event that has been detected. Event types are enumerated by <i>ad916x_event_t</i> . Addition information is detailed in the <i>Interrupt Events</i> section.
<i>uint8_t ref</i>	A uint8_t value that represents the event reference data if required. For example, for link events, the reference data shall be the Lane number on which the event occurred. Addition information is detailed in the <i>Interrupt Events</i> section.
<i>void* data</i>	A pointer to any additional event data that may be relevant. Currently the none of the ad916x_ API Events provide any event data. Addition information is detailed in the <i>Interrupt Events</i> section.

**Return value**

0 shall indicate success.

Any other positive integer value may represent a error code to be returned to the application.

**Notes**

This is required for optimal performance.

Performs a blocking or sleep delay for the specified time in microseconds.

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## ERROR HANDLING

### ERROR CODES

Each API return value represents a DAC API error code. The possible error codes for ADI device APIs are defined by a number of macros listed in *api\_errors.h*. Table 5 lists the possible error codes and their meanings returned by the ad916x\_ APIs.

If a HAL function, called by during the execution of an API, returns a non-zero value the API shall return that error code.

Table 6 lists the possible errors returned by API due to a HAL function.

Table 5 API Error Code Macro definitions.

ERROR CODE	Description
API_ERROR_OK	API completed successfully
API_ERROR_SPI_SDO	API could not complete success fully due to SPI_SDO configuration in API Handle
API_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE_PTR	API could not complete success fully due to invalid pointer to API Handle
API_ERROR_INVALID_XFER_PTR	API could not complete success fully due to invalid pointer to SPI transfer function
API_ERROR_INVALID_DELAYUS_PTR	API could not complete success fully due to invalid pointer to Delay function function
API_ERROR_INVALID_PARAM	API could not complete successfully due to invalid API parameter
API_ERROR_FTW_LOAD_ACK	API could not complete successfully due to Frequency Turning Word No-ACK
API_ERROR_NCO_NOT_ENABLED	API could not complete successfully due to NCO not currently Enabled
API_ERROR_INIT_SEQ_FAIL	API could not complete successfully due to NVRAM load error.

Table 6 API HAL function Error Code Macro definitions.

ERROR CODE	Description
API_ERROR_SPI_XFER	SPI HAL function return an error during the implementation of this API
API_ERROR_US_DELAY	DELAY HAL function return an error during the implementation of this API
API_ERROR_TX_EN_PIN_CTRL	TX_ENABLE pin ctrl HAL function return an error during the implementation of this API
API_ERROR_RESET_PIN_CTRL	RESET pin ctrl HAL function return an error during the implementation of this API
API_ERROR_EVENT_HNDL	EVENT Handle HAL function return an error during the implementation of this API
API_ERROR_HW_OPEN	HW Open HAL function returned an error during the implementation of this API
API_ERROR_HW_CLOSE	HW Close HAL function returned an error during the implementation of this API

## INTERRUPT HANDLING

The `ad916x_` API provides basic support for the `ad916x_` Interrupt feature. It provides an API, `ad916x_set_events`, to enable and disable the desired interrupts to trigger and an API, `ad916x_get_interrupt_status`, to check if an interrupt has been triggered and the interrupt source.

In addition, it provides a simple ISR API, `ad916x_isr`, that will check for and clear any interrupts trigger and provide event notification to the client application. In order to use the ISR API the client application must provide the user with a notification handler function, `*event_handler_t`. The prototype of this function is defined in `t_adi_def.h`

## INTERRUPT EVENTS

Table 7 summarized the list of events that the API interrupt feature supports. Events are categorized as *device events*, which can only occur per device or *JESD link events* that can occur at per link per lane level. For JESD link the ISR `ad916x_isr`, shall report via the `ref` parameter the lane number on which the event.

Table 7 API Event Summary.

EVENT	TYPE	Reference	DATA	DESCRIPTION
EVENT_SYSREF_JITTER	Device Event	None	None	SYSREF JITTER Threshold Event
EVENT_DATA_RDY	Device Event	None	None	DATA Ready Event
EVENT_JESD_LANE_FIFO_ERR	Device Event	None	None	JESD LANE FIFO Underflow/overflow Event
EVENT_JESD_PRBS_IMG_ERR	Device Event	None	None	PRBS Q Error Event
EVENT_JESD_PRBS_REAL_ERR	Device Event	None	None	PRBS I Error Event
EVENT_JESD_ILAS_ERR	Device Event	None	None	ILAS Configuration Mismatch Event
EVENT_JESD_BAD_DISPARITY_ERR	JESD Link Event	Lane No	None	Bad Disparity Error Event
EVENT_JESD_NOT_IN_TBL_ERR	JESD Link Event	Lane No	None	Not-In-Table Error Event
EVENT_JESD_K_ERR	JESD Link Event	Lane No	None	Unexpected K Error Event
EVENT_JESD_ILD_ERR	JESD Link Event	Lane No	None	Inter-lane De-Skew Event
EVENT_JESD_ILS_ERR	JESD Link Event	Lane No	None	Good Checksum Event
EVENT_JESD_CKSUM_ERR	JESD Link Event	Lane No	None	Frame Synchronization Event
EVENT_JESD_CGS_ERR	JESD Link Event	Lane No	None	Code Group Synchronization Event

**AD916X API LIBRARY**

## AD916X API REFERENCE HANDLE

### AD916X\_HANDLE\_T

#### Description

DAC Device reference handle data structure that acts a sw reference to a particular instance to of the DAC device. This reference maintains a reference to HAL functions and the status of the chip.

#### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h

typedef struct {
    void *user_data;
    spi_sdo_config_t sdo;
    uint64_t dac_freq_hz;
    spi_xfer_t dev_xfer;
    delay_us_t delay_us;
    event_handler_t event_handler;
    tx_en_pin_ctrl_t tx_en_pin_ctrl;
    reset_pin_ctrl_t reset_pin_ctrl;
    hw_open_t hw_open;
    hw_close_t hw_close;
}ad916x_handle_t;
```

#### Members

***void \*user\_data;***

A void pointer that acts a container structure for client application data to be provided to the HAL functions. The client application must define this structure as per its platform requirements. This pointer shall be passed as the parameter to the *\*hw\_open\_t* and *\*hw\_close\_t* function calls to pass any client application specific data. The DAC API shall not access this data directly. The client application must initialize this member appropriately prior to call ing any DAC API function.

***spi\_sdo\_config\_t sdo;***

This member hold the desired SPI interface configuration, 3-wire or 4-wire, for the AD916x DAC in the client system.

*spi\_sdo\_config\_t* enumerates this configuration and is defined in *api\_def.h*. This member should be correctly configured prior to calling *ad9164\_init* in order to ensure SPI access to the AD916x DAC.

***uint64\_t dac\_freq\_hz;***

This member holds the frequency of the DAC CLK provided to the AD9164 DAC in the target system.

It is important to configure this variable correctly prior to configuring the AD9164 with operational modes such as NCO, JESD and data path as this value is used as reference for internal

This value should be access via the *ad9164\_dac\_set\_clk\_frequency* API and the *ad9164\_dac\_get\_clk\_frequency*.

***spi\_xfer\_t dev\_xfer;***

A function pointer to the client application defined SPI HAL function refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t* section for a detailed definition of this function. The client application must initialize this member appropriately prior to calling any DAC API function.

***delay\_us\_t delay\_us;***

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

A function pointer to the client application defined microsecond delay. HAL function refer to *\*delay\_us\_t* section for a detailed definition of this function. The client application must initialize this member appropriately prior to calling any DAC API function.

*event\_handler\_t event\_handler;*

A function pointer to the client application's implementation of the event notification handler.

HAL function refer to *\*event\_handler\_t* section for a detailed definition of this function.

*tx\_en\_pin\_ctrl\_t tx\_en\_pin\_ctrl;*

A function pointer to the client application's implementation of TX\_ENABLE pin control function, refer to *\*tx\_en\_pin\_ctrl\_t* section for a detailed definition of this function.

*reset\_pin\_ctrl\_t reset\_pin\_ctrl;*

A function pointer to the client application's implementation of RESETB pin control function, refer to *\*reset\_pin\_ctrl\_t* section for a detailed definition of this function.

*hw\_open\_t hw\_open;*

A function pointer to the client application HAL resources initialization function refer to *\*hw\_open\_t* section for a detailed definition of this function. The client application must initialize this member appropriately prior to calling any DAC API function.

*hw\_close\_t hw\_close;*

A function pointer to the client application HAL resources de-initialization function refer to *\*hw\_close\_t* section for a detailed definition of this function. The client application must initialize this member appropriately prior to calling any DAC API function.

## AD916X API DEFINITIONS, DATA STRUCTURES AND ENUMERATIONS

This section describes all the structures and enumerations defined by the DAC API interface.

### AD916X\_CHIP\_ID\_T

#### Description

A structure detailing the ad916x\_ Device Identification Data. Please refer to the specific DAC Data sheet for expected values.

#### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
typedef struct {
    uint8_t chip_type;
    uint16_t prod_id;
    uint8_t prod_grade;
    uint8_t dev_revision;
}ad916x_chip_id_t;
```

