**FEATURES**

- **Ultralow Quiescent Current:** 8.5µA Max
- Reference Output Drives 0.01µF Capacitor
- **Adjustable Hysteresis (LTC1444/LTC1445)**
- Wide Supply Range
  - Single: 2V to 11V
  - Dual: ±1V to ±5.5V
- Input Voltage Range Includes the Negative Supply
- TTL/CMOS Compatible Outputs
- Propagation Delay: 12µs (Typ) (10mV Overdrive)
- No Crowbar Current
- 40mA Continuous Source Current
- Pin Compatible Upgrades for MAX924 (LTC1443)
- Low Profile (5mm × 4mm × 0.8mm) DFN Package

**APPLICATIONS**

- Battery-Powered System Monitoring
- Threshold Detectors
- Window Comparators
- Oscillator Circuits

**DESCRIPTION**

The LTC®1443/LTC1444/LTC1445 are ultralow power quad comparators with a built-in reference. The comparators feature less than 8.5µA supply current over temperature, an internal reference (1.182V ±1% for LTC1443 or 1.221V ±1% for LTC1444/LTC1445), programmable hysteresis (LTC1444/LTC1445) and TTL/CMOS output (LTC1443/LTC1445) that sinks and sources current (open-drain output for LTC1444). The reference output can drive a bypass capacitor of up to 0.01µF without oscillation.

The comparators operate from a single 2V to 11V supply or a dual ±1V to ±5.5V supply (LTC1443). Comparator hysteresis is easily programmable using two resistors and the HYST pin (LTC1444/LTC1445). Each comparator’s input operates from the negative supply to within 1.3V of the positive supply. The LTC1443/LTC1445 comparator output stage can continuously source up to 40mA. By eliminating the cross-conducting current that normally happens when the comparator changes logic states, power supply glitches are eliminated.

The LTC1443/LTC1444/LTC1445 are available in the 16-pin SO, PDIP and DFN packages.
**LTC1443/LTC1444/LTC1445**

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**  
(Note 1)

Voltage:
- \( V^+ \) to \( V^- \), \( V^+ \) to GND, GND to \( V^- \)...........12V to −0.3V
- \( \text{IN}^+, \text{IN}^-, \text{HYST} \)......................\((V^+ + 0.3V) \) to \((V^- – 0.3V)\)
- REF........................................\((V^+ + 0.3V) \) to \((V^- – 0.3V)\)
- OUT (LTC1443)....................\((V^+ + 0.3V) \) to \((\text{GND} – 0.3V)\)
- OUT (LTC1444/LTC1445).........\((V^+ + 0.3V) \) to \((V^- – 0.3V)\)

Current:
- \( \text{IN}^+, \text{IN}^-, \text{HYST} \).............................20mA
- REF...........................................20mA
- OUT............................................50mA

OUT Short-Circuit Duration (\( V^+ \leq 5.5V \))........Continuous

Power Dissipation...........................................500mW

Operating Temperature Range
- Commercial...........................................0°C to 70°C
- Industrial.............................................−40°C to 85°C

Storage Temperature Range
- PDIP, SO...........................................−65°C to 150°C
- DFN...................................................−65°C to 150°C

Lead Temperature Range (Soldering, 10 sec)
- PDIP, SO...........................................300°C

