

TMCM-1310 CoE Firmware Manual

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The EtherCAT/CoE Firmware is used in combination with the integrated TMCM-1310 closed loop stepper motor controller module. It implements the FOC2 technology on the TMCM-1310 in conjunction with EtherCAT and the CoE protocol.



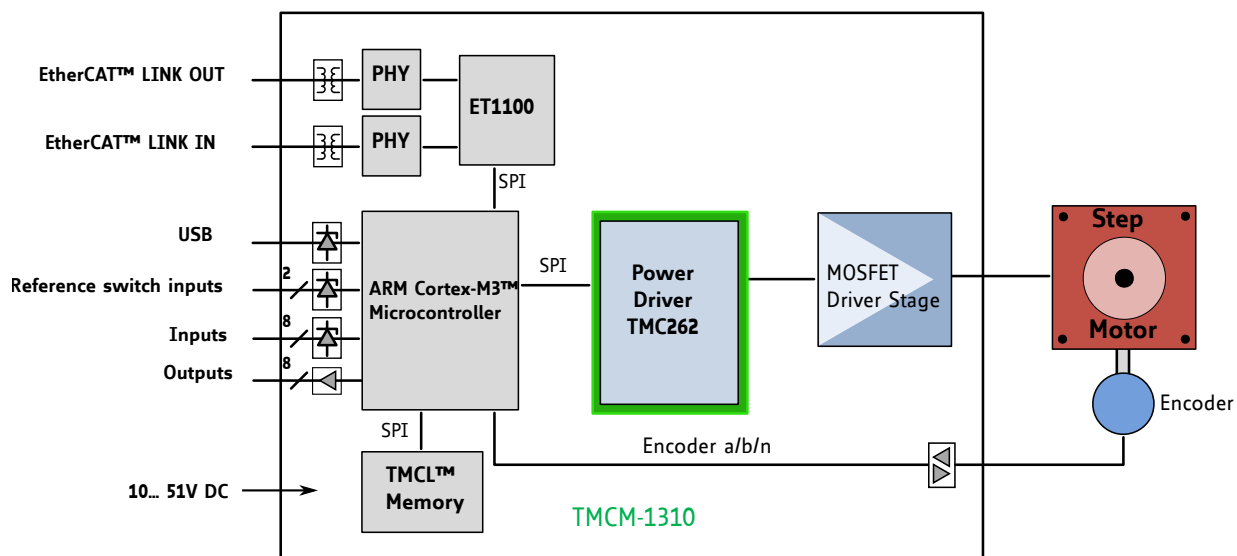
Features

- 1-Axis 2-phase stepper motor control
- CiA 402 drive profile
- FOC2 technology

Applications

- Laboratory Automation
- Manufacturing
- Semiconductor Handling
- Robotics
- Factory Automation
- CNC
- Test & Measurement
- Life Science
- Biotechnology

Simplified Block Diagram



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1 Preface

This document specifies objects and modes of operation of the Triamic TMCM-1310 stepper motor control module with CANopen-over-EtherCAT (CoE) firmware. The CoE firmware is designed to fulfill the EtherCAT® version of the CANopen DS402 standards. The EtherCAT® conformance has also been tested. This manual assumes that the reader is already familiar with the basics of EtherCAT® and the CoE protocol (especially DS402).

1.1 General Features of this CoE Implementation

Main Characteristics

- Communication according to EtherCAT® standards
- Protocols: CoE, FoE

SDO Communication

- 1 server
- Expedited transfer
- Segmented transfer
- No block transfer

PDO Communication

- Producer
- Consumer
- RPDOs
 - Dynamic mapping with max. 9 mapping entries.
 - Default mappings: manufacturer specific.
- TPDOs
 - Dynamic mapping with max. 9 mapping entries.
 - Default mappings: manufacturer specific.

Sync managers

- Sync manager 0: receive mailbox used for SDO communication
- Sync manager 1: send mailbox used for SDO communication
- Sync manager 2: process data output (used for TPDO)
- Sync manager 3: process data input (used for RPDO)

Further Characteristics

- Emergency: producer



1.2 Abbreviations used in this Manual

Abbreviations	
CAN	Controller area network
CoE	CANopen over EtherCAT
CHGND	chassis ground / earth ground
COB	Communication object
FoE	File transfer over EtherCAT
FSA	Finite state automaton
FSM	Finite state machine
NMT	Network management
ID	Identifier
LSB	Least significant bit
MSB	Most significant bit
PDO	Process data object
PDS	Power drive system
RPDO	Receive process data object
SDO	Service data object
TPDO	Transmit process data object
EMCY	Emergency object
rw	Read and write
ro	Read only
hm	Homing mode
pp	Profile position mode
pv	Profile velocity mode
vm	Velocity mode

Table 1: Abbreviations used in this Manual

1.3 Firmware Update

The software running on the microprocessor consists of two parts, a boot loader and the CoE firmware itself. Whereas the boot loader is installed during production and testing at Trinamic and remains untouched throughout the whole lifetime, the CoE firmware can easily be updated by the user. The new firmware can be loaded into the module either via file transfer over EtherCAT (FoE) or via the firmware update function of the TMCL-IDE, using the USB interface of the module.



2 Communication

2.1 Reference Model

The application layer comprises a concept to configure and communicate real-time-data as well as the mechanisms for synchronization between devices. The functionality which the application layer offers to an application is logically divided over different service data objects (SDO) in the application layer. A service object offers a specific functionality and all the related services.

Applications interact by invoking services of a service object in the application layer. To realize these services this object exchanges data via the EtherCAT with peer service object(s) using a protocol.

The application and the application layer interact with service primitives.

Service Primitives	
Primitive	Definition
Request	Issued by the application to the application layer to request a service.
Indication	Issued by the application layer to the application to report an internal event detected by the application layer or indicate that a service is requested.
Response	Issued by the application to the application layer to respond to a previous received indication.
Confirmation	Issued by the application layer to the application to report the result of a previously issued request.

Table 2: Service Primitives

A service type defines the primitives that are exchanged between the application layer and the cooperating applications for a particular service of a service object. Unconfirmed and confirmed services are collectively called remote services.



Service Types	
Type	Definition
Local service	Involves only the local service object. The application issues a request to its local service object that executes the requested service without communicating with peer service object(s).
Unconfirmed service	Involves one or more peer service objects. The application issues a request to its local service object. This request is transferred to the peer service object(s) that each passes it to their application as an indication. The result is not confirmed back.
Confirmed service	Can involve only one peer service object. The application issues a request to its local service object. This request is transferred to the peer service object that passes it to the other application as an indication. The other application issues a response that is transferred to the originating service object that passes it as a confirmation to the requesting application.
Provider initiated service	Involves only the local service object. The service object (being the service provider) detects an event not solicited by a requested service. This event is then indicated to the application.

Table 3: Service Types

2.2 NMT State Machine

The finite state machine (FSM) or simply state machine is a model of behavior composed of a finite number of states, transitions between those states, and actions. It shows which way the logic runs when certain conditions are met.

Starting and resetting the device is controlled via the state machine. The NMT state machine consists of the states shown in figure 1.

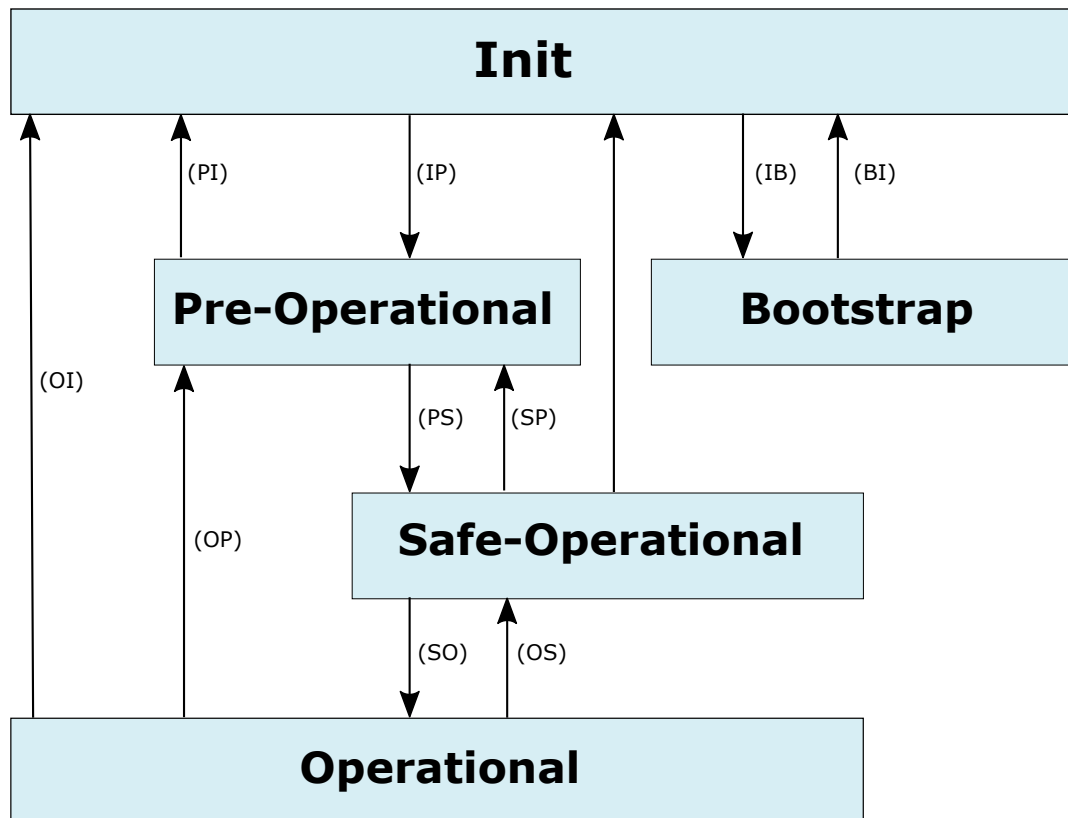


Figure 1: NMT State Machine

After power-on or reset the device enters the Initialization (**INIT**) state.

The master can then switch the device to Pre-Operational (**PRE-OP**) state. In this state, only SDO communication is possible. PDO communication is not possible.

In Safe-Operational (**SAFE-OP**) state, also PDO communication is possible. Inputs can be read, but outputs cannot be switched and the motor cannot be run.

In Operational (**OP**) state, all features of the module can be used. PDO communication is possible, outputs can be switched and the motor can be used. During Operational state the device can use all supported communication objects.

When switching from Operational to Safe-Operational state the motor will be stopped if it has been running. When the EtherCAT connection is lost during Operational state the device will also automatically



switch to Safe-Operational state.

The Bootstrap (**BOOT**) state is used for firmware updates via FoE. Before FoE can be used the device has to be switched to this state.

2.3 Device Model

A CoE device mainly consists of the following parts:

- *Communication*: This function unit provides the communication objects and the appropriate functionality to transport data items via the underlying network structure.
- *Object dictionary*: The object dictionary is a collection of all the data items which have an influence on the behavior of the application objects, the communication objects and the state machine used on this device.
- *Application*: The application comprises the functionality of the device with respect to the interaction with the process environment.

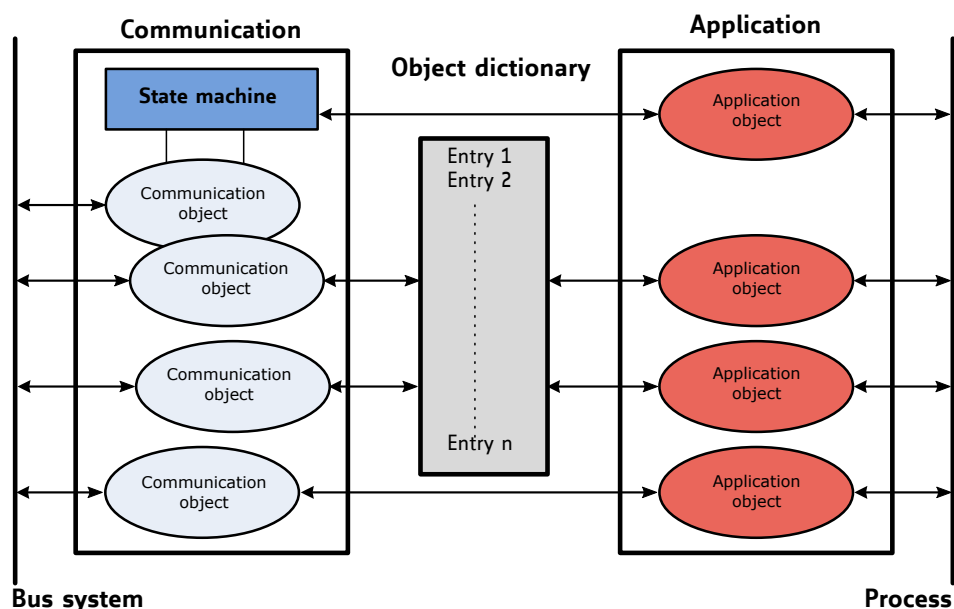


Figure 2: Device Model



2.4 Object Dictionary

The most important part of a device profile is the object dictionary description. The object dictionary is essentially a grouping of objects accessible via the network in an ordered pre-defined fashion. Each object within the dictionary is addressed using a 16-bit index. The overall layout of the standard object dictionary is shown in table 4:

Object Dictionary	
Index	Object
0000 _h	Not used.
0001 _h – 001F _h	Static data types.
0020 _h – 003F _h	Complex data types.
0040 _h – 005F _h	Manufacturer specific complex data types.
0060 _h – 007F _h	Device profile specific static data types.
0080 _h – 009F _h	Device profile specific complex data types.
00A0 _h – 0FFF _h	Reserved for further use.
1000 _h – 1FFF _h	Communication profile area.
2000 _h – 5FFF _h	Manufacturer specific profile area.
6000 _h – 9FFF _h	Standardized device profile area.
A000 _h – BFFF _h	Standardized interface profile area.
C000 _h – FFFF _h	Reserved for further use.