#### Fields

<i>uint8_t chip_type</i>	Chip Type
<i>uint16_t prod_id</i>	Product ID code
<i>uint8_t prod_grade</i>	Product Grade
<i>uint8_t dev_revision</i>	Silicon Revision.

#### Notes

Product ID and product grade are only available after initialization.

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_TX\_ENABLE\_PIN\_MODE\_T

### Description

An enumeration of the configuration options for the TX\_ENABLE pin functionality.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
typedef enum {
    NONE,
    RESET_NCO,
    ZERO_DATA_DAC,
    ZERO_DATA_IN_PATH,
    CURRENT_CONTROLL
}ad916x_tx_enable_pin_mode_t;
```

### Fields

NONE	No functionality is assigned to the TX_ENABLE pin
RESET_NCO	NCO is reset based on status of TX_ENABLE pin
ZERO_DATA_DAC	Data to DAC is zeroed based on status of TX_ENABLE pin
ZERO_DATA_IN_PATH	Data in datapath is zeroed based on status of TX_ENABLE pin.
CURRENT_CONTROL	Full scale current control is influenced by TX_ENABLE pin.

### Notes



**AD916X\_EVENT\_T****Description**

An enumeration of the available interrupt events

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
typedef enum {
```

```
    EVENT_SYSREF_JITTER,  
    EVENT_DATA_RDY,  
    EVENT_JESD_LANE_FIFO_ERR,  
    EVENT_JESD_PRBS_IMG_ERR,  
    EVENT_JESD_PRBS_REAL_ERR,  
    EVENT_JESD_BAD_DISPARITY_ERR,  
    EVENT_JESD_NOT_IN_TBL_ERR,  
    EVENT_JESD_K_ERR,  
    EVENT_JESD_ILD_ERR,  
    EVENT_JESD_ILS_ERR,  
    EVENT_JESD_CKSUM_ERR,  
    EVENT_JESD_FS_ERR,  
    EVENT_JESD_CGS_ERR,  
    EVENT_JESD_ILAS_ERR,  
    NOF_EVENTS
```

```
} ad916x_event_t;
```

**Fields**

```
EVENT_SYSREF_JITTER  
EVENT_DATA_RDY  
EVENT_JESD_LANE_FIFO_ERR,  
EVENT_JESD_PRBS_IMG_ERR,  
EVENT_JESD_PRBS_REAL_ERR,  
EVENT_JESD_BAD_DISPARITY_ERR,  
EVENT_JESD_NOT_IN_TBL_ERR,  
EVENT_JESD_K_ERR,  
EVENT_JESD_ILD_ERR,  
EVENT_JESD_ILS_ERR,  
EVENT_JESD_CKSUM_ERR,  
EVENT_JESD_FS_ERR,  
EVENT_JESD_CGS_ERR,  
EVENT_JESD_ILAS_ERR,  
NOF_EVENTS
```

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_JESD\_LINK\_STAT\_T

### Description

A structure of the JESD Interface link Status

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
typedef struct {  
    uint8_t code_grp_sync_stat;  
    uint8_t frame_sync_stat;  
    uint8_t good_checksum_stat;  
    uint8_t init_lane_sync_stat;  
}ad916x_jesd_link_stat_t;
```

### Members

***uint8\_t code\_grp\_sync\_stat;***

A uint8\_t bit wise representation of Code Group Sync Status for all JESD Lanes. Where bit 0 represents CGS status for Lane 0 and bit 1 represents CGS status for Lane 1 etc. A value of 1 indicates CGS status is complete, a value of 0 indicates CGS failed.

***uint8\_t frame\_sync\_stat;***

A uint8\_t bit wise representation of Frame Sync Status for all JESD Lanes. Where bit 0 represents Frame Sync status for Lane 0 and bit 1 represents Frame Sync status for Lane 1 etc. A value of 1 indicates Frame Synchronization status is complete, a value of 0 indicates Frame Synchronization failed.

***uint8\_t good\_checksum\_stat;***

A uint8\_t bit wise representation of Good Checksum Status for all JESD Lanes. Where bit 0 represents Checksum status for Lane 0 and bit 1 represents checksum status for Lane 1 etc. A value of 1 indicates valid checksum status, a value of 0 indicates checksum failed.

***uint8\_t init\_lane\_sync\_stat;***

A uint8\_t bit wise representation of Initial Lane Synchronization Status for all JESD Lanes. Where bit 0 represents Lane Synchronization status for Lane 0 and bit 1 represents Lane Synchronization status for Lane 1 etc. A value of 1 indicates Lane Synchronization completed, a value of 0 Lane Synchronization failed.

### Notes

**AD916X\_JESD\_SYSREF\_MODE\_T****Description**

An enumeration of the JESD SYSREF modes.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
typedef enum {  
    SYSREF_NONE,  
    SYSREF_ONESHOT,  
    SYSREF_CONT  
    SYSREF_MON,  
    SYSREF_MODE_INVLD  
}ad916x_jesd_sysref_mode_t;
```

**Members**

<b>SYSREF_NONE</b>	No SYSREF synchronization.
<b>SYSREF_ONESHOT</b>	One shot SYSREF Mode
<b>SYSREF_CONT</b>	Continuous SYSREF Synchronization mode.
<b>SYSREF_MON</b>	SYSREF Monitor Mode
<b>SYSREF_MODE_INVLD</b>	Invalid or unknown SYSREF Mode.