**PIN CONFIGURATION**

---

**TOP VIEW**

---

**16-LEAD PDIP**

---

**16-LEAD PLASTIC SO**

---

**TOP VIEW**

---

**DHD16 PACKAGE**

---

**16-LEAD (5mm x 4mm) PLASTIC DFN**

---

**EXPOSED PAD (PIN 17) INTERNALLY CONNECTED TO \( V^- \)**

---

**\(^\dagger\)PIN 14 IS HYST FOR THE LTC1444 AND LTC1445**

---

**\(^\dagger\)PIN 14 IS GND FOR THE LTC1443**

---

**11 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 125°C, \; \theta_J = 41.7°C/W \)**

---

**10 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 150°C, \; \theta_J = 90°C/W \)**

---

**9 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 150°C, \; \theta_J = 90°C/W \)**

---

**8 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 150°C, \; \theta_J = 90°C/W \)**

---

**7 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 150°C, \; \theta_J = 90°C/W \)**

---

**6 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 150°C, \; \theta_J = 90°C/W \)**

---

**5 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 150°C, \; \theta_J = 90°C/W \)**

---

**4 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 150°C, \; \theta_J = 90°C/W \)**

---

**3 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 150°C, \; \theta_J = 90°C/W \)**

---

**2 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 150°C, \; \theta_J = 90°C/W \)**

---

**1 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 150°C, \; \theta_J = 90°C/W \)**

---

**1 \( T_{\text{JMAX}} = 125°C, \; \theta_J = 41.7°C/W \)**
ORDER INFORMATION

LEAD FREE FINISH | TAPE AND REEL | PART MARKING* | PACKAGE DESCRIPTION | SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---
LTC1443CN#PBF | LTC1443CN#TRPBF | LTC1443CN | 16-Lead PDIP | 0°C to 70°C
LTC1443CS#PBF | LTC1443CS#TRPBF | LTC1443CS | 16-Lead Plastic SO | 0°C to 70°C
LTC1443IN#PBF | LTC1443IN#TRPBF | LTC1443IN | 16-Lead PDIP | –40°C to 85°C
LTC1443IS#PBF | LTC1443IS#TRPBF | LTC1443IS | 16-Lead Plastic SO | –40°C to 85°C
LTC1444CN#PBF | LTC1444CN#TRPBF | LTC1444CN | 16-Lead PDIP | 0°C to 70°C
LTC1444CS#PBF | LTC1444CS#TRPBF | LTC1444CS | 16-Lead Plastic SO | 0°C to 70°C
LTC1444IN#PBF | LTC1444IN#TRPBF | LTC1444IN | 16-Lead PDIP | –40°C to 85°C
LTC1444IS#PBF | LTC1444IS#TRPBF | LTC1444IS | 16-Lead Plastic SO | –40°C to 85°C
LTC1445CN#PBF | LTC1445CN#TRPBF | LTC1445CN | 16-Lead PDIP | 0°C to 70°C
LTC1445CS#PBF | LTC1445CS#TRPBF | LTC1445CS | 16-Lead Plastic SO | 0°C to 70°C
LTC1445IN#PBF | LTC1445IN#TRPBF | LTC1445IN | 16-Lead PDIP | –40°C to 85°C
LTC1445IS#PBF | LTC1445IS#TRPBF | LTC1445IS | 16-Lead Plastic SO | –40°C to 85°C
LTC1443CDHD#PBF | LTC1443CDHD#TRPBF | 1443 | 16-Lead (5mm × 4mm) Plastic DFN | 0°C to 70°C
LTC1443IDHD#PBF | LTC1443IDHD#TRPBF | 1443 | 16-Lead (5mm × 4mm) Plastic DFN | –40°C to 85°C
LTC1444CDHD#PBF | LTC1444CDHD#TRPBF | 1444 | 16-Lead (5mm × 4mm) Plastic DFN | 0°C to 70°C
LTC1444IDHD#PBF | LTC1444IDHD#TRPBF | 1444 | 16-Lead (5mm × 4mm) Plastic DFN | –40°C to 85°C
LTC1445CDHD#PBF | LTC1445CDHD#TRPBF | 1445 | 16-Lead (5mm × 4mm) Plastic DFN | 0°C to 70°C
LTC1445IDHD#PBF | LTC1445IDHD#TRPBF | 1445 | 16-Lead (5mm × 4mm) Plastic DFN | –40°C to 85°C

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges. *The temperature grade is identified by a label on the shipping container. Consult LTC Marketing for information on nonstandard lead based finish parts.

For more information on lead free part marking, go to: [http://www.linear.com/leadfree/](http://www.linear.com/leadfree/)

For more information on tape and reel specifications, go to: [http://www.linear.com/tapeandreel/](http://www.linear.com/tapeandreel/)