Table 4: Object Dictionary

The communication profile area at indices 1000_h through 1FFF_h contains the communication specific parameters for the CAN network. These entries are common to all devices.

The manufacturer segment at indices 2000_h through 5FFF_h contains manufacturer specific objects. These objects control the special features of the Trinamic TMCM-1310 motion control device.

The standardized device profile area at indices 6000_h through 9FFF_h contains all data objects common to a class of devices that can be read or written via the network. They describe the device parameters and the device functionality of the device profile.



3 Communication Area

The communication area contains all objects that define the communication parameters of the CoE device according to the EtherCAT standard.

3.1 Detailed Object Specifications

3.1.1 Object 1000_h: Device Type

This object contains information about the device type. The object 1000_h describes the type of device and its functionality. It is composed of a 16-bit field which describes the device profile that is used and a second 16-bit field which provides additional information about optional functionality of the device.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
1000 _h	Device type	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 5: Object Description (1000_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	UNSIGNED32	FFFC0192 _h

Table 6: Entry Description (1000_h)

3.1.2 Object 1001_h: Error Register

This object contains error information. The CANopen device maps internal errors into object 1001_h. It is part of an emergency object.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
1001 _h	Error register	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 7: Object Description (1001_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	UNSIGNED8	0

Table 8: Entry Description (1001_h)



Error Register Bits	
Bit	Definition
0	Generic error
1	Current
2	Voltage
3	Temperature
4	Communication error
5	Device profile specific
6	Reserved (always 0)
7	Manufacturer specific

Table 9: Error Register Bits

3.1.3 Object 1008_h: Manufacturer Device Name

This object contains the name of the device as given by the manufacturer.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
1008 _h	Manufacturer Device Name	Variable	Visible String

Table 10: Object Description (1008_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	—	TMCM-1310

Table 11: Entry Description (1008_h)

3.1.4 Object 1009_h: Manufacturer Hardware Version

This object contains the hardware version description.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
1009 _h	Manufacturer Hardware Version	Variable	Visible String

Table 12: Object Description (1009_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	—	Depends on device, e.g. 1.0.

Table 13: Entry Description (1009_h)

3.1.5 Object 100A_h: Manufacturer Software Version

This object contains the software version description.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
100A _h	Manufacturer Software Version	Variable	Visible String

Table 14: Object Description (100A_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	—	Depends on device, e.g. 1.0.

Table 15: Entry Description (100A_h)

3.1.6 Object 1018_h: Identity Object

The object 1018_h contains general information about the device:

- The vendor ID (sub-index 01_h) contains a unique value allocated to each manufacturer. The vendor ID of Trinamic is 286_h.
- The manufacturer specific product code (sub-index 2_h) identifies a specific device version.
- The manufacturer specific revision number (sub-index 3_h) consists of a major revision number and a minor revision number.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
1018 _h	Identity object	Record	Identity

Table 16: Object Description (1018_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
00 _h	Number of entries	ro	no	0...3	3
01 _h	Vendor ID	ro	no	UNSIGNED32	0286 _h
02 _h	Product code	ro	no	UNSIGNED32	1310
03 _h	Revision number	ro	no	UNSIGNED32	e.g. 20003 _h for version 2.3

Table 17: Entry Description (1018_h)

3.1.7 Object 1600_h: Receive PDO Mapping Parameter

This object contains the mapping parameters for the RPDO the device is able to receive. The sub-index 00_h contains the number of valid entries within the mapping record. This number of entries is also the number of the application variables which shall be received with the corresponding RPDO. The sub-indices from 01_h to the number of entries contain the information about the mapped application variables. These entries describe the PDO contents by their index, sub-index and length.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
1600 _h	Receive PDO mapping parameter	RECORD	PDO Mapping

Table 18: Object Description (1600_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Description	Access	Value Range	Default Value
00 _h	Number of mapped application objects in PDO	rw	0...6	4
01 _h	Mapping entry 1	rw	UNSIGNED32	60400010 _h
02 _h	Mapping entry 2	rw	UNSIGNED32	60710020 _h
03 _h	Mapping entry 3	rw	UNSIGNED32	607A0010 _h
04 _h	Mapping entry 4	rw	UNSIGNED32	60FF0020 _h
05 _h	Mapping entry 5	rw	UNSIGNED32	0 _h
06 _h	Mapping entry 6	rw	UNSIGNED32	0 _h

Table 19: Entry Description (1600_h)

3.1.8 Objects 1A00_h: Transmit PDO Mapping Parameter

This object contains the mapping parameters for the TPDO the device is able to transmit. The sub-index 00_h contains the number of valid entries within the mapping record. This number of entries is also the



number of the application variables which shall be transmitted with the corresponding TPDO. The sub-indices from 01_h to the number of entries contain the information about the mapped application variables. These entries describe the PDO contents by their index, sub-index and length.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
1A00 _h	Transmit PDO mapping parameter	RECORD	PDO Mapping

Table 20: Object Description (1A00_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Description	Access	Value Range	Default Value
00 _h	Number of mapped application objects in PDO	rw	0...6	6
01 _h	Mapping entry 1	rw	UNSIGNED32	60410010 _h
02 _h	Mapping entry 2	rw	UNSIGNED32	60610008 _h
03 _h	Mapping entry 3	rw	UNSIGNED32	60640020 _h
04 _h	Mapping entry 4	rw	UNSIGNED32	60770010 _h
05 _h	Mapping entry 5	rw	UNSIGNED32	606C0020 _h
06 _h	Mapping entry 6	rw	UNSIGNED32	60FD0020 _h

Table 21: Entry Description (1A00_h)

3.1.9 Objects 1C00_h: Sync Manager Communication Type

This object describes the communication types of the EtherCAT sync managers. The types of the first four sync managers are normally fixed and should not be changed. Sync managers can have the following for communication types:

Sync Manager Communication Types	
Type	Description
1	Mailbox receive
2	Mailbox send
3	Process data input
4	Process data output

Table 22: Sync Manager Communication Types



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
1C00 _h	Sync manager communication type	RECORD	UNSIGNED8

Table 23: Object Description (1C00_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Description	Access	Value Range	Default Value
00 _h	Number of entries	rw	0...3	4
01 _h	Communication type sync manager 1	rw	UNSIGNED8	1
02 _h	Communication type sync manager 2	rw	UNSIGNED8	2
03 _h	Communication type sync manager 3	rw	UNSIGNED8	3
04 _h	Communication type sync manager 4	rw	UNSIGNED8	4

Table 24: Entry Description (1C00_h)

3.1.10 Objects 1C12_h: Sync Manager 2 PDO Assignment

This object contains the index of the PDO definition object that is assigned to sync manager 2. Normally, the RPDO objects are assigned to sync manager 2. Under most circumstances there is no need to change this setting.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
1C12 _h	Sync manager 2 PDO assignment	RECORD	PDO assignment

Table 25: Object Description (1C12_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Description	Access	Value Range	Default Value
00 _h	Number of assigned PDOs	rw	0...1	1
01 _h	PDO mapping index of assigned RPDO	rw	UNSIGNED16	1600 _h

Table 26: Entry Description (1C12_h)

3.1.11 Objects 1C13_h: Sync Manager 3 PDO Assignment

This object contains the index of the PDO definition object that is assigned to sync manager 3. Normally, the TPDO objects are assigned to sync manager 3. Under most circumstances there is no need to change



this setting.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
1C13 _h	Sync manager 3 PDO assignment	RECORD	PDO assignment

Table 27: Object Description (1C13_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Description	Access	Value Range	Default Value
00 _h	Number of assigned PDOs	rw	0...1	1
01 _h	PDO mapping index of assigned TPDO	rw	UNSIGNED16	1A00 _h

Table 28: Entry Description (1C13_h)



4 Manufacturer specific Area

The manufacturer segment contains manufacturer specific objects. These objects control the special features of the Trinamic Motion Control device TMCM-1310.

4.1 Objects related to Closed Loop / FOC2 (Overview)

The following table presents an overview of all manufacturer specific objects that are related to Closed Loop / FOC2 operation. Please see the following sections for a description of each object.

Closed Loop / FOC2 related Objects		
Object	Name	Description
2020 _h	Closed loop	This object selects closed loop or open loop operation. Set it to 1 for closed loop operation.
2021 _h	Torque P factor	The P factor of the torque PI regulator.
2022 _h	Torque I factor	The I factor of the torque PI regulator.
2023 _h	Velocity P factor	The P factor of the velocity PI regulator.
2024 _h	Velocity I factor	The I factor of the velocity PI regulator.
2025 _h	Position P factor	The P factor of the position P regulator.
2026 _h	Encoder initialization mode	Encoder initialization mode to be used with closed loop operation.
2027 _h	Closed loop beta	Closed loop commutation angle.
2028 _h	Minimum flux speed	Minimum flux speed.
2029 _h	Maximum flux speed	Maximum flux speed.
202A _h	Target flux share	Target flux share.
2030 _h	Torque PI error	This read only object shows the actual error of the torque PI regulator.
2031 _h	Torque PU error sum	This read only object shows the actual error sum of the torque PI regulator.
2032 _h	Velocity PI error	Shows the actual error of the velocity PI regulator.
2033 _h	Velocity PI error sum	Shows the actual error of the velocity PI regulator.
2034 _h	Controlled angle	Shows the actual controlled angle.
2035 _h	Last encoder angle	Shows the last encoder angle.
2036 _h	Phase A actual current	Shows the actual current in motor coil A.
2037 _h	Phase B actual current	Shows the actual current in motor coil B.
2038 _h	Actual supply voltage	Shows the actual supply voltage (in units of 1/10V).
2039 _h	Actual supply current	Shows the actual supply current (mA).
203A _h	Actual module temperature	Shows the actual temperature of the module (°C).



Object	Name	Description
203B _h	Maximum possible motor current	This object shows the maximum current in mA that is possible with the actual settings of objects 2003 _h and 20A3 _h .

Table 29: Closed Loop / FOC2 related Objects

4.2 Objects related to CoolStep™

Figure 3 shows an overview of the CoolStep™ related objects for motor #0. Please bear in mind that the figure only shows one example for a drive. There are objects which concern the configuration of the current. Other objects are for velocity regulation and for time adjustment. The CoolStep™ feature is sometimes also called SmartEnergy.