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_JESD\_CFG\_ERR\_FLG\_T

### Description

An enumeration of JESD configuration error flags.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
typedef enum
{
    INTPL_FACTOR_INVLD = 0x1,
    SUBCLASS_V_INVLD = 0x2,
    K_INVLD = 0x4,
    LMFS_INPOL_INVLD = 0x8,
    LMFC_DELAY_INVLD = 0x10,
    SYSREF_JTTR_WIN_INVLD = 0x20
}ad916x_jesd_cfg_err_flg_t;
```

### Members

INTPL_FACTOR_INVLD	Invalid interpolation factor set.
SUBCLASS_V_INVLD	Illegal Subclass V set
K_INVLD	Illegal K set.
LMFS_INPOL_INVLD	Unsupported LMFS combination set for selected Interpolation factor
LMFC_DELAY_INVLD	Illegal LMFC delay set
SYSREF_JTTR_WIN_INVLD	Illegal SYSREF Jitter window set.

### Notes

**AD916X\_JESD\_SERDES\_PLL\_FLG\_T****Description**

An enumeration of the SERDES PLL Status flags.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
typedef enum
{
    PLL_LOCK_STAT = 0x1,
    PLL_CAL_STAT = 0x8,
    PLL_UPP_CAL_THRES = 0x10,
    PLL_LWR_CAL_THRES = 0x20
}ad916x_jesd_serdes_pll_flg_t;
```

**Members**

<b>PLL_LOCK_STAT</b>	SERDES PLL lock Status Flag. When set the PLL is locked.
<b>PLL_CAL_STAT</b>	SERDES PLL Calibration Status Flag. When set the PLL is calibrated.
<b>PLL_UPP_CAL_THRES</b>	SERDES PLL Upper Calibration Threshold flag. When set the PLL calibration upper threshold was crossed. Re-calibration required.
<b>PLL_LWR_CAL_THRES</b>	SERDES PLL lower Calibration Threshold flag. When set the PLL calibration lower threshold was crossed. Re-calibration required.

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## JESD\_PRBS\_PATTERN\_T

### Description

An enumeration of all available PRBS patterns.

### Synopsis

```
#include api_def.h
typedef enum
{
    PRBS_NONE,
    PRBS7,
    PRBS15,
    PRBS31,
    PRBS_MAX
}jesd_prbs_pattern_t;
```

### Members

PRBS_NONE	No PRBS patterned enabled. PRBS off.
PRBS7	PRBS7 pattern
PRBS15	PRBS15 pattern
PRBS31	PRBS31 pattern
PRBS_MAX	Number of member in this enum. Number of PRBS pattern options.

### Notes

**AD916X\_PRBS\_TEST\_T****Description**

A structure of the parameters that describe the results of a PRBS test on the JESD interface.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
typedef struct
{
    uint32_t phy_prbs_err_cnt;
    uint8_t phy_prbs_pass;
    uint8_t phy_src_err_cnt;
}ad916x_prbs_test_t;
```

**Members*****uint32\_t phy\_prbs\_err\_cnt***

A uint32 value describing the number of PRBS errors detected on the link.

***uint8\_t phy\_prbs\_pass***

A uint8 value indicating the success or failure of the test. A 0 indicates a failure 1 indicates a pass. Any other value is invalid.

***uint8\_t phy\_src\_err\_cnt***

A uint8 value describing the source error count.

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_ APIS

### AD916X\_INIT

#### Description

API to initialize the ad916x\_ API Module.

This API must be called first before any other API calls. It performs internal API initialization of the ad916x\_ API and the ad916x\_ Device.

If ad916x\_ API handle member *hw\_open* is not NULL the function to which it points shall be called to initialize AD916x DAC external resources. For example GPIO, SPI etc.

This function shall complete any universal initialization configuration of the AD916x DAC such as SPI.

#### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_init(ad916x_handle_t *h);
```

#### Parameters

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h**      Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

#### Preconditions

If *hw\_open* function pointer is set to NULL. DAC external hardware resources must be initialized.

#### Postconditions

On successful completion, DAC Module shall be in initialized state, ready for configuration.

Note although the API is now initialized, it is recommended to call the ad916x\_init API immediately after call int ad916x\_init API to ensure all SPI register setting are restore to default and ADI recommendations.

#### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**h->hw\_open** DAC API handle optionally may be set to valid hardware initialization function for client application. Refere to *\*hw\_open\_t*.

#### Return value

Any other positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

API\_ERROR\_HW\_OPEN\_FAILED

#### Notes



**AD916X\_DEINIT****Description**

Shutdown the ad916x\_ API Module

This API must be called last. No other API should be called after a call to this API.

It performs internal API initialization of the memory and API states and ensure targeted DAC is in good state for power-down. If DAC API handle member *\*hw\_close\_t* is not NULL the function to which it points shall be called to de-initialize DAC external resources. This function may be used to de-initialize and release and hardware resources required by the API and ad916x\_ Device, for example GPIO SPI etc.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_deinit(ad916x_handle_t *h);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
---------------------------	--

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

On successful completion, DAC Module shall be in shutdown state. DAC module shall need to be re-initialized via *ad916x\_init* by client before any further use.

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**h->hw\_close** DAC API handle optionally may be set to valid hardware initialization function for client application. Refer to *\*hw\_close\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_RESET

### Description

Performs a full reset of AD916x DAC, resetting all SPI registers to their default values, restoring the desired SPI configuration and ADI recommended initialization sequence.

This API can trigger a software reset via a SPI control or trigger a hardware reset by toggling the RESETB hardware pin. In order to trigger a hardware reset the API must be provided with a client defined HAL function, *\*reset\_pin\_ctrl\_t*, that provides the API with control over the RESETB pin on the client application.

The type of reset triggered by the API is determined by the *hw\_reset* parameter.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_reset(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t hw_reset);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t hw_reset</b>	A uint8_t value to indicate the type of reset to be triggered. A value of 1 indicates a hardware reset is to be triggered. A value of 0 indicates a soft reset is to be triggered.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

The DAC shall be fully reset followed with reconfiguration of SPI interface and ADI recommended initialization sequence.

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.**

DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**h->reset\_pin\_ctrl\_t.**

If hw reset is desired as indicated by the API parameter *hw\_reset* the DAC API handle must be initialized to valid function that controls the RESETB for the client application. Refer to *\*reset\_pin\_ctrl\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent a error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_SPI\_SDO

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

### Notes

## AD916X\_GET\_CHIP\_ID

### Description

API to retrieve ADI chip identification, product type and revision data.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_get_chip_id(ad916x_handle_t *h, ad916x_chip_id_t *chip_id);
```

### Parameters

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**ad916x\_chip\_id\_t \*chip\_id** Pointer to a variable of type *ad916x\_chip\_id\_t* to which the Device Identification data shall be stored.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent a error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_SET\_EVENTS

### Description

An API to set the events that trigger the interrupt signal on the ad916x\_ Device. Available interrupt events are listed by the **ad916x\_event\_t** enumeration. Interrupt events may enabled or disabled using this API.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_set_events(ad916x_handle_t *h,  
                             ad916x_event_t *event_list, uint8_t list_size, uint8_t en)
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>event_list</b>	Pointer to an array of type <b>ad916x_event_t</b> that represents a list of events to be enable or disabled based on the <b>en</b> parameter.
<b>list_size</b>	An 8-bit value representing the size of the array to which <b>event_list</b> parameter points, the number of events to be enabled/disabled.
<b>en</b>	A enable/disable variable to indicate whether the events listed by event_list array shall be enabled or disabled. A value of 0 disables the interrupt events. A value of 1 enables the interrupt events.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

Following a call to this API the configuration of the interrupt signal shall trigger when any of the enabled events are detected by the ad916x\_ device.

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_GET\_INTERRUPT\_STATUS****Description**

An API to get the interrupt controller status to indicate if interrupts have triggered and are pending based on SPI register status.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_get_interrupt_status(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t *int_pending, uint8_t *int_status);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>int_pending</b>	Pointer to an uint8_t variable where the interrupt status shall be stored. A value of 1 indicates at least one interrupt event has occurred. A value of 0 indicates not interrupt events have occurred.
<b>int_status</b>	Pointer to a 3-deep uint8_t array to which the current status of the interrupt status registers shall be stored. May be set to NULL if this data is not required.

**Preconditions**

The ad916x\_ device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** AD9164 API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

Note this API does not clear any interrupts detected.

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_ISR

### Description

An API that checks for and handle triggered interrupts, checks the status and can notify the API user of the events and any relevant status. In order to for the API user to be notified of events by this API the AD9164 Handle must be initialized with a valid an event notification. Refer to *\*event\_handler\_t* for more details. If an event handler function is not provided the API will simply clear any interrupts detected without notifying the application.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_isr(ad916x_handle_t *h)
```