---

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ⋆ denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at TA = 25°C. V+ = 5V, V– = GND = 0V, unless otherwise noted.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V+</td>
<td>Supply Voltage Range</td>
<td></td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>11.0</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICC</td>
<td>Supply Current</td>
<td>IN+ = IN– = 80mV HYST = REF (LTC1444/LTC1445)</td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>8.5</td>
<td>µA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comparator</td>
<td>VOS</td>
<td>Comparator Input Offset Voltage</td>
<td>VCM = 2.5V</td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>±3.0</td>
<td>±10.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VN</td>
<td>Input Leakage Current (IN+, IN–)</td>
<td>VIN+ = VIN– = 2.5V</td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>±0.01</td>
<td>±1.0</td>
<td>nA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VNHYST</td>
<td>Input Leakage Current (HYST)</td>
<td>LTC1444/LTC1445</td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>±0.02</td>
<td>±1.0</td>
<td>nA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMRR</td>
<td>Comparator Input Common Mode Range</td>
<td>V– to (V+ – 1.3V)</td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>V–</td>
<td>V+ – 1.3V</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSRR</td>
<td>Common Mode Rejection Ratio</td>
<td>V+ = 2V to 11V</td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>mV/V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noise</td>
<td>Power Supply Rejection Ratio</td>
<td>V+ = 2V to 11V</td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>mV/V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noise</td>
<td>Voltage Noise</td>
<td>100Hz to 10kHz</td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>µVRMS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VHyst</td>
<td>Hysteresis Input Voltage Range</td>
<td>LTC1444, LTC1445</td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>REF – 50mV</td>
<td>REF</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tPD</td>
<td>Propagation Delay</td>
<td>Overdrive = 10mV, COUT = 100pF</td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>µs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tPD</td>
<td>Propagation Delay</td>
<td>Overdrive = 100mV, COUT = 100pF</td>
<td>⋆</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>µs</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## LTC1443/LTC1444/LTC1445

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^\circ C$. $V^+ = 5V$, $V^- = GND = 0V$, unless otherwise noted.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$V_{OH}$</td>
<td>Output High Voltage</td>
<td>$I_O = -15mA$; LTC1443/LTC1445</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>$V^+ - 0.4V$</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{OL}$</td>
<td>Output Low Voltage</td>
<td>$I_O = 1.8mA$; LTC1443/LTC1445</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>$GND + 0.4V$ $V^- + 0.4V$</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Reference

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$V_{REF}$</td>
<td>Reference Voltage</td>
<td>No Load, LTC1443</td>
<td>C Temp Range</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>1.170 1.182 1.194</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{CC}$</td>
<td>Supply Current</td>
<td>$I_{IN^+} = I_{IN^-} = 80mV$, HYST = REF</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>5 8</td>
<td></td>
<td>µA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Power Supply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$V^+$</td>
<td>Supply Voltage Range</td>
<td></td>
<td>●</td>
<td>2.0 11.0</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{CC}$</td>
<td>Supply Current</td>
<td>$I_{IN^+} = I_{IN^-} = 80mV$, HYST = REF</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>5 8</td>
<td></td>
<td>µA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Comparator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$V_{OS}$</td>
<td>Comparator Input Offset Voltage</td>
<td>$V_{CM} = 1.5V$</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>±3.0 ±10.0</td>
<td></td>
<td>mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{IN}$</td>
<td>Input Leakage Current ($I_{IN^+}$, $I_{IN^-}$)</td>
<td>$V_{IN^+} = V_{IN^-} = 1.5V$</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>±0.01 ±1.0</td>
<td></td>
<td>nA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{CM}$</td>
<td>Comparator Input Common Mode Range</td>
<td>$V^-&gt; (V^+ - 1.3V)$</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>0.1 1.0</td>
<td></td>
<td>mV/V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$P_{SRR}$</td>
<td>Power Supply Rejection Ratio</td>
<td>$V^+ = 2V$ to 11V</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>0.1 1.0</td>
<td></td>
<td>mV/V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{HYST}$</td>
<td>Hysteresis Input Voltage Range</td>
<td>LTC1444/LTC1445</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>REF – 50mV REF</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{PD}$</td>
<td>Propagation Delay</td>
<td>Overdrive = 10mV, $C_{OUT} = 100pF$ Overdrive = 100mV, $C_{OUT} = 100pF$</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>14 5</td>
<td></td>
<td>µs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{OH}$</td>
<td>Output High Voltage</td>
<td>$I_O = -10mA$; LTC1443/LTC1445</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>$V^+ - 0.4V$</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$V_{OL}$</td>
<td>Output Low Voltage</td>
<td>$I_O = 0.8mA$; LTC1443/LTC1445</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>$GND + 0.4V$ $V^- + 0.4V$</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Reference