The following adjustments have to be made:

- Thresholds for current and velocity have to be identified and set.
- The StallGuard2™ feature has to be adjusted and enabled.
- The reduction or increasing of the current in the CoolStep™ area (depending on the load) has to be configured.

coolStep™ adjustment points and thresholds

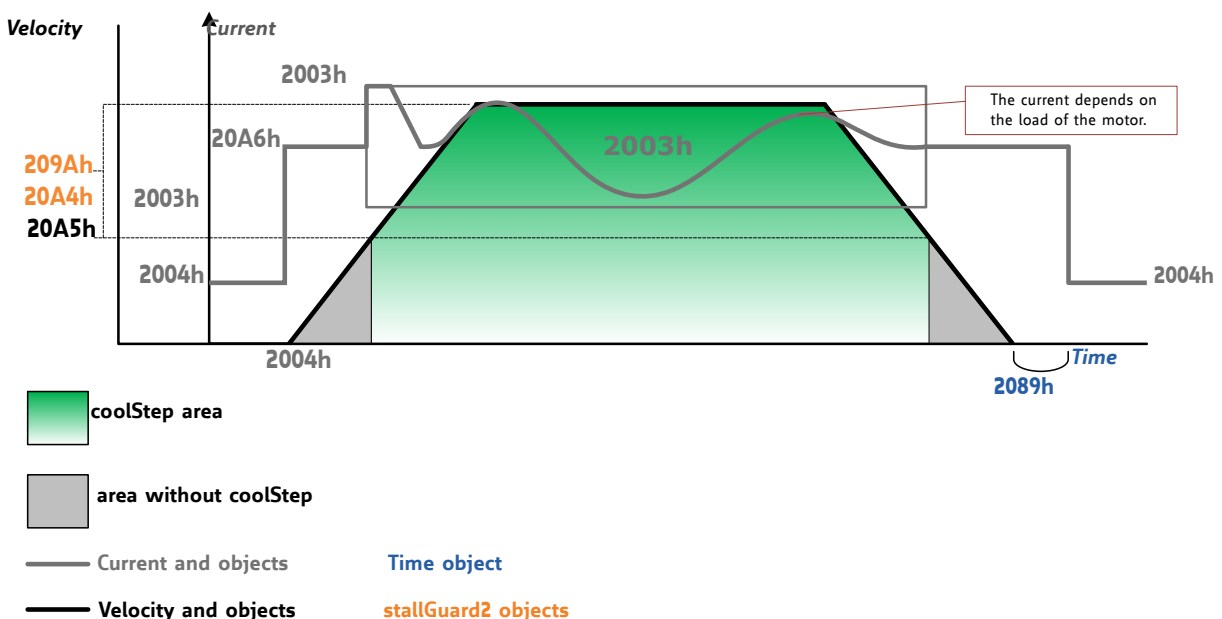


Figure 3: CoolStep Adjustment Points and Thresholds



CoolStep Adjustment Objects		
Object	Name	Description
2003 _h	Absolute maximum current	The maximum value is 255. This value means 100% of the maximum current of the module. The current adjustment is within the range 0...255 and can be adjusted in 32 steps (0...255 divided by eight; step 0 = 0...7, step 1 = 8...15 and so on). The most important motor setting, since too high values might cause motor damage!
2004 _h	Standby current	The current limit two seconds after the motor has stopped.
2098 _h	SmartEnergy current minimum	Sets the lower motor current limit for CoolStep operation by scaling the run current (object 2003 _h) value. This can be: 0: for 1/2 of the run current 1: for 1/4 of the run current
2099 _h	SmartEnergy current down step	Sets the speed of current decrement when the StallGuard2 reading is above the upper threshold. 0: slow decrement 3: fast decrement
209B _h	SmartEnergy current up step	Sets the current increment step when the StallGuard2 below the lower threshold. 0: slow increment 3: fast increment / fast reaction to rising load
209A _h	SmartEnergy hysteresis	Sets the distance between the lower and the upper threshold for StallGuard2 reading. Above the upper threshold the motor current becomes decreased.
20A4 _h	Stop on stall	Below this speed the motor will not be stopped. Above this speed the motor will stop in case StallGuard2 load value reaches zero.
20A5 _h	SmartEnergy threshold speed.	Above this speed CoolStep becomes enabled.
2089 _h	Standby delay	Standstill period before the current is changed down to standby current. The standard value is 200 which is 2 seconds.

Table 30: CoolStep related Objects



4.3 Detailed Object Specifications

4.3.1 Object 2000_h: Microstep Resolution

This object sets the microstep resolution of the drive. A value of 8 selects 256 (2^8) microsteps per full step.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2000 _h	Microstep Resolution	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 31: Object Description (2000_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...8	8

Table 32: Entry Description (2000_h)

4.3.2 Object 2001_h: Fullstep Resolution

This object sets the fullstep resolution of the motor connected to the drive. Its default value is 200 because most motors are 1.8° motors.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2001 _h	Motor full step resolution	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 33: Object Description (2001_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...65535	200

Table 34: Entry Description (2001_h)

4.3.3 Object 2002_h: Brake Delay Times

With this object the delay times for applying and releasing an (optional) brake can be defined. Please see also object 200Ah for an additional delay between enabling the power stage and releasing the brake. Both times are given in ms.



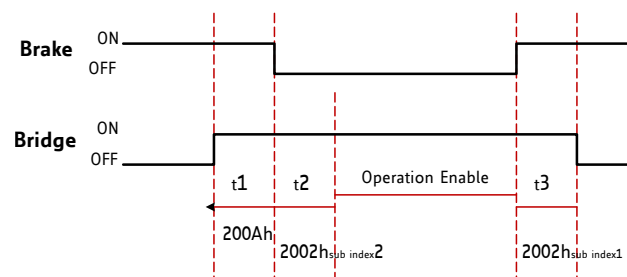


Figure 4: Brake Output Timing

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2002 _h	Brake delay times	Array	UNSIGNED16

Table 35: Object Description (2002_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
1	Time between applying brake / disabling power stage	rw	no	0...65535	0
2	Time between releasing brake / switching the state machine to operational	rw	no	0..65535	0

Table 36: Entry Description (2002_h)

4.3.4 Object 2003_h: Maximum Current

This object defines the current used when the motor is moving. A value of 255 means 100% of the maximum current of the drive.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2003 _h	Maximum current	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 37: Object Description (2003_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...255	128

Table 38: Entry Description (2003_h)

4.3.5 Object 2004_h: Standby Current

This object defines the current used when the motor is standing (two seconds after the last move). A value of 255 means 100% of the maximum current of the drive.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2004 _h	Maximum current	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 39: Object Description (2004_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...255	8

Table 40: Entry Description (2004_h)

4.3.6 Object 2005_h: Limit Switches

This object defines which limit switches are to be used. Bit 0 stands for the left and bit 1 stands for the right limit switch. If a bit is set, the corresponding limit switch will not be used. So this object has to be set to the value 3 if limit switches are not connected. The object can only be written when the drive is in the SWITCHED_ON_DISABLED state (but is always readable).

The limit switches can also be inverted using bit 2 and bit 3:

- Bit 2 inverts the left limit switch
- Bit 3 inverts the right limit switch

The polarity of the home switch can be set using bit 5.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2005 _h	Limit switches	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 41: Object Description (2005_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...63	0

Table 42: Entry Description (2005_h)



Bit Definitions	
Bit	Definition
0	Left limit switch deactivated if set.
1	Right limit switch deactivated if set.
2	Left limit switch inverted if set.
3	Right limit switch inverted if set.
4	Home switch deactivated if set.
5	Home switch inverted if set.

Table 43: Bit Definitions (2005_h)

4.3.7 Object 200A_h: Enable Drive Delay Time

This is an additional delay time (in milliseconds) between enabling the power stage and releasing the brake. It can be used to prevent the brake from being released too early (before the hold current in the motor has been reached). Please see also object 4.3.3.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
200A _h	Enable drive delay time	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 44: Object Description (200A_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...65535	0

Table 45: Entry Description (200A_h)

4.3.8 Object 200B_h: Encoder Parameters

This object defines encoder parameters. These are the polarity of the encoder null channel, the direction of rotation (set it to 1 if the direction is reversed compared to the motor) and if the position is to be initialized with the encoder position. It is only writable in SWITCHED_ON_DISABLED state.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
200B _h	Encoder parameters	Array	UNSIGNED8

Table 46: Object Description (200B_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
1	Null channel polarity	rw	no	0/1	0
2	Direction of rotation	rw	no	0/1	0
3	Initialize position	rw	no	0/1	1

Table 47: Entry Description (200B_h)

4.3.9 Object 200C_h: Brake Current Feed

This object configures how much current has to be fed into the brake to apply and to release it. 0 means 0%, 255 means 100% of the maximum current (this depends on the module). In most cases it is needed to feed current into the brake to release it. Setting both values to 0 disables the automatic brake control. This object is only writable in SWITCHED_ON_DISABLED state.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
200C _h	Brake current feed	Array	UNSIGNED8

Table 48: Object Description (200C_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
1	Apply current	rw	no	0...255	0
2	Release current	rw	no	0...255	0

Table 49: Entry Description (200C_h)

4.3.10 Object 2020_h: Closed Loop Mode

Setting this object to 1 selects closed-loop mode, setting it to 0 (default value) selects open-loop mode. Before activating closed-loop mode, all necessary parameters must have been set.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2020 _h	Closed-loop mode	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 50: Object Description (2020_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0/1	0

Table 51: Entry Description (2020_h)

4.3.11 Object 2021_h: Torque P Factor

This is the P factor of the torque PI regulator.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2021 _h	Torque P factor	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 52: Object Description (2021_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...65535	0

Table 53: Entry Description (2021_h)

4.3.12 Object 2022_h: Torque I Factor

This is the I factor of the torque PI regulator.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2022 _h	Torque I factor	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 54: Object Description (2022_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...65535	0

Table 55: Entry Description (2022_h)

4.3.13 Object 2023_h: Velocity P Factor

This the P factor of the velocity PI regulator.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2023 _h	Velocity P factor	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 56: Object Description (2023_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...65535	—

Table 57: Entry Description (2023_h)

4.3.14 Object 2024_h: Velocity I Factor

This is the I factor of the velocity PI regulator.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2024 _h	Closed-loop Offset	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 58: Object Description (2024_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...65535	—

Table 59: Entry Description (2024_h)

4.3.15 Object 2025_h: Position P Factor

This object contains the P factor of the position P regulator.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2025 _h	Current scaler minimum	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 60: Object Description (2025_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...65535	—

Table 61: Entry Description (2025_h)

4.3.16 Object 2026_h: Encoder Initialization Mode

This object contains the encoder initialization mode. There are two initialization modes:

- 0: Save encoder offset on next null channel event. Use this only when there is no load on the motor.
- 2: Turn at least one round and then save the encoder offset after the encoder null channel has been passed.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2026 _h	Encoder initialization mode	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 62: Object Description (2026_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...2	—

Table 63: Entry Description (2026_h)

4.3.17 Object 2027_h: Closed Loop Beta

This object sets the maximum commutation angle that can be used to compensate for an evaluated position deviation.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2027 _h	Closed-loop beta	Variable	INTEGER16

Table 64: Object Description (2027_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	-32768...32768	0

Table 65: Entry Description (2027_h)

4.3.18 Object 2028_h: Minimum Flux Speed

This object sets the minimum flux speed.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2028 _h	Minimum flux speed	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 66: Object Description (2028_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...2147483647	0

Table 67: Entry Description (2028_h)

4.3.19 Object 2029_h: Maximum Flux Speed

This object contains the maximum flux speed.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2029 _h	Maximum flux speed	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 68: Object Description (2029_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...2147483647	—

Table 69: Entry Description (2029_h)

4.3.20 Object 202A_h: Target Flux Share

This object contains the target flux share value.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
202A _h	Target flux share	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 70: Object Description (202A_h)



Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...2147483647	—

Table 71: Entry Description (202A_h)

4.3.21 Object 2030_h: Torque PI Error

This read-only object contains the actual error of the torque PI regulator.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2030 _h	Torque PI error	Variable	INTEGER32

Table 72: Object Description (2030_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	-2147483648...2147483647	—

Table 73: Entry Description (2030_h)

4.3.22 Object 2031_h: Torque PI Error Sum

This read-only object contains the actual error sum of the torque PI regulator.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2031 _h	Torque PI error sum	Variable	INTEGER32

Table 74: Object Description (2031_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	-2147483648...2147483647	—

Table 75: Entry Description (2031_h)

4.3.23 Object 2032_h: Velocity PI Error

This read-only object shows the actual error of the velocity PI regulator.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2032 _h	Velocity PI error	Variable	INTEGER32

Table 76: Object Description (2032_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	-2147483648...2147483647	—

Table 77: Entry Description (2032_h)

4.3.24 Object 2033_h: Velocity PI Error Sum

This read-only object contains the error sum of the velocity PI regulator.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2033 _h	Velocity PI error sum	Variable	INTEGER32

Table 78: Object Description (2033_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	-2147483648...2147483647	–

Table 79: Entry Description (2033_h)

4.3.25 Object 2034_h: Controlled Angle

This read-only object shows the actual controlled angle.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2034 _h	Controlled angle	Variable	INTEGER32

Table 80: Object Description (2034_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	-2147483648...2147483647	—

Table 81: Entry Description (2034_h)

4.3.26 Object 2035_h: Last Encoder Angle

This read-only object shows the last encoder angle.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2035 _h	Last encoder angle	Variable	INTEGER32

Table 82: Object Description (2035_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	-2147483648...2147483647	—

Table 83: Entry Description (2035_h)

4.3.27 Object 2036_h: Phase A Actual Current

This read-only object shows the actual current of motor coil A.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2036 _h	Phase A actual current	Variable	INTEGER32

Table 84: Object Description (2036_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	-2147483648...2147483647	—

Table 85: Entry Description (2036_h)

4.3.28 Object 2037_h: Phase B Actual Current

This read-only object shows the actual current of motor coil B.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2037 _h	Phase B actual current	Variable	INTEGER32

Table 86: Object Description (2037_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	-2147483648...2147483647	—

Table 87: Entry Description (2037_h)

4.3.29 Object 2038_h: Actual Supply Voltage

This object shows the actual supply voltage of the module. The unit of this value is 1/10V.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2038 _h	Actual Supply Voltage	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 88: Object Description (2038_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	0...2147483647	—

Table 89: Entry Description (2038_h)

4.3.30 Object 2039_h: Actual Supply Current

This read-only object shows the actual supply current of the module. The unit of this value is mA.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2039 _h	Actual supply current	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 90: Object Description (2039_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	0...2147483647	—

Table 91: Entry Description (2039_h)

4.3.31 Object 203A_h: Actual Module Temperature

This read-only object shows the actual temperature of the module. The unit of this value is °C.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
203A _h	Field weakening	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 92: Object Description (203A_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	0...2147483647	—

Table 93: Entry Description (203A_h)

4.3.32 Object 203B_h: Maximum possible motor current

This read-only object shows the maximum motor current (in mA) that is possible with the actual settings of object 2003_h (see section 4.3.4) and object 20A3_h (see section 4.3.52).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
203B _h	Maximum possible motor current	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 94: Object Description (203B_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	0...2147483647	—

Table 95: Entry Description (203B_h)

4.3.33 Object 208C_h: Velocity Dimension Index

With this object the unit of the velocity can be chosen. This module only supports internal units. So it is always 0 (which selects internal units).