### Parameters

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h**      Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer**              DAC API handle shall be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**h->event\_handler**        DAC API handle may be initialized to a valid event notification function for the client application handler. Refer to *\*event\_handler\_t* section for more details.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_DAC\_SET\_CLK\_FREQUENCY****Description**

Set the API software reference for the value of the hardware DAC clock supplied to the DAC device.  
The correct value must be supplied for correct operation of the DAC features.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_dac_set_clk_frequency(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint64_t dac_clk_freq_hz);
```

**Parameters**

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**uint64\_t dac\_clk\_freq\_hz** DAC clock frequency in Hz. Valid range is 850MHz to 6GHz.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_DAC\_GET\_CLK\_FREQUENCY

### Description

Set the API software reference for the value of the hardware DAC clock supplied to the DAC device.  
The correct value must be supplied for correct operation of the DAC features.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_dac_get_clk_frequency(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint64_t *dac_clk_freq_hz);
```

### Parameters

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**uint64\_t \*dac\_clk\_freq\_hz** Pointer to a uint64\_t variable where the current DAC clock frequency value setting shall be stored.  
The frequency value shall be provided in Hz. The valid range is 850MHz to 6GHz

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes



**AD916X\_DAC\_SET\_FULL\_SCALE\_CURRENT****Description**

Adjust the DAC's full-scale current output value; this can be adjusted over a range 8mA to 40mA.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_dac_set_full_scale_current(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t current);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t current</b>	Desired full scale output current in mA. Valid range 8 to 40.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_JESD\_CONFIG\_DATAPATH

### Description

Configure the JESD DAC mode as per the desired JESD interface parameters and datapath and the interpolation rate.

The configuration is dependent on the DAC clock frequency, so it is expected that the DAC clock frequency be correctly configured prior to calling this API. This can be done by calling the `ad916x_dac_set_clk_frequency` API

The JESD lane rate for the configuration is calculated and returned via the `lane_rate_mbps` parameter.

The API shall check the parameter values and return an error if the desired JESD interface is not supported for the desired DAC mode. Refer to the DAC datasheet for full details on the JESD configurations and DAC modes supported.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_config_datapath(ad916x_handle_t *h, jesd_param_t jesd_param,  
                                         uint8_t interpolation, uint64_t *lane_rate_mbps);
```

### Parameters

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**jesd\_param\_t jesd\_param**, A variable of `jesd_param_t` describing the desired JESD link parameters. Refer to *Error! Reference source not found.*

description for full details on the JESD Parameters and the DAC datasheet for supported JESD modes.

**uint8\_t interpolation** A `uint8_t` value representing the desired DAC interpolation mode. Valid interpolation modes are 1,2,3,4,6,8,12,16

**uint64\_t \*lane\_rate\_mbps** A `uint64_t` pointer to which the calculated JESD lane rate based on the desired DAC and JESD interface parameters shall be returned. Set to NULL if the value of the JESD lane rate not required.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be successfully initialized via a call to the `ad916x_init` API prior to using this function.

For correct operation of this function the DAC Clock frequency shall be configured correctly either during initialization or prior to calling this function, using the `ad916x_dac_set_clk_frequency` API,

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to `*spi_xfer_t`.

**h->dac\_freq\_hz** DAC Clock value must be initialized to the correct value as per the hardware setting for correct operation of this API. Refer to `ad9164_handle_t` for more details on `dac_freq_hz`

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_JESD\_GET\_CFG\_PARAM****Description**

API to return the all the current JESD Parameters.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_get_cfg_param(ad916x_handle_t *h, jesd_param_t *jesd_param);
```

**Parameters**

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**jesd\_param\_t \*jesd\_param** Pointer to a structure of type *jesd\_param\_t* to which the all the JESD parameters currently configured shall be stored.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_JESD\_SET\_SYSREF\_MODE

### Description

Configure the SYSREF synchronization mode for the JESD Interface

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_set_sysref_mode(ad916x_handle_t *h, jesd_sysref_mode_t mode, uint8_t jitter_window)
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>jesd_sysref_mode_t mode</b>	The format for the SYSREF synchronization signal for the JESD Interface to the ad916x_ Device. Valid modes are enumerated by <i>ad916x_jesd_sysref_mode_t</i> <b>SYSREF_NONE</b> No SYSREF synchronization. <b>SYSREF_ONESHOT</b> One shot SYSREF Mode <b>SYSREF_CONT</b> Continuous SYSREF Synchronization mode. <b>SYSREF_MON</b> SYSREF Monitor Mode
<b>uint8_t jitter_window</b>	a uint8_t variable to which the SYSREF's jitter window tolerance value shall be stored. Valid values and their respective tolerance in DAC clock cycles are as follows: 0 => +/- 0.5 DAC Clock Cycles 4 => +/- 4 DAC Clock Cycles 8 => +/- 8 DAC Clock Cycles 12 => +/- 16 DAC Clock Cycles 12 => +/- 16 DAC Clock Cycles 20 => +/- 20 DAC Clock Cycles 24 => +/- 24 DAC Clock Cycles 28 => +/- 28 DAC Clock Cycles Valid only in Monitor Mode. This parameter ignored in all other modes.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_JESD\_GET\_SYSREF\_MODE****Description**

Configure the SYSREF synchronization mode for the JESD Interface

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_get_sysref_mode(ad916x_handle_t *h, jesd_sysref_mode_t *mode, uint8_t *jitter_window)
```

**Parameters**

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**jesd\_sysref\_mode\_t \*mode** Pointer to which the current SYSREF synchronization signal configuration for the JESD Interface shall be stored. Valid modes are enumerated by *ad916x\_jesd\_sysref\_mode\_t*

**SYSREF\_NONE** No SYSREF synchronization.

**SYSREF\_ONESHOT** One shot SYSREF Mode

**SYSREF\_CONT** Continuous SYSREF Synchronization mode.

**SYSREF\_MON** SYSREF Monitor Mode ( Not fully supported yet)

**uint8\_t jitter\_window** Pointer to a uint8\_t variable to which the the SYSREF jitter window tolerance value shall be stored.

Valid values and their respective tolerance in

DAC clock cycles are as follows:

0 => +/- 0.5 DAC Clock Cycles

4 => +/- 4 DAC Clock Cycles

8 => +/- 8 DAC Clock Cycles

12 => +/- 16 DAC Clock Cycles

12 => +/- 16 DAC Clock Cycles

20 => +/- 20 DAC Clock Cycles

24 => +/- 24 DAC Clock Cycles

28 => +/- 28 DAC Clock Cycles

Valid only in Monitor Mode. This parameter ignored in all other modes.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_JESD\_GET\_SYSREF\_STATUS

### Description

Read back SYSREF and LMFC synchronization status data.

API to return the current synchronization data for the SYSREF synchronization signal and LMFC synchronization.

This data can be used to determine dynamic link latency settings in SYSREF Monitor Mode.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_get_sysref_status(ad916x_handle_t *h,  
    uint8_t *sysref_count, uint16_t *sysref_phase, uint16_t *sync_lmfc_stat);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t *sysref_count</b>	Pointer to the variable where the detected SYSREF signal count shall be stored. Set to NULL if read back data is not required.
<b>uint16_t *sysref_phase</b>	Pointer to the variable where the phase used to sample the SYSREF signals shall be stored. Set to NULL if read back data is not required.
<b>uint16_t *sync_lmfc_stat</b>	Pointer to the variable where the LMFC status shall be stored. This value may be used to determine synchronization status. This value may be used to determine synchronization status. A value of 0 to 4 indicates valid synchronization. Set to NULL if this read back data is not required.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

## AD916X\_JESD\_GET\_DYNAMIC\_LINK\_LATENCY

### Description

API to read back the Dynamic Link Latency.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_get_dynamic_link_latency(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t *latency);
```