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$V_{REF}$</td>
<td>Reference Voltage</td>
<td>No Load, LTC1443</td>
<td>C Temp Range</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>1.170 1.182 1.194</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{SOURCE}$</td>
<td>Reference Output Source Current</td>
<td>$\Delta V_{REF} \leq 1mV$</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>60 120</td>
<td></td>
<td>µA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$I_{SINK}$</td>
<td>Reference Output Sink Current</td>
<td>$\Delta V_{REF} \leq 2.5mV$ $\Delta V_{REF} \leq 5mV$</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>10 15</td>
<td></td>
<td>µA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noise</td>
<td>Noise Voltage</td>
<td>100Hz to 100kHz</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
<td>µVRMS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note 1:** Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

LTC1444/LTC1445
Hysteresis Control

Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

Supply Current vs Temperature

LTC1444/LTC1445 Reference Voltage vs Temperature

LTC1443 Reference Voltage vs Temperature

LTC1443 Reference Output Voltage vs Output Load Current

Comparator Output Voltage High vs Load Current

Comparator Output Voltage Low vs Load Current
OUT B (Pin 1): Comparator B Output. (Open-drain output for LTC1444). Output can source up to 40mA (LTC1443, LTC1445) and sink 5mA.

OUT A (Pin 2): Comparator A Output. (Open-drain output for LTC1444). Output can source up to 40mA (LTC1443, LTC1445) and sink 5mA.


IN A– (Pin 4): Inverting Input of Comparator A. Input common mode range from V– to V+ – 1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

IN A+ (Pin 5): Noninverting Input of Comparator A. Input common mode range from V– to V+ – 1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

IN B– (Pin 6): Inverting Input of Comparator B. Input common mode range from V– to V+ – 1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

IN B+ (Pin 7): Noninverting Input of Comparator B. Input common mode range from V– to V+ – 1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

REF (Pin 8): Reference Output. With respect to V–. Can source up to 200µA and sink 15µA at 25°C. Drive 0.01µF bypass capacitor without oscillation.

V– (Pin 9): Negative Supply. Connect to ground for single supply operation on LTC1443.

IN C– (Pin 10): Inverting Input of Comparator C. Input common mode range from V– to V+ – 1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

IN C+ (Pin 11): Noninverting Input of Comparator C. Input common mode range from V– to V+ – 1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

IN D– (Pin 12): Inverting Input of Comparator D. Input common mode range from V– to V+ – 1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

IN D+ (Pin 13): Noninverting Input of Comparator D. Input common mode range from V– to V+ – 1.3V. Input current typically 10pA at 25°C.

GND (Pin 14): LTC1443 Ground. Connect to V– for single supply operation.

HYST (Pin 14): LTC1444/LTC1445 Hysteresis Input. Connect to REF if not used. Input voltage range is from VREF to VREF – 50mV.

OUT D (Pin 15): Comparator D Output. (Open-drain output for LTC1444). Output can source up to 40mA (LTC1443, LTC1445) and sink 5mA.

OUT C (Pin 16): Comparator C Output. (Open-drain output for LTC1444). Output can source up to 40mA (LTC1443, LTC1445) and sink 5mA.

Exposed Pad (Pin 17, DFN Package): This pin is internally connected to V–. Connection is optional, but will improve thermal dissipation.
The LTC1443/LTC1444/LTC1445 is a family of quad micropower comparators with a built-in reference (1.182V for the LTC1443 and 1.221V for the LTC1444/LTC1445). Features include programmable hysteresis (LTC1444/LTC1445), wide supply voltage range (2V to 11V) and the ability of the reference to drive up to a 0.01µF capacitor without oscillation. The comparator CMOS outputs (LTC1443/LTC1445) can source up to 40mA while the LTC1444 has an open-drain output to V–. The supply current glitches that normally occur when the comparator output switches states have been eliminated.

**Power Supplies**

The comparator family operates from a single 2V to 11V supply. The LTC1443 includes a separate ground for the comparator output stage, allowing a split supply ranging from ±1V to ±5.5V. Connecting V– to GND on the LTC1443 allows single supply operation. If the comparator output is required to source more than 1mA or the supply source impedance is high, V+ should be bypassed with a 0.1µF capacitor.