The internal unit of this module is pulses per second [pps].

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
208C _h	Velocity Dimension Index	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 96: Object Description (208C_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0	0

Table 97: Entry Description (208C_h)

4.3.34 Object 208E_h: Acceleration Dimension Index

With this object the unit of the acceleration can be chosen. This module only supports internal units. So it is always 0 (which selects internal units).

The internal unit of this module is pulses per second [pps].

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
208E _h	Acceleration Dimension Index	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 98: Object Description (208E_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	0	0

Table 99: Entry Description (208E_h)

4.3.35 Object 2092_h: Chopper Blank Time

This object serves for selecting the comparator blank time. This time needs to safely cover the switching event and the duration of the ringing on the sense resistor. For low current drivers, a setting of 1 or 2 is good. For higher current applications a setting of 2 or 3 will be required.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2092 _h	Chopper Blank Time	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 100: Object Description (2092_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...3	2

Table 101: Entry Description (2092_h)

4.3.36 Object 2093_h: Chopper Mode

Select the chopper mode using this object:

- 0 – spreadCycle chopper
- 1 – classic constant off time chopper

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2093 _h	Chopper Mode	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 102: Object Description (2093_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0/1	0

Table 103: Entry Description (2093_h)

4.3.37 Object 2094_h: Chopper Hysteresis Decrement

This object serves for the hysteresis decrement setting. This setting determines the slope of the hysteresis during on time and during fast decay time.

- 0 – fast decrement
- 3 – very slow decrement

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2094 _h	Chopper Hysteresis Decrement	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 104: Object Description (2094_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...3	0

Table 105: Entry Description (2094_h)

4.3.38 Object 2095_h: Chopper Hysteresis End

This object provides the setting of the hysteresis end value after a number of decrements. The decrement interval time is controlled by object 2094_h (section 4.3.37).

Possible values are:

- -3...-1 – negative hysteresis end setting
- 0 – zero hysteresis end setting
- 1...12 – positive hysteresis end setting

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2095 _h	Chopper Hysteresis End	Variable	SIGNED8

Table 106: Object Description (2095_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	-3...12	0

Table 107: Entry Description (2095_h)

4.3.39 Object 2096_h: Chopper Hysteresis Start

This object provides the hysteresis start setting. Please notice that this value is an offset to the hysteresis end value.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2096 _h	Chopper Hysteresis Start	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 108: Object Description (2096_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...8	3

Table 109: Entry Description (2096_h)

4.3.40 Object 2097_h: Chopper Off Time

The off time setting controls the minimum chopper frequency. Under normal circumstances, an off time within the range of 5μs to 20μs is used. Off time setting for constant t_{OFF} chopper: $N_{CLK} = 12 + 32 * t_{OFF}$. Minimum is 64 clocks.

Setting this parameter to zero completely disables all driver transistors and so lets the motor free-wheel.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2097 _h	Chopper Off Time	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 110: Object Description (2097_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0 / 2...15	5

Table 111: Entry Description (2097_h)

4.3.41 Object 2098_h: Smart Energy Current Minimum

This object provides the setting of the lower motor current limit for CoolStep™ operation by scaling the CS value.

Possible values are:

- 0 – 1/2 of maximum motor current setting (section 4.3.4)
- 1 – 1/4 of maximum motor current setting (section 4.3.4)

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2098 _h	Smart Energy Current Minimum	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 112: Object Description (2098_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0/1	0

Table 113: Entry Description (2098_h)

4.3.42 Object 2099_h: Smart Energy Current Down Step

This object provides the setting of the number of StallGuard2 readings above the upper threshold necessary for each current decrement of the motor current.

Possible values are:

- 0 – 32 measurements – slowest decrement
- 1 – 8 measurements
- 2 – 2 measurements
- 3 – 1 measurements – fastest decrement

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2099 _h	Smart Energy Current Down Step	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 114: Object Description (2099_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...3	0

Table 115: Entry Description (2099_h)

4.3.43 Object 209A_h: Smart Energy Hysteresis

This object sets the distance between the lower and the upper threshold for StallGuard2 reading. Above the upper threshold the motor current becomes decreased.

Hysteresis: (SmartEnergy hysteresis value + 1) * 32

Upper StallGuard2 threshold: (SmartEnergy hysteresis start + SmartEnergy hysteresis + 1) * 32

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
209A _h	Smart Energy Hysteresis	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 116: Object Description (209A_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...15	0

Table 117: Entry Description (209A_h)

4.3.44 Object 209B_h: Smart Energy Current Up Step

This object sets the current increment step. The current becomes incremented for each measured StallGuard2 value below the lower threshold (see smart energy hysteresis start (object 209C_h, section 4.3.45). Possible values are:

- 0 – 1 step – slowest increment
- 1 – 2 steps
- 2 – 4 steps
- 3 – 8 steps – fastest increment

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
209B _h	Smart Energy Current Up Step	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 118: Object Description (209B_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...3	0

Table 119: Entry Description (209B_h)

4.3.45 Object 209C_h: Smart Energy Hysteresis Start

This object serves to set the lower threshold for the StallGuard2 value (see smart Energy current up step (section 4.3.44). Setting this to 0 disables the CoolStep™ function.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
209C _h	Smart Energy Hysteresis Start	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 120: Object Description (209C_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...15	0

Table 121: Entry Description (209C_h)

4.3.46 Object 209D_h: Smart Energy Filter Enable

This object is used to set the StallGuard2 filter for more precision of the measurement. It reduces the measurement frequency to one measurement per four fullsteps if set.

In most cases it is expedient to set the filtered mode when using CoolStep™. Use the standard mode for step loss detection.

Possible values are:

- 0 – standard mode
- 1 – filtered mode

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
209D _h	Smart Energy Filter Enable	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 122: Object Description (209D_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0/1	0

Table 123: Entry Description (209D_h)

4.3.47 Object 209E_h: StallGuard2 Threshold

This signed value controls the StallGuard2 threshold level for stall output and sets the optimum measurement range for readout. A lower value gives a higher sensitivity. Zero is the starting value. A higher value makes StallGuard2 less sensitive and requires more torque to indicate a stall.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
209E _h	StallGuard2 Threshold	Variable	SIGNED8

Table 124: Object Description (209E_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	-63...63	0

Table 125: Entry Description (209E_h)

4.3.48 Object 209F_h: Slope Control High Side

This value determines the slope of the motor driver outputs. Set to 2 or 3 for this module or better use the default value. (0 for lowest slope, 3 for fastest slope).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
209F _h	Slope control high side	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 126: Object Description (209F_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...3	3

Table 127: Entry Description (209F_h)

4.3.49 Object 20A0_h: Slope Control Low Side

This value determines the slope of the motor driver outputs. Set to the same value as object 209F_h or use the default value. (0 for lowest slope, 3 for fastest slope).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
20A0 _h	Slope control low side	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 128: Object Description (20A0_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...3	3

Table 129: Entry Description (20A0_h)

4.3.50 Object 20A1_h: Short Protection Disable

This object is used to enable or to disable the short to ground protection. Normally there is no need to change this. Use the default value.

Possible values are:

- 0 – Short to GND protection enabled
- 1 – Short to GND protection disabled

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
20A1 _h	Short Protection Disable	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 130: Object Description (20A1_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0/1	0

Table 131: Entry Description (20A1_h)

4.3.51 Object 20A2_h: Short Detection Timer

This object sets the timeout for the short to ground protection. Normally there is no need to change this. Use the default value. 0 sets the timeout to the longest possible value, and 3 selects the shortest possible value.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
20A2 _h	Short Protection Disable	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 132: Object Description (20A2_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...3	3

Table 133: Entry Description (20A2_h)

4.3.52 Object 20A3_h: Vsense

This object is used for setting the sense resistor voltage based current scaling. *Use the default value and change only when recommended by Trinamic.*

Possible settings are:



- 0 - Full scale sense resistor voltage is 1/18 VDD
- 1 - Full scale sense resistor voltage is 1/36 VDD

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
20A3 _h	Vsense	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 134: Object Description (20A3_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0/1	0

Table 135: Entry Description (20A3_h)

4.3.53 Object 2100_h: Home Offset Display

This object shows the home offset. The value is given in microsteps.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2100 _h	Home Offset Display	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 136: Object Description (2100_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	-2147483648...2147483647	0

Table 137: Entry Description (2100_h)

4.3.54 Object 2101_h: Actual Load Value

This object shows the actual load value used for stall detection (StallGuard2™).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2101 _h	Actual Load Value	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 138: Object Description (2101_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	0...1023	0

Table 139: Entry Description (2101_h)

4.3.55 Object 2102_h: Driver Error Flags

This object shows the error flags of the motor driver IC.

Error Flags		
Bit	Name	Meaning
7	OT	Overtemperature
6	OTPW	Temperature pre-warning
5	UV	Undervoltage
4	OCHS	Overcurrent high side
3	OLB	Open load on bridge B
2	OLA	Open load on bridge A
1	OCB	Overcurrent on bridge B
0	OCA	Overcurrent on bridge A

Table 140: Driver Error Flags (2102_h)

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2102 _h	Driver Error Flags	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 141: Object Description (2102_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	0...255	0

Table 142: Entry Description (2102_h)

4.3.56 Object 2107_h: Microstep Resolution Display

This object shows the microstep resolution, set by object 2000_h (please see section 4.3.1).



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2107 _h	Microstep resolution display	Variable	UNSIGNED8

Table 143: Object Description (2107_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	0...8	8

Table 144: Entry Description (2107_h)

4.3.57 Object 210B_h: Step Counter

This object shows the overall number of microsteps done by this motor so far. The value can be read as a 64 bit value (sub-index 3) or split into two 32 bit values (sub-index 1 and sub-index 2).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
210B _h	Step Counter	Variable	RECORD

Table 145: Object Description (210B_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
1	Lower 32 Bits	ro	no	0...ffffff _h	0
2	Higher 32 Bits	ro	no	0...ffffff _h	0
3	64 Bit Value	ro	no	0...ffffffffffffff _h	0

Table 146: Entry Description (210B_h)

4.3.58 Object 2702_h: Device Digital Inputs

Bits 23...16 of this object reflect the states of the general purpose inputs of the module. The number of available inputs depends on the module type.



Bit Definitions	
Bit	Description
16	IN0
17	IN1
18	IN2
19	IN3
20	IN4
21	IN5
22	IN6
23	IN7

Table 147: Bit Definitions (2702_h)

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2702 _h	Device Digital Inputs	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 148: Object Description (2702_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	yes	–	0

Table 149: Entry Description (2702_h)

4.3.59 Object 2703_h: Device Digital Outputs

With this object the digital outputs (general purpose outputs) can be set. Bits 23...16 of sub index 1 switch the outputs of the module. Bits 23...16 of sub index 2 determine which outputs can be switched. The number of available digital outputs depends on the module type.



Bit Definitions	
Bit	Description
16	OUT0
17	OUT1
18	OUT2
19	OUT3
20	OUT4
21	OUT5
22	OUT6
23	OUT7

Table 150: Bit Definitions (2703_h)

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
2703 _h	Device Digital Outputs	Variable	ARRAY

Table 151: Object Description (2703_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
1	Physical outputs	rw	yes	UNSIGNED32	0
2	Output mask	rw	yes	UNSIGNED32	0

Table 152: Entry Description (2703_h)**Note**

Output #0 can also be used for automatically controlling a brake that can be connected to the module via this output. In order to be able to control output #0 via this object the automatic brake control function has to be disabled. Do this by writing 0 to sub-index 1 and sub-index 2 of object 200C_h.

4.3.60 Object 270E_h: Device Analog Inputs

This object shows the values of the analog inputs of the device.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
270E _h	Device Analog Inputs	Array	UNSIGNED32

Table 153: Object Description (270E_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
1	Analog input 0	ro	yes	0...4095	–
2	Analog input 1	ro	yes	0...4095	–

Table 154: Entry Description (270E_h)

5 Profile Specific Area

The profile segment contains CiA-402 standard motion control objects. These objects control the motion control functions of the TMC-1310. Since it is not possible to operate the modes in parallel, the user is able to activate the required function by selecting a mode of operation. The control device writes to the modes of operation object in order to select the operation mode. The drive device provides the modes of operation display object to indicate the actual activated operation mode. Controlword, statusword, and set-points are used mode-specific. This implies the responsibility of the control device to avoid inconsistencies and erroneous behavior.