### Parameters

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**uint8\_t \*latency** Pointer to the variable where the dynamic link latency in units of pclk shall be stored.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_JESD\_SET\_DYNAMIC\_LINK\_LATENCY

### Description

API to adjust the LMFC Delay and LMFC variance.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_set_lmfc_delay(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t delay, uint8_t var);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t delay</b>	A 5-bit value to set the desired global LMFC delay in units of Frame Clock Cycles.
<b>uint8_t var</b>	A 5-bit value to set the desired variable LMFC delay.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes



**AD916X\_JESD\_SET\_LANE\_XBAR****Description**

Configure the JESD DAC mode as per the desired JESD interface parameters and datapath, the DAC clk frequency and the interpolation rate.

The JESD lane rate for the configuration is calculated and returned via the `lane_rate_MBPS` parameter.

The API shall check the parameter values and return an error if the desired JESD interface is not supported for the desired DAC mode. Refer to the DAC datasheet for full details on the JESD configurations and DAC modes supported.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_set_lane_xbar(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t physical_lane, uint8_t logical_lane)
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t physical_lane</b>	uint8_t value representing the Physical Lane to be routed to the SERDES logical lane indicated by the <i>logical_lane</i> parameter. Valid values are 0 to 7.
<b>uint8_t logical_lane</b>	uint8_t value representing the SERDES logical lane for the physical lane indicated by the parameter <i>physical_lane</i> . Valid values are 0 to 7.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function. This API shall be called to configure the Lane mapping prior to enabling the JESD link.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_JESD\_GET\_LANE\_XBAR

### Description

API to get the current JESD lane crossbar configuration for the data-link layer. Returns an 8 deep array of values representing the list logical lanes assigned to each physical lane.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI API int ad916x_jesd_get_lane_xbar(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t *phy_log_map);
```

### Parameters

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**uint8\_t \*phy\_log\_map** Pointer to an 8-deep array of values representing the list logical lanes assigned to each physical lane. The index of the array represents the physical lane (0 to 7) and the value at that index the logical lane (0 to 7) assigned to that physical lane.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_JESD\_INVERT\_LANE****Description**

Invert or un-invert logical lanes.

Each logical lane can be inverted which can be used to ease routing of SERDIN signals.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_invert_lane(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t logical_lane, uint8_t invert)
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t logical_lane</b>	uint8_t value representing the SERDES logical lane for the physical lane indicated by the parameter <i>physical_lane</i> . Valid values are 0 to 7.
<b>uint8_t invert</b>	A uint8_t value to indicate the desired invert status for the logical lane listed by <i>logical_lane</i> parameter. A value of 1 inverts the logical lane. A value of 0 inverts the logical lane.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function. This API shall be called to configure the Lane mapping prior to enabling the JESD link.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_JESD\_ENABLE\_SCRAMBLER

### Description

Enable or disable the descrambler for the JESD Receiver.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_enable_scrambler(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t en);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t en</b>	Enable control for the JESD Scrambler. Set to 1 to enable the de-scrambler on the JESD Receiver; set to 0 to disable.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function. The JESD link should be not be enabled when calling this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_JESD\_GET\_CFG\_STATUS****Description**

API to return the JESD Configuration Error Flag Status. There are six error flag to indicate errors in the current JESD configuration. *ad916x\_jesd\_cfg\_err\_flg\_t* enumerates the error flags.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_get_cfg_status(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t *jesd_cfg_stat);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t jesd_cfg_stat</b>	JESD configuration error status. Each bit in status byte represents a error flag as listed below and are enumerated by <i>ad916x_jesd_cfg_err_flg_t</i> .
<b>INTPL_FACTOR_INVLD</b>	Invalid interpolation factor set.
<b>SUBCLASS_V_INVLD</b>	Illegal Subclass V set
<b>K_INVLD</b>	Illegal K set.
<b>LMFS_INPOL_INVLD</b>	Unsupported LMFS combination set for selected Interpolation factor
<b>LMFC_DELAY_INVLD</b>	Illegal LMFC delay set
<b>SYSREF_JTTR_WIN_INVLD</b>	Illegal Sysref Jitter window set.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_JESD\_ENABLE\_DATAPATH

### Description

Enable the JESD Interface

Power up and enable the DAC's JESD Interface.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_enable_datapath(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t lanes_msk, uint8_t run_cal, uint8_t en);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t lanes_msk,</b>	A uint8 bit wise value representing the lanes to be enabled on the JESD Interface. Where bit 0 represents lane 0, bit 1 represents lane 1 etc. Set to one to enable the respective JESD Lane, set to 0 to disable the respective JESD Lane.
<b>uint8_t run_cal</b>	Parameter to indicate if JESD physical lane calibration should be run prior to enabling interface. Set to 1 to run calibration, set to 0 to disable calibration.
<b>uint8_t en</b>	Enable control for the JESD interface. Set to 1 to power up and enable JESD interface. Set to 0 to disable JESD interface.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API prior to using this function.

JESD interface should be successfully configured via **ad916x\_jesd\_config\_datapath** prior to calling this API.

### Post conditions

Following a call to this API the SERDES PLL should be lock. The PLL lock status can be checked by calling the **ad916x\_jesd\_get\_pll\_status** API.

If the SERDES PLL is locked, the ad916x\_ JESD Rx is ready for JESD Link bring up with a JESD TX. Refer to **ad916x\_jesd\_enable\_link**.

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_JESD\_ENABLE\_LINK****Description**

Enable the JESD Interface  
Power up and enable the DAC's JESD Interface.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_enable_link(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t en);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t en</b>	Enable control for the JESD Link Bringup. Set to 1 to enable SERDES Link bringup. Set to 0 to disable SERDES link.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be successfully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function. JESD interface should be successfully enabled via **ad916x\_jesd\_enable\_datapath** prior to calling this API. For successful link bring up the SERDES PLL shall be in a locked state prior to calling this API. This can be verified using the **ad916x\_jesd\_get\_pll\_status** API. In addition the system JESD Tx shall be configured appropriately for successful link bring up.

**Postconditions**

Following a call to this API the JESD interface bring up shall be instigated. Link Status may be verified by a call to **ad916x\_jesd\_get\_link\_status**.

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