**Comparator Inputs**

The comparator inputs can swing from the negative supply (V–) to within 1.3V maximum of the positive supply (V+). The inputs can be forced 300mV below V– or above V+ without damage, and the typical input leakage current is only ±10pA.

**Comparator Outputs**

The LTC1443 comparator output swings between GND and V+ to assure TTL compatibility with a split supply. The LTC1444 and LTC1445 outputs swing between V– and V+ The outputs are capable of sourcing up to 40mA (LTC1443/LTC1445) and sinking up to 5mA while still maintaining microampere quiescent currents. The output stage does not generate crowbar switching currents during transitions which helps minimize parasitic feedback through the supply pins.

**Voltage Reference**

The internal bandgap reference has a voltage of 1.182V for LTC1443 or 1.221V for LTC1444/LTC1445 referenced to V–. The reference accuracy is 1.5% from –40°C to 85°C. It can source up to 200µA and sink up to 15µA with a 5V supply. The reference can drive a bypass capacitor of up to 0.01µF without oscillation and by inserting a series resistor, capacitance values up to 100µF can be used (Figure 1).

---

**Figure 1. Damping the Reference Output**

---

**Figure 2. Damping Resistance vs Bypass Capacitor Value**
APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Bypassing the reference can help prevent false tripping of the comparators by preventing glitches on the V+ or the reference output voltage. Figure 3 shows the bypassed reference output with a square wave applied to the V+ pin. Resistors R1 and R2 set 10mV of hysteresis, while R3 damps the reference response. Note that the comparator output doesn’t trip.

Hysteresis

Hysteresis can be added to the LTC1444/LTC1445 by connecting a resistor (R1) between the REF and HYST pins, and a second resistor (R2) from HYST to V– (Figure 4).

The difference between the upper and lower threshold voltages or hysteresis voltage band (VHB) is equal to twice the voltage difference between the REF and HYST pins. When more hysteresis is added, the upper threshold increases the same amount as the lower threshold decreases. The maximum voltage allowed between REF and HYST is 50mV, producing a maximum hysteresis voltage band of 100mV. If hysteresis is not wanted, the HYST pin should be shorted to REF. Acceptable values for IREF range from 0.1µA to 5µA. If 2.4M is chosen for R2, then R1(kΩ) = VHB (mV).

Figure 3a. V+ Glitching Test Circuit

Figure 3b. V+ Glitching Response

Figure 4. Programmable Hysteresis
The LTC1444 is ideal for use as a multisupply micropower level detector as shown in Figure 5.

R1 and R2 form a voltage divider from V1 to the non-inverting comparator A input. R6 and R7 are used to divide down V2, while R8 is the output pull-up resistor for the comparator outputs. R3 and R4 set the hysteresis voltage and R5 and C1 bypass the reference output.

The following design procedure can be used to select the component values:

1. Choose the V1 voltage trip level, in this example 4.65V.
2. Calculate the required resistive divider ratio.
   \[ \text{Ratio} = \frac{V_{\text{REF}}}{V_{\text{IN}}} \]
   \[ \text{Ratio} = \frac{1.221 \text{V}}{4.65 \text{V}} = 0.263 \]
3. Choose the required hysteresis voltage band at the input, \( V_{\text{HBI}} \), in this example 60mV. Calculate the hysteresis voltage band referred to the comparator input \( V_{\text{HB}} \).
   \[ V_{\text{HB}} = (V_{\text{HBI}})(\text{Ratio}) \]
   \[ V_{\text{HB}} = (60 \text{mV})(0.263) \]
   \[ V_{\text{HB}} = 15.78 \text{mV} \]
4. Choose the values for R3 and R4 to set the hysteresis.
   \[ R4 = 2.4 \text{M} \]
   \[ R3(\text{k}\Omega) = V_{\text{HB}} = 15\text{k} \]
5. Choose the values for R1 and R2 to set the trip point.
   \[ R1 = \frac{V_{\text{REF}}}{I_{\text{BIAS}}} = \frac{1.221 \text{V}}{1 \mu\text{A}} \approx 1.21 \text{M} \]
   \[ R2 = (R1) \left( \frac{\frac{V_{\text{IN}}}{V_{\text{REF}} + \frac{V_{\text{HB}}}{2}} - 1}{\frac{4.65 \text{V}}{1.221 \text{V} + \frac{15 \text{mV}}{2}} - 1} \right) \]
   \[ R2 = (1.21 \text{M}) \left( \frac{4.65 \text{V}}{1.221 \text{V} + \frac{15 \text{mV}}{2}} - 1 \right) \]
   \[ R2 = 3.40 \text{M} \]