The following operating modes (selectable via object 6060_h, please see 5.1.6) are implemented on the TMC-1310:

- Profile position mode (pp)
- Profile velocity mode (pv)
- Homing mode (hm)
- Cyclic position mode (csp)
- Cyclic torque mode (cst)

5.1 Detailed Object Specifications

5.1.1 Object 605A_h: Quick Stop Option Code

This object indicates what action is performed when the quick stop function is executed. The slow down ramp is the deceleration value of the used mode of operation. The following quick stop option codes are supported in the current version of the CANopen firmware:

Value Definition	
Value	Definition
1	Slow down on <i>slow down ramp</i> and transit into <i>switch on disabled</i>
2	Slow down on <i>quick stop ramp</i> and transit into <i>switch on disabled</i>
5	Slow down on <i>slow down ramp</i> and stay in <i>quick stop active</i>)
6	Slow down on <i>quick stop ramp</i> and stay in <i>quick stop active</i>

Table 155: Value Description (605A_h)

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
605A _h	Quick stop option code	Variable	SIGNED16

Table 156: Object Description (605A_h)



Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	1/2/5/6	2

Table 157: Entry Description (605A_h)

5.1.2 Object 605B_h: Shutdown Option Code

This object indicates what action is performed if there is a transition from *operation enabled* state to *ready to switch on state*. The shutdown option code always has the value 0 as only this is supported.

Value Definition	
Value	Definition
0	Disable drive function (switch off the power stage)

Table 158: Value Description (605B_h)

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
605B _h	Shutdown option code	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 159: Object Description (605B_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0	0

Table 160: Entry Description (605B_h)

5.1.3 Object 605C_h: Disable Operation Option Code

This object indicates what action is performed if there is a transition from *operation enabled* state to *switched on* state. The disable operation option code always has the value 1 as only this is supported. The slow down ramp is the deceleration value of the used mode of operation.

Value Definition	
Value	Definition
1	Slow down on slow down ramp

Table 161: Value Description (605C_h)

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
605C _h	Disable operation option code	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 162: Object Description (605C_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	1	1

Table 163: Entry Description (605C_h)

5.1.4 Object 605D_h: Halt Option Code

This object indicates what action is performed when the halt function is executed. The slow down ramp is the deceleration value of the used mode of operation.

Value Definition	
Value	Definition
1	Slow down on slow down ramp and stay in <i>operation enabled</i>

Table 164: Value Description (605D_h)

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
605D _h	Halt option code	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 165: Object Description (605D_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	1	1

Table 166: Entry Description (605D_h)

5.1.5 Object 605E_h: Fault Reaction Option Code

This object indicates what action is performed when fault is detected in the power drive system. The slow down ramp is the deceleration value of the used mode of operation. The fault reaction option code always has the value 2 as only this is supported.



Value Definition	
Value	Definition
2	Slow down on quick stop ramp

Table 167: Value Description (605E_h)

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
605E _h	Fault reaction option code	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 168: Object Description (605E_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	2	2

Table 169: Entry Description (605E_h)

5.1.6 Object 6060_h: Modes of Operation

This object indicates the requested operation mode. Supported operating modes are:

Value Definition	
Value	Mode
0	No mode
1	Profile position mode (pp)
3	Profile velocity mode (pv)
6	Homing mode (hm)
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp)
10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst)

Table 170: Value Description (6060_h)

The motor will not run when the operating mode is set to 0. It will be stopped when the motor is running in one of the supported operating modes and the operating mode is then switched to 0.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6060 _h	Modes of operation	Variable	SIGNED8

Table 171: Object Description (6060_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	refer to CiA-402	see table 170	0

Table 172: Entry Description (6060_h)

5.1.7 Object 6061_h: Modes of Operation Display

This object shows the operating mode that is currently set.

Value Definition	
Value	Mode
0	No mode
1	Profile position mode (pp)
3	Profile velocity mode (pv)
6	Homing mode (hm)
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp)
10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst)

Table 173: Value Description (6061_h)

The motor will not run when the operating mode is set to 0. It will be stopped when the motor is running in one of the supported operating modes and the operating mode is then switched to 0.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6061 _h	Modes of operation display	Variable	SIGNED8

Table 174: Object Description (6061_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	refer to CiA-402	see table 173	0

Table 175: Entry Description (6061_h)

5.1.8 Object 606A_h: Sensor Selection Code

This object provides the source of the position sensor actual value. It selects whether an encoder is to be used or not.

Value Definition	
Value	Mode
0	Encoder used
-1	No encoder

Table 176: Value Description (606A_h)

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
606A _h	Sensor selection code	Variable	SIGNED16

Table 177: Object Description (606A_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0/-1	-1

Table 178: Entry Description (606A_h)

5.1.9 Object 608F_h: Position Encoder Resolution

This object defines the resolution of the encoder. The position encoder resolution is calculated by the following formula:

$$\text{position encoder resolution} = \frac{\text{encoder increments}}{\text{motor revolutions}}$$

All values are dimensionless.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
608F _h	Position Encoder Resolution	Array	UNSIGNED32

Table 179: Object Description (608F_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	Highest sub-index supported	ro	no	2	2
1	Encoder increments	rw	no	0...2147483647	1
2	Motor revolutions	ro	no	1	1

Table 180: Entry Description (608F_h)

5.1.10 Object 60FD_h: Digital Inputs

This object contains the states of the digital inputs of the module. Starting from bit 0, every bit reflects the state of one digital input. The number of valid bits depends on the number of digital inputs on the module used.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
60FD _h	Digital inputs	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 181: Object Description (60FD_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	mappable	UNSIGNED32	0

Table 182: Entry Description (60FD_h)

5.1.11 Object 6502_h: Supported Drive Modes

This object provides information on the supported drive modes. A bit that is set means that the mode is supported, a bit that is not set means that the mode is not supported by the drive.



Value Definition	
Bit	Mode
0	Profile position mode (pp)
1	Velocity mode (vl)
2	Profile velocity mode (pv)
3	Torque mode (tq)
4	Reserved
5	Homing mode (hm)
6	Interpolated position mode (ip)
7	Cyclic synchronous position mode (csp)
8	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode (csv)
9	Cyclic synchronous torque mode (cst)

Table 183: Value Definition (6502_h)

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6502 _h	Supported drive modes	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 184: Object Description (6502_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	no	UNSIGNED32	Depends on supported modes.

Table 185: Entry Description (6502_h)

6 Profile Position Mode

A target position is applied to the trajectory generator. It is generating a position demand value for the position control loop described in the position control function.

Please refer to object 6060_h (section 5.1.6) for information about how to choose an operation mode. Object 6061_h (section 5.1.7) shows the operation mode that is set.

6.1 Detailed Object Specifications

The following text offers detailed object specifications. For a better understanding, it is necessary to see how the state machine works.

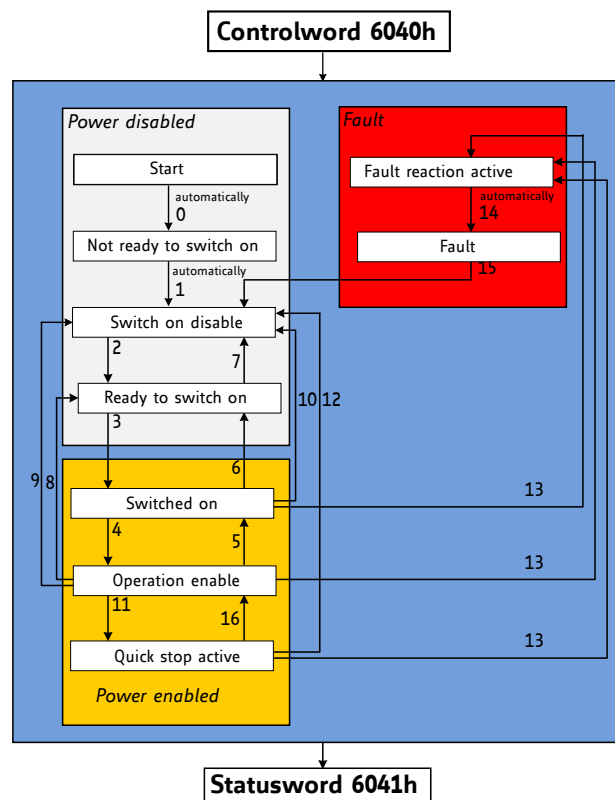


Figure 5: DS402 Finite State Machine

Notes on state transitions:

- Commands directing a change in state are processed completely and the new state achieved before additional state change commands are processed.
- Transitions 0 and 1 occur automatically at drive power-on or reset. Transition 14 occurs automatically, too. All other state changes must be directed by the host.
- Drive function disabled indicates that no current is being supplied to the motor.
- Drive function enabled indicates that current is available for the motor and profile position and profile velocity reference values may be processed.



6.1.1 Object 6040_n: Control Word

This object indicates the received command controlling the power drive system finite state automaton (PDS FSA). The CiA-402 state machine can be controlled using this object. Please refer to figure 5 for detailed information.

Structure of the Control Word										
15	11	10	9	8	7	6	4	3	2	1 0
nu	r	oms	h	fr	oms	eo	qs	ev	so	
MSB						LSB				

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; eo=enable operation; qs=quick stop; ev=enable voltage; so=switch on.

Table 186: Structure of the Control Word in pp Mode

Operation Mode specific Bits in pp Mode		
Bit	Name	Definition
4	New set point	0-to-1: the next positioning will be started.
5	Change immediately	Not supported.
6	Absolute / relative	0: New position is absolute. 1: New position is relative.
9	Change set point	Not supported.

Table 187: Operation Mode specific Bits in pp Mode

Command Coding						
Command	Bits of Control Word					Transitions
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Shutdown	0	x	1	1	0	2,6,8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	3
Switch on & enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	3, 4
Disable voltage	0	x	x	0	x	7,9,10,12
Quick stop	0	x	0	1	x	7,10,11
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	5
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	4, 16
Fault reset	0-to-1	x	x	x	x	15

Table 188: Command Coding



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6040 _h	Controlword	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 189: Object Description (6040_h in pp Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	see CiA402-3	See command coding above.	

Table 190: Entry Description (6040_h in pp Mode)

6.1.2 Object 6041_h: Status Word

This object provides the status of the PDS FSA. It reflects the status of the CiA-402 state machine. Please refer to figure 5 for detailed information. The object is structured as defined below. For more information about the coding please refer to the CANopen Drives and motion control device profile, part 2.

Structure of the Status Word															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
dir	mot	oms	ila	tr	rm	ms	w	sod	qs	ve	f	oe	so	rtso	
MSB														LSB	

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; oe=operation enable; qs=quick stop; ve=voltage enable; so=switch on.

Table 191: Structure of the Status Word in pp Mode

Trinamic Specific Bits		
Bit	Name	Definition
14	Motor activity	0: Motor stands still. 1: Motor rotates.
15	Direction of rotation	This bit shows the direction of rotation.

Table 192: Trinamic Specific Bits



Operation Mode specific Bits in pp Mode		
Bit	Name	Definition
10	Target reached	Set when the motor is within the position window.
12	Set point acknowledged	0: Set point processed. 1: Set point still in process.
13	Following error	Not supported.

Table 193: Operation Mode specific Bits in pp Mode

State Coding	
Status word	FSA state
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 _h	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 _h	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 _h	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 _h	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 _h	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 _h	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 _h	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 _h	Fault

Table 194: State Coding

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6041 _h	Controlword	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 195: Object Description (6041_h in pp Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	see CiA402-3	See state coding above.	

Table 196: Entry Description (6041_h in pp Mode)

6.1.3 Object 6062_h: Position Demand Value

This object provides the demanded position value. The value is given in microsteps. Object 6062_h indicates the actual position that the motor should have. It is not to be confused with objects 6063_h and 6064_h.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6062 _h	Position Demand Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 197: Object Description (6062_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 198: Entry Description (6062_h)

6.1.4 Object 6063_h: Position Actual Internal Value

This object provides the demanded position value. The value is given in microsteps. It is the same as object 6062_h.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6063 _h	Position Actual Internal Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 199: Object Description (6063_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 200: Entry Description (6063_h)

6.1.5 Object 6064_h: Position Actual Value

This object provides the actual value of the position measurement device. It always contains the same value as object 6063_h.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6064 _h	Position Actual Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 201: Object Description (6064_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 202: Entry Description (6064_h)

6.1.6 Object 6065_h: Following Error Window

This object indicates the configured range of tolerated position values symmetrically to the position demand value. If the position actual value is out of the following error window, a following error occurs. A following error may occur when a drive is blocked, unreachable profile velocity occurs, or at wrong closed-loop coefficients. The value shall be given in microsteps.