```
API_ERROR_OK
API_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE_PTR
API_ERROR_INVALID_XFER_PTR
API_ERROR_INVALID_PARAM
```

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_JESD\_GET\_PLL\_STATUS

### Description

Get SERDES PLL Status.

Read and return the status data for the SERDES PLL

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_get_pll_status(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t *pll_status);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t *pll_status</b>	Pointer to a unit8 variable to which the PLL status shall be written. Bit [0] represents the PLL lock status. Bit [3] represents the PLL calibration status. Bit [4] represents the PLL upper calibration Threshold error status. Bit [5] represents the PLL lower calibration Threshold error status.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes



**AD916X\_JESD\_GET\_LINK\_STATUS****Description**

Get JESD Link Status.

Read back JESD Status for all lanes. Status reported includes Code Group Synchronization (CGS) status, Frame Synchronization status, checksum status and Initial Lane Synchronization (ILAS) status for the active JESD link. Refer to *ad916x\_jesd\_link\_stat\_t* for more details.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_jesd_get_link_status(ad916x_handle_t *h, jesd_link_stat_t *link_status);
```

**Parameters**

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**jesd\_link\_stat\_t \*link\_status** Pointer to a variable of type *ad916x\_jesd\_link\_stat\_t* that shall be set with the current JESD link status data.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

Follow a call to this API the SERDES PLL should be lock. The PLL lock status can be checked by calling the

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_TRANSMIT\_ENABLE\_PIN

### Description

Configure TX\_ENABLE pin functionality

TX\_ENABLE pin can be configured so influence the data for tx-disable mode different points in the data path. Such as zero-ing data at the input to the data path, instigate NCO reset or zero-data an input to the DAC.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_transmit_enable_pin(ad916x_handle_t *h, tx_enable_pin_mode_t tx_en_func);
```

### Parameters

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**tx\_enable\_pin\_mode\_t tx\_en\_func** Desired TX\_ENABLE pin functionality. Defined by the enumeration

<b>NONE</b>	No functionality is assigned to the TX_ENABLE pin
<b>RESET_NCO</b>	NCO is reset based on status of TX_ENABLE pin
<b>ZERO_DATA_DAC</b>	Data to DAC is zeroed based on status of TX_ENABLE pin
<b>ZERO_DATA_IN_PATH</b>	Data in datapath is zeroed based on status of TX_ENABLE pin.
<b>CURRENT_CONTROL</b>	Full-scale current control is influenced by TX_ENABLE pin.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_TRANSMIT\_ENABLE****Description**

An API to control the transmission out from the DAC device. The transmission out from the device can be control by software via a SPI register control or the TX\_ENABLE pin on the DAC device. How the output transmission is controlled is determined by the TX\_ENABLE configuration. The user can configures this using *ad916x\_transmit\_enable\_pin* API.

If TX\_ENABLE pin is configured to ZERO\_DATA\_DAC or ZERO\_DATA\_IN\_PATH modes and the API is provided with HAL function *\*tx\_en\_pin\_ctrl\_t*, the API shall use the hardware pin control to control the transmit output stream. Otherwise the API will control the transmit output stream via software controls.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_transmit_enable(ad916x_handle_t *h, const ad916x_transmit_mode_t mode);
```

**Parameters**

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h**

Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**ad916x\_transmit\_mode\_t mode**

Configure the DAC output transmission as per the desired functionality.

**TX\_ENABLE** Transmit functionality. Transmit all DAC data.

**TX\_ZERO\_DATA\_DAC** Zero data at DAC from transmission stream.

**TX\_ZERO\_DATA\_IN\_PATH** Zero data at input to datapath.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**h->\*tx\_en\_pin\_ctrl\_t** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid HAL function to control the TX\_ENABLE pin for the client application for Hardware control of the DAC

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_CLK\_CFG\_DUTYCYCLE

### Description

Enable and configure Clock Duty Cycle Adjustment for the DAC clock applied to the CLK inputs.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_clk_cfg_dutycycle(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t en, uint8_t offset);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t en</b>	Enable offset adjustment where the offset is determined by the parameter offset. Set to 1 to apply offset to the clock. Set to 0 disable offset adjustment.
<b>uint8_t offset</b>	Duty cycle offset parameter, should be set to a 5-bit two's complement value to indicate a positive or negative skew. A larger value will result in a larger clock duty skew.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent a error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_CLK\_ADJUST\_PHASE****Description**

API to apply a phase adjustment of DAC Clock at the CLK+ input or at the CLK- input.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_clk_adjust_phase(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t pol, uint8_t phase);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t pol</b>	Clock input polarity to which the phase adjustment is to be applied. Set to 1 to apply phase adjustment to CLK- input. Set to 0 to apply phase adjustment to CLK+ input.
<b>uint8_t phase</b>	Desired number of phase adjustment steps. Valid range for number of phase adjustments steps is 0 to 31. Each step adds a capacitance of 20ff.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be successfully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_CLK\_SET\_CROSS\_CTRL

### Description

API to configure and enable or disable the clock cross control feature.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_clk_set_cross_ctrl(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t en, uint8_t crosspoint);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t en</b>	Cross Control Enable. Set to 1 to enable Clock Cross Control; set to 0 to disable Clock Cross Control.
<b>uint8_t crosspoint</b>	A 3 bit value representing the Clock cross control cross point.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_FIR85\_SET\_ENABLE****Description**

Enable FIR-85 filter for 2-NRZ mode operation.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_fir85_set_enable(ad916x_handle_t *h, const int en);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>int en</b>	Enable FIR-85 filter 1 => Enable FIR-85 filter 0 => Disable FIR-85 filter

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_FIR85\_GET\_ENABLE

### Description

Get FIR-85, filter for 2-NRZ mode operation, current enable status.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_fir85_get_enable(ad916x_handle_t *h, int *en);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>int *en</b>	Pointer to a variable to which the FIR-85 filter enable status shall be stored. 1 => Enable FIR-85 filter 0 => Disable FIR-85 filter

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes



**AD916X\_FILT\_BW90\_ENABLE****Description**

Set Interpolation Filter Bandwidth Mode to 90% BW.

By default the interpolation filter in the data path are in a low power 80% bandwidth mode. By enabling the high bandwidth filter mode, the interpolation filter bandwidth will be set to 90% BW.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_fir85_bw90_enable(ad916x_handle_t *h, const tint en);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>int en</b>	Enable high bandwidth mode, 90%, for interpolation filters. 1 => Set interpolation filters to 90% Bandwidth. 0 => Set interpolation filters to 80% Bandwidth.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_INVSINC\_ENABLE

### Description

Enable inverse sin c ( $\text{sinc}^{-1}$ ) filter.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_invsinc_enable(ad916x_handle_t *h, const int en);
```

### Parameters

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to **API Handle** section for more details.

**int en** Enable the inverse sin c filter. Set to 1 to enable filter; set to 0 to disable filter.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_NCO\_SET\_FTW****Description**

This API is used to configure the NCO with a Frequency Tuning Word, Modulus and Delta parameters.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h

ADI_API int ad916x_nco_set_ftw(ad916x_handle_t *h, const unsigned int nco_nr, const uint64_t ftw,
                             const uint64_t acc_modulus, const uint64_t acc_delta);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>int nco_nr</b>	Always set to 0.
<b>uint64_t ftw</b>	Frequency tuning word value. This shall be a 48-Bit value.
<b>uint64_t acc_modulus</b>	Desired modulus.
<b>uint64_t acc_delta</b>	Desired delta value.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