Using the same equations, R6 and R7 are 1.82M and 1.21M, respectively, to set the trip level at 3V for V2.
**PACKAGE DESCRIPTION**

**N Package**
16-Lead PDIP (Narrow .300 Inch)
(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1510 Rev I)

**S Package**
16-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch)
(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610 Rev G)

**NOTE:**
1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
4. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .010 INCH (.254mm)
DHD Package
16-Lead Plastic DFN (5mm × 4mm)
(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1707 Rev Ø)

NOTE:
1. DRAWING PROPOSED TO BE MADE VARIATION OF VERSION (WJGD-2) IN JEDEC PACKAGE OUTLINE MO-229
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
4. DIMENSIONS OF EXPOSED PAD ON BOTTOM OF PACKAGE DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH, IF PRESENT, SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15mm ON ANY SIDE
5. EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE SOLDER PLATED
6. SHADED AREA IS ONLY A REFERENCE FOR PIN 1 LOCATION ON THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF PACKAGE

RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD PITCH AND DIMENSIONS

NOTE:
1. DRAWING PROPOSED TO BE MADE VARIATION OF VERSION (WJGD-2) IN JEDEC PACKAGE OUTLINE MO-229
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
4. DIMENSIONS OF EXPOSED PAD ON BOTTOM OF PACKAGE DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH, IF PRESENT, SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15mm ON ANY SIDE
5. EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE SOLDER PLATED
6. SHADED AREA IS ONLY A REFERENCE FOR PIN 1 LOCATION ON THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF PACKAGE
## REVISION HISTORY

(Revision history begins at Rev D)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REV</th>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>PAGE NUMBER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>4/11</td>
<td>Minor update to Figure 5 in the Applications Information section</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>5/12</td>
<td>Internal Voltage Reference Symbol Updated</td>
<td>1, 7, 8, 9, 10, 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>DFN Package Description Corrected</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>DFN Storage Temperature Range Increased to 150°C</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Order Information Corrected</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Related Parts Updated</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Typical Application

**Single Cell to 5V Supply**

![Circuit Diagram](image-url)

C2, C3: AUX TPSD107M010R0100 OR SANYO OS-CON 16SA100M

## Related Parts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>COMMENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LTC1041</td>
<td>Bang-Bang Controller with 1nA Off Current</td>
<td>2.8V to 18V, Ideal for Temperature or Motor Control Circuit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC1042</td>
<td>Micropower, High Accuracy Window Comparator</td>
<td>Fault Detect, Go/No Go Test, Supply Monitor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC1440/LTC1540</td>
<td>Ultralow Power Comparator with Reference</td>
<td>1.128V ±1% Reference, ±10mV (Max) Input Offset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC1441/LTC1442</td>
<td>Dual Ultralow Power Comparators with Reference</td>
<td>1.182V ±1% Reference, 8µs Prop Delay, 5.7µA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC1541/LTC1542</td>
<td>Combined Amplifier, Comparator and Reference</td>
<td>1.2V ±0.8 Reference, Amplifier Stable with 1000pF Load</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC1842/LTC1843</td>
<td>Dual Ultralow Power Comparators with Reference</td>
<td>1.182V ±1% Reference, 4µs, 3.5µA, Open-Drain Out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC1921</td>
<td>Dual Independent Monitors for –48V Supply and Fuse</td>
<td>–48V Telecom and Network Backplane Monitor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC1998</td>
<td>High Accuracy Comparator with 1.2V Reference</td>
<td>Adjustable Threshold and Hysteresis, 2.5mA Supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LT®6700</td>
<td>Dual Comparators with 400mV Reference</td>
<td>1.4V to 18V Operation, 18µs Prop Delay, Available in SOT-23 and 2mm × 2mm DFN Packages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LT6703</td>
<td>Single Comparator with 400mV Reference</td>
<td>1.4V to 18V Operation, 6.5µA Supply Current, Available in SOT-23 and 2mm × 2mm DFN Packages</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>