When the difference between motor position (object 6062_h) and encoder position (object 6063_h or 6064_h) is greater than the value set here, the motor will be stopped and an emergency message will be sent. Setting this object to zero will turn off this feature completely.

Note Setting this object to a too low value will lead to false alarms.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6065 _h	Following Error Window	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 203: Object Description (6065_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...2147483647	0

Table 204: Entry Description (6065_h)

6.1.7 Object 6067_h: Position Window

This object indicates the configured symmetrical range of accepted positions relative to the target position. If the actual value of the position encoder is within the position window, this target position is regarded as having been reached. The value is given in increments. If the value of the position window is FFFFFFFF_h, the position window control is switched off. If this object is set to zero, the target reached event will be signaled when the demand position (6062_h) has reached the target position (6064_h). When the position window is set to a value greater than zero, the target reached event will be signaled when the actual encoder position value (6064_h) is within $(target_position - position_window)$ and $(target_position + position_window)$.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6067 _h	Position Window	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 205: Object Description (6067_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	UNSIGNED32	FFFFFFF _h

Table 206: Entry Description (6067_h)

6.1.8 Object 6068_h: Position Window Time

This object indicates the configured time, during which the actual position within the position window is measured. The value is given in ms. If this object is set to a value greater than zero and also the position window (6067_h) is set to a value greater than zero the target reached event will not be signaled until the actual position (6064_h) is at least as many milliseconds within the position window as defined by this object.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6068 _h	Position Window Time	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 207: Object Description (6068_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	UNSIGNED16	0

Table 208: Entry Description (6068_h)

6.1.9 Object 606C_h: Velocity Actual Value

This object shows the actual velocity value of the motor. The value is given in internal or user-defined velocity units (depending on object 208C_h, described in section 4.3.33).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
606C _h	Velocity Actual Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 209: Object Description (606C_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 210: Entry Description (606C_h)

6.1.10 Object 607A_h: Target Position

The target position is the position that the drive should move to in profile position mode using the current settings of motion control parameters (such as velocity, acceleration, deceleration, motion profile type etc.). The value of this object is interpreted as absolute or relative depending on the abs/rel flag in the controlword. It is given in microsteps.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
607A _h	Target Position	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 211: Object Description (607A_h in pp Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	0

Table 212: Entry Description (607A_h in pp Mode)

6.1.11 Object 607D_h: Software Position Limit

This object indicates the configured maximal and minimal software position limits. These parameters define the absolute position limits for the position demand value and the position actual value. Every new target position is checked against these limits. The limit positions are always relative to the machine home position. Before being compared with the target position, they are corrected internally by the home offset as follows:

$$\text{Corrected_min_position_limit} = \text{min_position_limit} - \text{home_offset}$$

$$\text{Corrected_max_position_limit} = \text{max_position_limit} - \text{home_offset}$$

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
607D _h	Software Position Limit	Array	SIGNED32

Table 213: Object Description (607D_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
1	Minimum Position Limit	rw	no	SIGNED32	-2147483648
2	Maximum Position Limit	rw	no	SIGNED32	2147483647

Table 214: Entry Description (607D_h)

6.1.12 Object 6081_h: Profile Velocity

This object indicates the configured velocity normally attained at the end of the acceleration ramp during a profiled motion and is valid for both directions of motion. The profile velocity is the maximum velocity used when driving to a new position. It is given in internal or user specific units (depending on object 208C_h, section 4.3.33).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6081 _h	Profile Velocity	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 215: Object Description (6081_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	UNSIGNED32	0

Table 216: Entry Description (6081_h)

6.1.13 Object 6082_h: End Velocity

This object indicates the configured velocity normally attained at the end of the deceleration ramp during a profiled motion and is valid for both directions of motion. The end velocity is the velocity used when reaching the new position. It is given in internal or user specific units (depending on object 208C_h, section 4.3.33).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6082 _h	End Velocity	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 217: Object Description (6082_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	UNSIGNED32	0

Table 218: Entry Description (6082_h)

6.1.14 Object 6083_h: Profile Acceleration

This object indicates the configured acceleration. Object 6083_h sets the maximum acceleration to be used in profile position and profile velocity mode.

The units for object 6083_h can be chosen with object 208E_h, described in section 4.3.34.

In profile velocity mode, this object also sets the deceleration to be used (the deceleration ramp is always the same as the acceleration ramp in pv mode).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6083 _h	Profile Acceleration	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 219: Object Description (6083_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	UNSIGNED32	0

Table 220: Entry Description (6083_h)

6.1.15 Object 6084_h: Profile Deceleration

This object indicates the configured deceleration. Object 6084_h sets the maximum deceleration to be used in profile positioning mode.

The units for object 6084_h can be chosen with object 208E_h, described in section 4.3.34.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6084 _h	Profile Deceleration	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 221: Object Description (6084_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	UNSIGNED32	0

Table 222: Entry Description (6084_h)

6.1.16 Object 6085_h: Quick Stop Deceleration

This object indicates the configured deceleration used to stop the motor when the quick stop function is activated and the quick stop code object 605A_h is set to 2 (or 6). The value is given in the same unit as profile acceleration object 6083_h.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6085 _h	Quick stop deceleration	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 223: Object Description (6085_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	UNSIGNED32	51200

Table 224: Entry Description (6085_h)

6.1.17 Object 60F2_h: Positioning Option Code

This object indicates the positioning behaviour in profile position mode. Only bits 0 and 1 (relative option) are supported.

Bit Definitions		
Bit 1	Bit 0	Definition
0	0	Positioning moves shall be performed relative to the preceding (internal absolute) target position.
0	1	Positioning moves shall be performed relative to the actual position demand value (object 6063 _h).
1	0	Positioning moves shall be performed relative to the position actual value (object 6064 _h).
1	1	reserved

Table 225: Bit Definitions of Object 60F2_h

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
60F2 _h	Positioning option code	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 226: Object Description (60F2_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	UNSIGNED16	0

Table 227: Entry Description (60F2_h)

6.2 How to move a Motor in pp Mode

Here is a little example that shows how to get a motor running in pp mode. In this little example we assume that the module has been reset (and then switched to pre-operational or operational) by NMT commands before. Please note that the values are decimal.

- If you do not have any limit switches connected, first disable the limit switch inputs by writing 3 to object 2005_h.
- Select pp mode by writing 1 to object 6060_h.
- Write 6 to object 6040_h to switch to READY_TO_SWITCH_ON state.
- Write 7 to object 6040_h to switch to SWITCHED_ON state.
- Write 15 to object 6040_h to switch to OPERATION_ENABLED state.
- Write the desired target position (e.g. 500000) to object 607A_h.
- Mark the new target position as active by writing 31 to object 6040_h. The motor starts moving now.
- Reset the activation by writing 15 to object 6040_h (this can be done while the motor is still moving).



7 Profile Velocity Mode

The profile velocity mode is used to control the velocity of the drive without a special regard of the position. It contains limit functions and trajectory generation.

The profile velocity mode covers the following sub-functions:

- Demand value input via trajectory generator.
- Monitoring of the profile velocity using a window-function.
- Monitoring of velocity actual value using a threshold.

The operation of the reference value generator and its input parameters include:

- Profile velocity
- Profile acceleration
- Profile deceleration
- Emergency stop
- Motion profile type

7.1 Detailed Object Specifications

7.1.1 Object 6040_n: Control Word

This object indicates the received command controlling the power drive system finite state automaton (PDS FSA). The CiA-402 state machine can be controlled using this object. Please refer to figure 5 for detailed information.

In pv mode the control word does not contain any operation mode specific bits.

Structure of the Control Word										
15	11	10	9	8	7	6	4	3	2	1 0
nu		r	r	h	fr	r	eo	qs	ev	so
MSB						LSB				

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; h=halt; fr=fault reset; eo=enable operation; qs=quick stop; ev=enable voltage; so=switch on.

Table 228: Structure of the Control Word in pv Mode



Command Coding						
Command	Bits of Control Word					Transitions
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Shutdown	0	x	1	1	0	2,6,8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	3
Switch on & enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	3, 4
Disable voltage	0	x	x	0	x	7,9,10,12
Quick stop	0	x	0	1	x	7,10,11
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	5
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	4, 16
Fault reset	0-to-1	x	x	x	x	15

Table 229: Command Coding

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6040 _h	Controlword	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 230: Object Description (6040_h in pv Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	see CiA402-3	See command coding above.	

Table 231: Entry Description (6040_h in pv Mode)

7.1.2 Object 6041_h: Status Word

This object provides the status of the PDS FSA. It reflects the status of the CiA-402 state machine. Please refer to figure 5 for detailed information. The object is structured as defined below. For more information about the coding please refer to the CANopen Drives and motion control device profile, part 2.

Structure of the Status Word																
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
dir	mot	oms		ila		tr	rm	ms	w	sod	qs	ve	f	oe	so	rtso
MSB															LSB	

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; oe=operation enable; qs=quick stop; ve=voltage enable; so=switch on.

Table 232: Structure of the Status Word in pv Mode



Trinamic Specific Bits		
Bit	Name	Definition
14	Motor activity	0: Motor stands still. 1: Motor rotates.
15	Direction of rotation	This bit shows the direction of rotation.

Table 233: Trinamic Specific Bits

Operation Mode specific Bits in pv Mode		
Bit	Name	Definition
10	Target reached	Indicates that the target speed has been reached.
12	Speed	Not supported.
13	Max. slippage error	Not supported.

Table 234: Operation Mode specific Bits in pv Mode

State Coding	
Status word	FSA state
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 _h	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 _h	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 _h	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 _h	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 _h	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 _h	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 _h	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 _h	Fault

Table 235: State Coding

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6041 _h	Controlword	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 236: Object Description (6041_h in pv Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	see CiA402-3	See state coding above	

Table 237: Entry Description (6041_h in pv Mode)

7.1.3 Object 6062_h: Position Demand Value

This object provides the demanded position value. The value is given in microsteps. Object 6062_h indicates the actual position that the motor should have. It is not to be confused with objects 6063_h and 6064_h.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6062 _h	Position Demand Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 238: Object Description (6062_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 239: Entry Description (6062_h)

7.1.4 Object 6063_h: Position Actual Internal Value

This object provides the demanded position value. The value is given in microsteps. It is the same as object 6062_h.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6063 _h	Position Actual Internal Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 240: Object Description (6063_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 241: Entry Description (6063_h)

7.1.5 Object 6064_h: Position Actual Value

This object provides the actual value of the position measurement device. It always contains the same value as object 6063_h.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6064 _h	Position Actual Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 242: Object Description (6064_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 243: Entry Description (6064_h)

7.1.6 Object 6065_h: Following Error Window

This object indicates the configured range of tolerated position values symmetrically to the position demand value. If the position actual value is out of the following error window, a following error occurs. A following error may occur when a drive is blocked, unreachable profile velocity occurs, or at wrong closed-loop coefficients. The value shall be given in microsteps.

When the difference between motor position (object 6062_h) and encoder position (object 6063_h or 6064_h) is greater than the value set here, the motor will be stopped and an emergency message will be sent. Setting this object to zero will turn off this feature completely.

Note Setting this object to a too low value will lead to false alarms.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6065 _h	Following Error Window	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 244: Object Description (6065_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	0...2147483647	0

Table 245: Entry Description (6065_h)

7.1.7 Object 606C_h: Velocity Actual Value

This object shows the actual velocity value of the motor. The value is given in internal or user-defined velocity units (depending on object 208C_h, described in section 4.3.33).



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
606C _h	Velocity Actual Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 246: Object Description (606C_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 247: Entry Description (606C_h)

7.1.8 Object 607D_h: Software Position Limit

This object indicates the configured maximal and minimal software position limits. These parameters define the absolute position limits for the position demand value and the position actual value. Every new target position is checked against these limits. The limit positions are always relative to the machine home position. Before being compared with the target position, they are corrected internally by the home offset as follows:

$$\text{Corrected_min_position_limit} = \text{min_position_limit} - \text{home_offset}$$

$$\text{Corrected_max_position_limit} = \text{max_position_limit} - \text{home_offset}$$

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
607D _h	Software Position Limit	Array	SIGNED32

Table 248: Object Description (607D_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
1	Minimum Position Limit	rw	no	SIGNED32	-2147483648
2	Maximum Position Limit	rw	no	SIGNED32	2147483647

Table 249: Entry Description (607D_h)

7.1.9 Object 6083_h: Profile Acceleration

This object indicates the configured acceleration. Object 6083_h sets the maximum acceleration to be used in profile position and profile velocity mode.

The units for object 6083_h can be chosen with object 208E_h, described in section 4.3.34.