```
API_ERROR_OK
API_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE_PTR
API_ERROR_FTW_LOAD_ACK
API_ERROR_INVALID_PARAM
```

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_NCO\_GET\_FTW

### Description

This API is used to get the NCO parameter Frequency Tuning Word, Modulus and Delta for the NCO.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_nco_get_ftw(ad916x_handle_t *h, const unsigned int nco_nr, uint64_t *ftw,  
                               uint64_t *acc_modulus, uint64_t *acc_delta);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>int nco_nr</b>	Always 0
<b>uint64_t *ftw</b>	Pointer to a variable where the frequency tuning word value will be stored This shall be a 48-Bit value.
<b>uint64_t *acc_modulus</b>	Pointer to a variable where the modulus value will be stored
<b>uint64_t *acc_delta</b>	Pointer to a variable where the delta value will be stored.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

## AD916X\_NCO\_SET\_PHASE\_OFFSET

### Description

Set the NCO Phase offset.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_nco_set_phase_offset(ad916x_handle_t *h, const uint16_t po);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>const uint16_t po</b>	The phase offset value.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent a error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

### Notes

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_NCO\_GET\_PHASE\_OFFSET

### Description

Get the NCO Phase offset.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_nco_get_phase_offset(ad916x_handle_t *h, const uint16_t *po);
```

### Parameters

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

**const uint16\_t \*po** Pointer to uint16\_t variable where the current phase offset will be stored.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent a error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_NCO\_SET\_ENABLE****Description**

Set the enable status (Enable or Disable) of the main NCO and modulus.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_nco_set_enable(ad916x_handle_t *h, const int modulus_en, const int nco_en);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>int modulus_en</b>	Enable dual modulus NCO. 1 => Enable dual Modulus mode. 0 => Disable dual Modulus mode. NCO Integer Mode
<b>int nco_en</b>	Enable NCO. 1 = Enable NCO 0 = Disable NCO

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

For correct NCO operation, it is expected that the NCO be correctly configured prior to calling this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_NCO\_GET\_ENABLE

### Description

Get the enable status (Enable or Disable) of the main NCO and modulus.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_noc_get_enable(ad916x_handle_t *h, int *modulus_en, int *nco_en);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>int *modulus_en</b>	Pointer to int variable where the enable dual modulus mode status will be stored. Possible returned values are 1 => Enable dual Modulus mode. 0 => Disable dual Modulus mode. NCO Integer Mode
<b>int *nco_en</b>	Pointer to int variable where the enable NCO status will be stored. Possible returned values are 1 => Enable NCO 0 => Disable NCO

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes



**AD916X\_DC\_TEST\_SET\_MODE****Description**

Set the DC test mode test-data and enable test mode

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_dc_test_set_mode(ad916x_handle_t *h, const uint16_t test_data, const int en);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>const uint16_t test_data</b>	DC test data value.
<b>const int en</b>	DC test mode enable. A value of zero disables DC Test mode. Any other value enables DC Test mode. en ==0 => Disable DC Test mode en >0 => Enable DC Test mode

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

**Postconditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_DC\_TEST\_GET\_MODE

### Description

Set the DC test mode test-data and enable test mode

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_dc_test_get_mode(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint16_t *test_data, int *en);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>const uint16_t *test_data</b>	Pointer to uint16_t variable where the current DC test data value will be stored.
<b>const int *en</b>	Pointer to an integer variable where the current DC test mode enable status will be stored. en ==0 => Disable DC Test mode en >0 => Enable DC Test mode

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer**. DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_NCO\_SET****Description**

API to configure NCO operation to set and adjust the output frequency. The NCO is set based on the carrier frequency. For the AD9162 only there is an option to enable NCO in DC Test mode. This is a test mode where NCO operates without data from JESD interface.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
ADI_API int ad916x_nco_set(ad916x_handle_t *h, const unsigned int nco_nr,
                          const int64_t carrier_freq_hz, const uint16_t amplitude, int dc_test_en);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>const unsigned int nco_nr,</b>	Always set to 0.
<b>const int64_t carrier_freq,</b>	Desired carrier frequency
<b>const uint16_t amplitude,</b>	Desired amplitude for DC Test Mode. AD9162 Only.
<b>int dc_test_en</b>	Enable Test mode. AD9162 Only. Set to 0 for all other ad916x_ devices.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

**h->dac\_freq\_hz** DAC Clock value must be initialized to the correct value as per the hardware setting for correct operation of this API.  
Refer to **dac\_clk\_hz**.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details.. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

```
API_ERROR_OK
API_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE_PTR
API_ERROR_INVALID_PARAM
```

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_NCO\_GET

### Description

Get NCO parameters currently configured.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_nco_get(ad916x_handle_t *h, const unsigned int nco_nr, const int64_t *carrier_freq,  
                          const uint16_t amplitude, int *dc_test_en);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>const unsigned int nco_nr</b>	A value to indicate desire NCO. Valid range 0 to 31.
<b>const int64_t carrier_freq</b>	Pointer to a variable where the currently configured carrier frequency for the target NCO is stored.
<b>const uint16_t amplitude</b>	Pointer to a variable where the currently configured DAC amplitude. AD9162 Only. Returns 0 for all other ad916x_ devices.
<b>int dc_test_en</b>	Pointer to a variable where the DC-Test mode status is stored. AD9162 Only. Returns 0 for all other ad916x_ devices.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

## AD916X\_NCO\_RESET

### Description

Instigates reset of NCO via a SPI register control.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h  
ADI_API int ad916x_nco_reset(ad916x_handle_t *h);
```

### Parameters

**ad916x\_handle\_t \*h** Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to *API Handle* section for more details.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_REGISTER\_WRITE

### Description

Performs SPI register write access to DAC

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_register_write (ad916x_handle_t *h, const uint16_t address, const uint8_t data);
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <b>API Handle</b> section for more details.
<b>const uint16_t address,</b>	A 15-bit value representing a SPI register location on the target DAC device. Refer to ad916x_data sheet for valid values.
<b>uint8_t *data</b>	A pointer to an 8-bit variable to which the register value read over SPI shall be stored.

### Preconditions

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the **ad916x\_init** API. Prior to using this function.

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to **\*spi\_xfer\_t**.

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to **Error Codes** section for full details. Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes

**AD916X\_REGISTER\_READ****Description**

DAC Device reference handle data structure that acts a sw reference to a particular instance to of the DAC device. This reference maintains a reference to HAL functions and the status of the chip.

**Synopsis**

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_register_read(ad916x_handle_t *h, const uint16_t address, uint8_t *data);
```

**Parameters**

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>const uint16_t address,</b>	A 15-bit value representing a SPI register location on the target DAC device. Refer to ad916x_data sheet for valid values.
<b>uint8_t *data</b>	A pointer to an 8-bit variable to which the register value read over SPI shall be stored.

**Preconditions**

The DAC device shall be success fully initialized via a call to the *ad916x\_init* API. Prior to using this function.

**Post conditions**

None

**Dependencies**

**h->dev\_xfer.** DAC API handle must be initialized to valid SPI transfer function for the client application. Refer to *\*spi\_xfer\_t*.

**Return value**

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_XFER\_PTR

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

**Notes**

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## AD916X\_GET\_REVISION

### Description

Issue a soft reset via SPI Register control.

Performs a full reset of AD916X, resetting all SPI registers to their default values.

### Synopsis

```
#include ad916x.h
```

```
ADI_API int ad916x_get_revision(ad916x_handle_t *h, uint8_t *rev_major, uint8_t *rev_minor, uint8_t *rev_rc)
```

### Parameters

<b>ad916x_handle_t *h</b>	Pointer to the client application DAC API handle for the target DAC device. Refer to <i>API Handle</i> section for more details.
<b>uint8_t *rev_major</b>	Pointer to a 8 bit variable to which the Major Revision number shall be stored
<b>uint8_t *rev_minor,</b>	Pointer to a 8 bit variable to which the Minor Revision number shall be stored
<b>uint8_t *rev_rc</b>	Pointer to a 8 bit variable to which the Release Candidate Id shall be stored

### Preconditions

None

### Post conditions

None

### Dependencies

None

### Return value

Any positive integer value may represent an error code to be returned to the application, refer to *Error Codes* section for full details. . Possible return values for this API error codes are as follows.

API\_ERROR\_OK

API\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAM

### Notes



## APPENDIX A

### PSEUDO CODE EXAMPLE FOR AD916X\_HANDLE

The pseudo code *example A*, shows the `ad916x_handle` being configured with the minimum client application. The pseudo code example B shows the `ad916x_handle` being configured with all the optional configurations.

For further details, refer to the *HAL Function Pointer DataTypes* section and the *ad916x\_handle\_t* section for full a description of the HAL functions and more details on configuration.

```

/*
 * \brief pseudo Code example client code to initialiseAD916x
 *
 */
/*Include Client HAL implementation code*/
#include "app_hal.h"

/*Include AD916x API interface Headers*/
#include "AD916x.h"
#include "api_errors.h"
#include "api_def.h"

ad9164_handle_t app_dac_h = {
    NULL,                /* Client App HAL does not require any specific data*/
    SPI_SDO,            /* Client App HAL SPI uses 4 Wire SPI config */
    200000000,          /* Application DAC Clk Frequency */
    &app_hal_ad916x_spi_xfer, /* Client App HAL SPI function for AD9164*/
    &app_hal_ad916x_delay_us, /* Client App HAL Delay Function */
    NULL,              /* Client App does not use API Event Handler */
    0,                 /* Client App does need API to control TX_ENABLE */
    0,                 /* Client App does need API to control RESETB */
    0,                 /* Client App does want API to initialize external HW required by DAC */
    0                  /* Client App does want API to initialize external HW required by DAC */
};

/*AD916x Dac Initialisation by Client Application*/
int app_dac_init()
{
    int dacError = API_ERROR_OK;
    ad916x_handle_t *ad916x_h = app_dac_h;

    /*Initialise DAC Module*/
    dacError = ad916x_init(ad916x_h);
    if (dacError != API_ERROR_OK) {
        return -1;
    }

    dacError = ad916x_get_chip_id(ad916x_h, &dac_chip_id);
    if (dacError != API_ERROR_OK) {
        return -1;
    }

    dacError = ad916x_get_revision(ad916x_h,&revision[0],&revision[1],&revision[2]);
    if (dacError !=API_ERROR_OK) {
        return APP_ERR_DAC_FAIL;
    }

    printf("*****\r\n");
    printf("AD916x DAC Chip ID: %d \r\n", dac_chip_id.chip_type);
    printf("AD916x DAC Product ID: %x \r\n", dac_chip_id.prod_id);
    printf("AD916x DAC Product Grade: %d \r\n", dac_chip_id.prod_grade);
    printf("AD916x DAC Product Revision: %d \r\n", dac_chip_id.dev_revision);
    printf("AD916x Revision: %d. %d.%d \r\n", revision[0], revision[1], revision[2]);
    printf("*****\r\n");

    return 0;
}

```

Figure 5 Example A, Psuedo Code `ad916x_Handle` initialization with Minum Configuration

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

```
#include "app_spi.h"
#include "app_gpio.h"
#include "app_sleep.h"

/*Client Application function to Implement SPI Transfer for AD9164*/
int app_hal_ad916x_spi_xfer(void *user_data, uint8_t *wbuf, uint8_t *rbuf, int len)
{
    /*Pseudo Code example of implementing SPi transfer funtion*/

    uint16_t address;
    uint8_t value;
    uint8_t dac_chip_select;
    struct app_hal_data_t *dac_user_data;

    /*Optional: get any client defined data from user_data*/
    /*For example could be used to retrieve chip select*/
    dac_user_data = (struct app_hal_data_t *) user_data;
    dac_chip_select = dac_user_data->dac_chip_select_ref;

    /*AD916x DAC SPI transactions are always 3 bytes*/
    if (size_bytes != 3)
    {
        /* 2 bytes for address and 1 byte data */
        return 2;
    }

    address = wbuf[0];
    address <<= 8;
    address |= wbuf[1];
    value = wbuf[2];

    if ((address & 0x8000) == 0)
    {
        /* Write */
        app_hal_spi_write(dac_chip_select, address, value);
        rbuf[2] = 0xFF;
    }
    else
    {
        /* Read */
        /* Clear the read bit as we read from local array */
        address &= ~0x8000;

        app_hal_spi_write(dac_chip_select, address, &value);
        rbuf[2] = value;
    }
    return 0;
}

int app_hal_ad916x_delay_us(unsigned int time_us)
{
    /*Code to sleep or wait*/
    app_hal_sleep(time_us);
    return 0;
}
```

Figure 6 Psuedo Code example for Required HAL functions

```

/*
 * \brief pseudo Code example client code to initialiseAD916x
 *
 */
/*Include Client HAL implementation code*/
#include "app_hal.h"

/*Include AD916x API interface Headers*/
#include "AD916x.h"
#include "api_errors.h"
#include "api_def.h"

ad9164_handle_t app_dac_h = {
    &app_hal_user_data,          /* Client App HAL does not require any specific data*/
    SPI_SDO,                    /* Client App HAL SPI uses 4 Wire SPI config */
    2000000000,                 /* Application DAC Clk Frequency */
    &app_hal_ad916x_spi_xfer,    /* Client App HAL SPI function for AD9164*/
    &app_hal_ad916x_delay_us,   /* Client App HAL Delay Function */
    &app_ad916x_event_handler,  /* Client App does not use API Event Handler */
    &app_hal_ad916x_set_tx_enable_pin, /* Client App HAL function to control TX_ENABLE */
    &app_hal_ad916x_set_resetb_pin, /* Client App does need API to control RESETB */
    &app_init_dac_hw,          /* Client App does want API to initialize external HW required by DAC */
    &app_shutdown_dac_hw      /* Client App does want API to initialize external HW required by DAC */
};

/*AD916x Dac Initialisation by Client Application*/
int app_dac_init()
{
    int dacError = API_ERROR_OK;
    ad916x_handle_t *ad916x_h = app_dac_h;

    /*Initialise DAC Module*/
    dacError = ad916x_init(ad916x_h);
    if (dacError != API_ERROR_OK) {
        return -1;
    }

    dacError = ad916x_get_chip_id(ad916x_h, &dac_chip_id);
    if (dacError != API_ERROR_OK) {
        return -1;
    }

    dacError = ad916x_get_revision(ad916x_h,&revision[0],&revision[1],&revision[2]);
    if (dacError !=API_ERROR_OK) {
        return APP_ERR_DAC_FAIL;
    }

    printf("*****\r\n");
    printf("AD916x DAC Chip ID: %d \r\n", dac_chip_id.chip_type);
    printf("AD916x DAC Product ID: %d \r\n", dac_chip_id.prod_id);
    printf("AD916x DAC Product Grade: %d \r\n", dac_chip_id.prod_grade);
    printf("AD916x DAC Product Revision: %d \r\n", dac_chip_id.dev_revision);
    printf("AD916x Revision: %d. %d.%d \r\n", revision[0], revision[1], revision[2]);
    printf("*****\r\n");

    return 0;
}

```

Figure 7 Example B, Psuedo Code ad916x\_Handle initialization with Minum Configuration

# AD916x API Specification Rev 1.0

## REVISION HISTORY

11/07/2016—Rev 1.0

Initial Release with Rev 1.0.0 API .....Universal