In profile velocity mode, this object also sets the deceleration to be used (the deceleration ramp is always the same as the acceleration ramp in pv mode).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6083 _h	Profile Acceleration	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 250: Object Description (6083_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	UNSIGNED32	0

Table 251: Entry Description (6083_h)

7.1.10 Object 6085_h: Quick Stop Deceleration

This object indicates the configured deceleration used to stop the motor when the quick stop function is activated and the quick stop code object 605A_h is set to 2 (or 6). The value is given in the same unit as profile acceleration object 6083_h.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6085 _h	Quick stop deceleration	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 252: Object Description (6085_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	UNSIGNED32	51200

Table 253: Entry Description (6085_h)

7.1.11 Object 60FF_h: Target Velocity

This object indicates the configured target velocity and is used as input for the trajectory generator. Object 60FF_h sets the target velocity when using profile velocity mode. The drive then accelerates or decelerates to that velocity using the acceleration and deceleration set by objects 6083_h and 6084_h. The values are given in units which can be selected with object 208C_h, described in section 4.3.33.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
60FF _h	Target Velocity	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 254: Object Description (60FF_h)



Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	see CiA402-3	SIGNED32	0

Table 255: Entry Description (60FF_h)

7.2 How to move a Motor in pv Mode

Here is a little example that shows how to get a motor running in pv mode. In this little example we assume that the module has been reset (and then switched to pre-operational or operational) by NMT commands before.

- If you do not have any limit switches connected, first disable the limit switch inputs by writing 3 to object 2005_h.
- Select pv mode by writing 3 to object 6060_h.
- Write 6 to object 6040_h to switch to READY_TO_SWITCH_ON state.
- Write 7 to object 6040_h to switch to SWITCHED_ON state.
- Write 15 to object 6040_h to switch to OPERATION_ENABLED state.
- Write the desired target speed (e.g. 100000) to object 60FF_h. The motor now accelerates to that speed.
- Stop the motor by writing 0 to object 60FF_h.



8 Homing Mode

This chapter describes the method by which a drive seeks the home position (reference point). There are various methods of achieving this using limit switches at the ends of travel or a home switch in mid-travel. Some methods also use the index (zero) pulse train from an incremental encoder. The user may specify the speeds, acceleration and the method of homing.

There is no output data except for those bits in the statusword which return the status or result of the homing process and the demand to the position control loops.

There are four sources of the homing signal available: these are positive and negative limit switches, the home switch and the index pulse from an encoder.

Figure 6 shows the defined input objects as well as the output objects. The user can specify the speeds, acceleration and method of homing. The home offset object 607C_h allows displacing the zero in point the coordinate system for the home position.

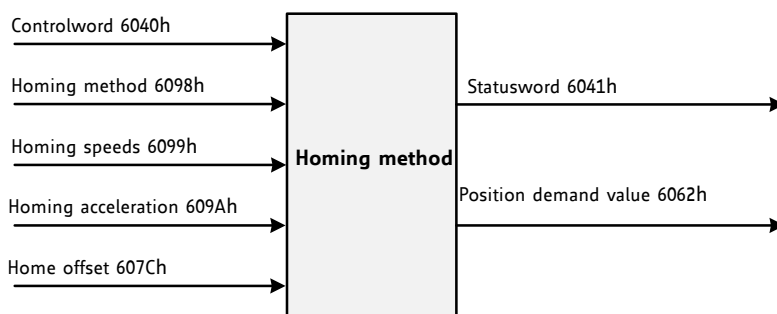


Figure 6: Homing Mode Function

Choosing a homing mode determines the following things:

- The homing signal (positive limit switch, negative limit switch, and home switch).
- The direction of actuation where appropriate.
- The position of the index pulse.

The home position and the zero position are offset by the home offset (see object 607C_h, section 8.2.4).

Depending on the module there are different sources of homing methods available:

- Negative and positive limit switches.
- Home switch.
- Index pulse of an encoder.

For the operation of positioning drives, an exact knowledge of the absolute position is normally required. Since for cost reasons drives often do not have an absolute encoder, a homing operation is necessary.



8.1 Homing Methods

The TMC-1310 supports a subset of different standard CANopen homing methods. The homing method that is to be used can be chosen via object 6098_h (section 8.2.5).

Supported Homing Methods	
Method	Description
0	No homing (default value for object 6098 _h).
1	Search the left end switch, then search the next encoder index pulse.
2	Search the right end switch, then search the next encoder index pulse.
3	Search the positive edge of the home switch, then search the next encoder index pulse.
5	Search the negative edge of the home switch, then search the next encoder index pulse.
17	Search the left end switch.
18	Search the right end switch.
19	Search the positive edge of the home switch.
21	Search the negative edge of the home switch.
33	Search next index pulse in negative direction.
34	Search next index pulse in positive direction.
35	The actual position is used as home position. All position values (objects 6062h, 6063h, and 6064h) are set to zero, but the motor will not move.

Table 256: Supported CANopen Homing Methods

When using homing methods that need end switch inputs or home switch inputs please take care of their configuration (object 2005_h, section 4.3.6).

8.1.1 Homing Method 1: Homing on negative Limit Switch and Index Pulse

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be leftward if the negative limit switch is inactive (here: low). The home position shall be at the first index pulse to the right of the position where the negative limit switch becomes inactive.

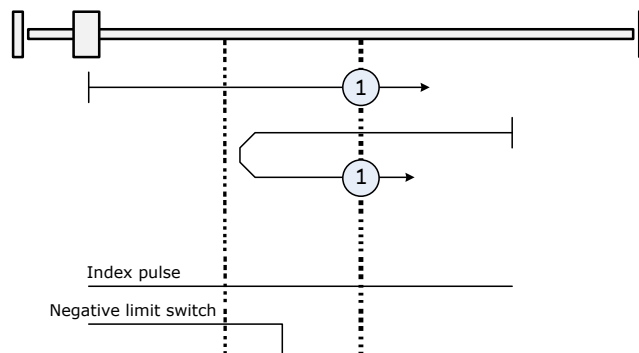


Figure 7: Homing Method 1



8.1.2 Homing Method 2: Homing on positive Limit Switch and Index Pulse

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be rightward if the positive limit switch is inactive (here: low). The position of home shall be at the first index pulse to the left of the position where the positive limit switch becomes inactive.

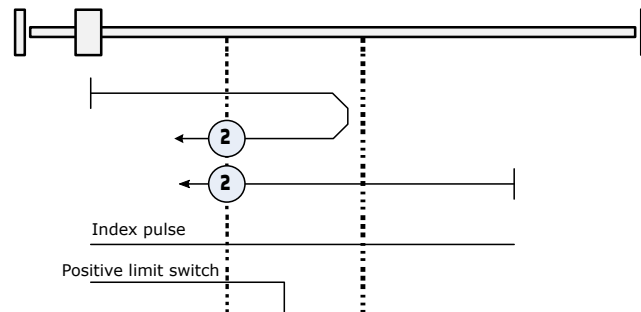


Figure 8: Homing Method 2

8.1.3 Homing Method 3: Homing on positive Home Switch and Index Pulse

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be dependent on the state of the home switch. The home position shall be at the index pulse to either to the left or the right of the point where the home switch changes state. If the initial position is situated so that the direction of movement shall reverse during homing, the point at which the reversal takes place is anywhere after a change of state of the home switch.

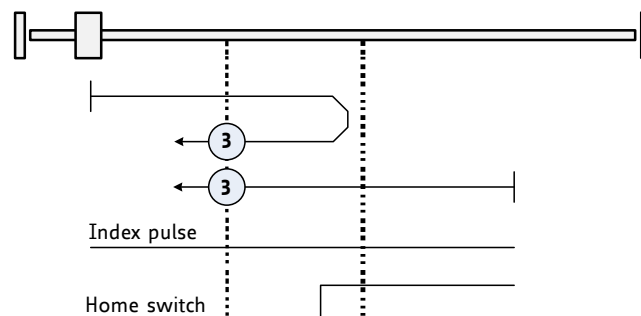


Figure 9: Homing Method 3

8.1.4 Homing Method 5: Homing on negative Home Switch and Index Pulse

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be dependent on the state of the home switch. The home position shall be at the index pulse to either to the left or the right of the point where the home switch changes state. If the initial position is situated so that the direction of movement shall reverse during homing, the point at which the reversal takes place is anywhere after a change of state of the home switch.



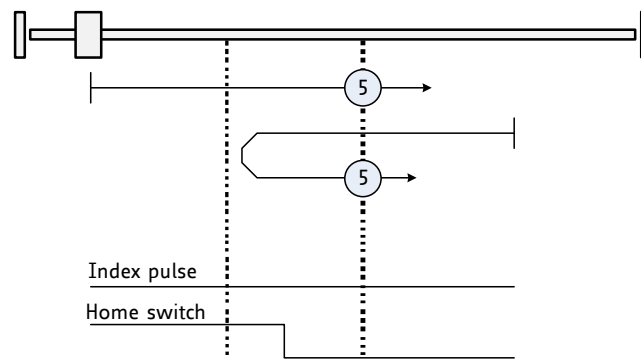


Figure 10: Homing Method 5

8.1.5 Homing Method 17: Homing on negative Limit Switch

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be leftward if the negative limit switch is inactive (here: low). The home position shall be at the point where the negative limit switch becomes inactive.

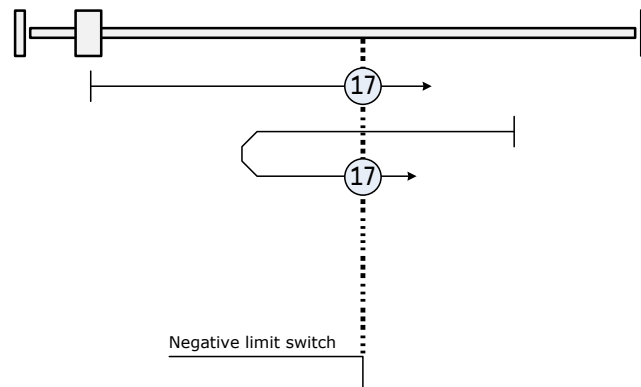


Figure 11: Homing Method 17

8.1.6 Homing Method 18: Homing on positive Limit Switch

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be rightward if the positive limit switch is inactive (here: low). The home position shall be at the point where the positive limit switch becomes inactive.

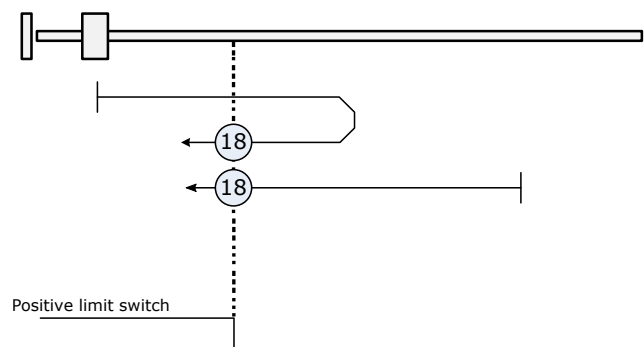


Figure 12: Homing Method 18



8.1.7 Homing Method 19: Homing on positive Home Switch

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be dependent on the state of the home switch. The home position shall be at the point where the home switch changes state. If the initial direction of movement leads away from the home switch, the drive shall reverse on encountering the relevant limit switch.

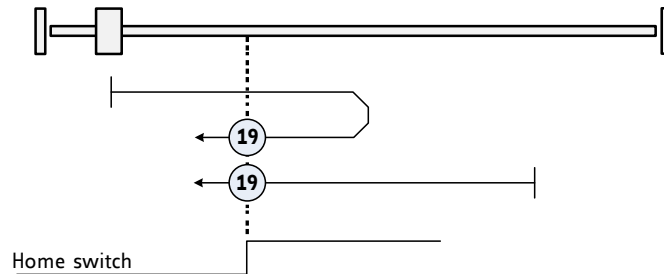


Figure 13: Homing Method 19

8.1.8 Homing Method 21: Homing on negative Home Switch

Using this method, the initial direction of movement shall be dependent on the state of the home switch. The home position shall be at the point where the home switch changes state. If the initial direction of movement leads away from the home switch, the drive shall reverse on encountering the relevant limit switch.

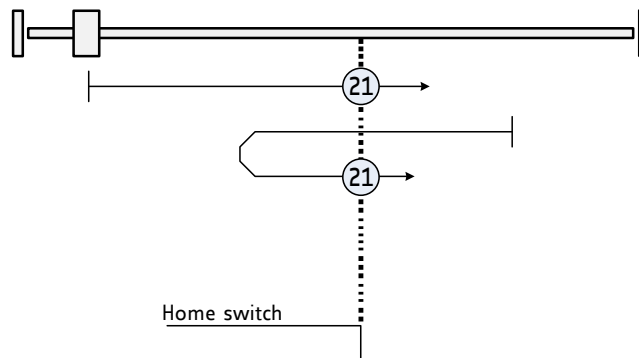


Figure 14: Homing Method 21

8.1.9 Homing Method 33 and 34: Homing on next Index Pulse

Using these methods, the direction of homing is negative or positive respectively. The home position shall be at the index pulse found in the selected direction.



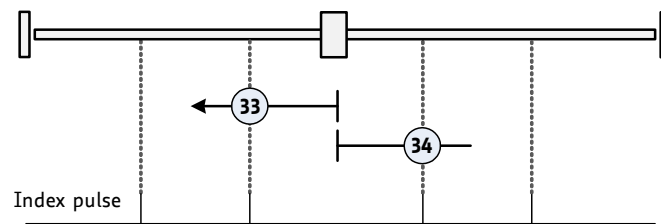


Figure 15: Homing Methods 33 and 34

8.1.10 Homing Method 35: Current Position as Home Position

In this method, the current position shall be taken to be the home position. This method does not require the drive device to be in operation enabled state.



8.2 Detailed Object Specifications

8.2.1 Object 6040_h: Control Word

This object indicates the received command controlling the power drive system finite state automaton (PDS FSA). The CiA-402 state machine can be controlled using this object. Please refer to figure 5 for detailed information.

Structure of the Control Word										
15	11	10	9	8	7	6	4	3	2	1 0
nu	r	oms	h	fr	oms	eo	qs	ev	so	
MSB						LSB				

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; eo=enable operation; qs=quick stop; ev=enable voltage; so=switch on.

Table 257: Structure of the Control Word in hm Mode

Operation Mode specific Bits in hm Mode		
Bit	Name	Definition
4	Homing operation start	1: start homing; 0: stop homing
8	Halt	Not supported.

Table 258: Operation Mode specific Bits in hm Mode

Command Coding						
Command	Bits of Control Word					Transitions
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Shutdown	0	x	1	1	0	2,6,8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	3
Switch on & enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	3, 4
Disable voltage	0	x	x	0	x	7,9,10,12
Quick stop	0	x	0	1	x	7,10,11
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	5
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	4, 16
Fault reset	0-to-1	x	x	x	x	15

Table 259: Command Coding



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6040 _h	Controlword	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 260: Object Description (6040_h in hm Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	see CiA402-3	See command coding above.	

Table 261: Entry Description (6040_h in hm Mode)

8.2.2 Object 6041_h: Status Word

This object provides the status of the PDS FSA. It reflects the status of the CiA-402 state machine. Please refer to figure 5 for detailed information. The object is structured as defined below. For more information about the coding please refer to the CANopen Drives and motion control device profile, part 2.

Structure of the Status Word															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
dir	mot	oms	ila	tr	rm	ms	w	sod	qs	ve	f	oe	so	rtso	
MSB														LSB	

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; oe=operation enable; qs=quick stop; ve=voltage enable; so=switch on.

Table 262: Structure of the Status Word in hm Mode

Trinamic Specific Bits		
Bit	Name	Definition
14	Motor activity	0: Motor stands still. 1: Motor rotates.
15	Direction of rotation	This bit shows the direction of rotation.

Table 263: Trinamic Specific Bits



Operation Mode specific Bits in hm Mode		
Bit	Name	Definition
10	Target reached	Set when the zero position has been found or homing has been stopped by setting controlword bit 4 to zero.
12	Home attained	Set when zero position has been found.
13	Homing error	Not supported.

Table 264: Operation Mode specific Bits in hm Mode

State Coding	
Status word	FSA state
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 _h	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 _h	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 _h	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 _h	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 _h	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 _h	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 _h	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 _h	Fault

Table 265: State Coding

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6041 _h	Controlword	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 266: Object Description (6041_h in hm Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	see CiA402-3	See state coding above.	

Table 267: Entry Description (6041_h in hm Mode)

8.2.3 Object 606C_h: Velocity Actual Value

This object shows the actual velocity value of the motor. The value is given in internal or user-defined velocity units (depending on object 208C_h, described in section 4.3.33).



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
606C _h	Velocity Actual Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 268: Object Description (606C_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 269: Entry Description (606C_h)

8.2.4 Object 607C_h: Home Offset

This object indicates the configured difference between the zero position for the application and the machine home position/home switch (found during homing). While homing, the machine home position is found and once the homing is completed, the zero position is offset from the home position by adding the home offset to the home position. The effect of setting the home position to a non-zero value depends on the selected homing method. The value of this object is given in microsteps. Negative values indicate the opposite direction.

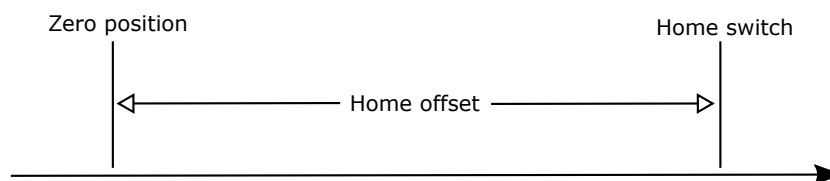


Figure 16: Home Offset

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
607C _h	Home offset	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 270: Object Description (607C_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	SIGNED32	0

Table 271: Entry Description (607C_h)

8.2.5 Object 6098_h: Homing Method

The homing method to be used can be selected by writing to this object. Please see table 256 for a list of homing methods supported by the current version of the TMC-1310 CANopen firmware.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6098 _h	Homing method	Variable	SIGNED8

Table 272: Object Description (6098_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	SIGNED8	0

Table 273: Entry Description (6098_h)

8.2.6 Object 6099_h: Homing Speeds

This object indicates the configured speeds used during homing procedure. The values are given in pps units or internal units selectable with object 208C_h (section 4.3.33). Using object 6099_h a fast and a slow homing speed can be set. In most homing modes, the home switch is searched with the fast speed first. When the home switch has been found, the motor will be decelerated to the slow speed (using the homing acceleration, object 609A_h) to search for the exact switch point. When the switch point has been found the motor will be stopped at that point.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6099 _h	Homing speeds	Array	UNSIGNED32

Table 274: Object Description (6099_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
1	Fast homing speed	rw	no	UNSIGNED32	0
2	Slow homing speed	rw	no	UNSIGNED32	0

Table 275: Entry Description (6099_h)

8.2.7 Object 609A_h: Homing Acceleration

This object indicates the configured acceleration and deceleration to be used during homing operation. The value is given in units selected by object 208E_h (section 4.3.34).



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
609A _h	Homing acceleration	Variable	UNSIGNED32

Table 276: Object Description (609A_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	no	UNSIGNED32	0

Table 277: Entry Description (609A_h)

8.3 How to start a Homing in hm Mode

Here is a little example that shows how to home the motor in hm mode. In this little example we assume that the module has been reset (and then switched to pre-operational or operational) by NMT commands before. The home switch must be connected to the home switch input. It can be operated manually.

- Select hm mode by writing 6 to object 6060_h.
- Write 6 to object 6040_h to switch to READY_TO_SWITCH_ON state.
- Write 7 to object 6040_h to switch to SWITCHED_ON state.
- Write 15 to object 6040_h to switch to OPERATION_ENABLED state.
- Select homing method 19 by writing 19 to object 6098_h.
- Set the homing speeds by writing e.g. 50000 to object 6099_h sub index 1 and e.g. 10000 to object 6099_h sub index 2.
- Write 31 to object 6040_h to start the homing process.
- Press and release the home switch.
- When homing has finished, write 15 to object 6040_h again.



9 Cyclic synchronous Position Mode

The cyclic synchronous position mode is used to directly control the position of the motor. It contains limit functions, but not a trajectory generator. The trajectory generator is located in the control device (the master), not in the drive device. In cyclic synchronous manner, the control device provides a target position to the drive device, which performs position control, velocity control and torque control.

The main control parameters are the target position (object 607A_h, see section 9.1.7) and the interpolation time period (object 60C2_h, see section 9.1.10). The drive automatically sets the velocity in such a manner that the next target position is reached within the interpolation time period. Acceleration and deceleration ramps are not used in this mode.

The cyclic synchronous position mode covers the following sub-functions:

- Position demand value input directly via an object.
- Monitoring of the position.
- Limiting the position using the software limits or the hardware limit switches.

9.1 Detailed Object Specifications

9.1.1 Object 6040_h: Control Word

This object indicates the received command controlling the power drive system finite state automaton (PDS FSA). The CiA-402 state machine can be controlled using this object. Please refer to figure 5 for detailed information. The cyclic synchronous position mode does not use any mode specific bits of the control word.

Structure of the Control Word									
15	9	8	7	6	4	3	2	1	0
nu		h	fr	nu		eo	qs	ev	so
MSB					LSB				

Legend: nu=not used; h=halt; fr=fault reset; eo=enable operation; qs=quick stop; ev=enable voltage; so=switch on.

Table 278: Structure of the Control Word in csp Mode



Command Coding						
Command	Bits of Control Word					Transitions
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Shutdown	0	x	1	1	0	2,6,8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	3
Switch on & enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	3, 4
Disable voltage	0	x	x	0	x	7,9,10,12
Quick stop	0	x	0	1	x	7,10,11
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	5
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	4, 16
Fault reset	0-to-1	x	x	x	x	15

Table 279: Command Coding

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6040 _h	Controlword	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 280: Object Description (6040_h in csp Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	see CiA402-3	See command coding above.	

Table 281: Entry Description (6040_h in csp Mode)

9.1.2 Object 6041_h: Status Word

This object provides the status of the PDS FSA. It reflects the status of the CiA-402 state machine. Please refer to figure 5 for detailed information. The object is structured as defined below. For more information about the coding please refer to the CANopen Drives and motion control device profile, part 2.

Structure of the Status Word															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
dir	mot	oms	ila	r	rm	ms	w	sod	qs	ve	f	oe	so	rtso	
MSB														LSB	

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; oe=operation enable; qs=quick stop; ve=voltage enable; so=switch on.

Table 282: Structure of the Status Word in csp Mode



Trinamic Specific Bits		
Bit	Name	Definition
14	Motor activity	0: Motor stands still. 1: Motor rotates.
15	Direction of rotation	This bit shows the direction of rotation.

Table 283: Trinamic Specific Bits

Operation Mode specific Bits in csp Mode		
Bit	Name	Definition
10	Reserved	Not used.
12	Target position ignored	0: Target position ignored. 1: Target position used as input to position controller.
13	Following error	0: No following error. 1: Following error.

Table 284: Operation Mode specific Bits in csp Mode

State Coding	
Status word	FSA state
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 _h	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 _h	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 _h	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 _h	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 _h	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 _h	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 _h	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 _h	Fault

Table 285: State Coding

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6041 _h	Controlword	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 286: Object Description (6041_h in csp Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	see CiA402-3	See state coding above	

Table 287: Entry Description (6041_h in csp Mode)

9.1.3 Object 6062_h: Position Demand Value

This object provides the demanded position value. The value is given in microsteps. Object 6062_h indicates the actual position that the motor should have. It is not to be confused with objects 6063_h and 6064_h.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6062 _h	Position Demand Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 288: Object Description (6062_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 289: Entry Description (6062_h)

9.1.4 Object 6063_h: Position Actual Internal Value

This object provides the demanded position value. The value is given in microsteps. It is the same as object 6062_h.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6063 _h	Position Actual Internal Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 290: Object Description (6063_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 291: Entry Description (6063_h)

9.1.5 Object 6064_h: Position Actual Value

This object provides the actual value of the position measurement device. It always contains the same value as object 6063_h.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6064 _h	Position Actual Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 292: Object Description (6064_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 293: Entry Description (6064_h)

9.1.6 Object 606C_h: Velocity Actual Value

This object shows the actual velocity value of the motor. The value is given in internal or user-defined velocity units (depending on object 208C_h, described in section 4.3.33).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
606C _h	Velocity Actual Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 294: Object Description (606C_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 295: Entry Description (606C_h)

9.1.7 Object 607A_h: Target Position

The target position is the position that the drive should move to in cyclic synchronous position mode using the current interpolation time period. In csp mode this value is always interpreted as an absolute value.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
607A _h	Target Position	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 296: Object Description (607A_h in csp Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	0

Table 297: Entry Description (607A_h in csp Mode)

9.1.8 Object 607D_h: Software Position Limit

This object indicates the configured maximal and minimal software position limits. These parameters define the absolute position limits for the position demand value and the position actual value. Every new target position is checked against these limits. The limit positions are always relative to the machine home position. Before being compared with the target position, they are corrected internally by the home offset as follows:

$$\text{Corrected_min_position_limit} = \text{min_position_limit} - \text{home_offset}$$

$$\text{Corrected_max_position_limit} = \text{max_position_limit} - \text{home_offset}$$

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
607D _h	Software Position Limit	Array	SIGNED32

Table 298: Object Description (607D_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
1	Minimum Position Limit	rw	no	SIGNED32	-2147483648
2	Maximum Position Limit	rw	no	SIGNED32	2147483647

Table 299: Entry Description (607D_h)

9.1.9 Object 60B0_h: Position Offset

This object provides an offset to the target position (object 607A_h, see section 9.1.7)). The value is given in microsteps and will be added to the target position.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
60B0 _h	Offset Torque	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 300: Object Description (60B0_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	yes	-2147483648...2147483647	0

Table 301: Entry Description (60B0_h)

9.1.10 Object 60C2_h: Interpolation Time Period

This object indicates the interpolation cycle time. The interpolation time period (sub-index 01_h) is given in $10^{\text{interpolation_time_index}}$ s. The interpolation time index (sub-index 02_h) is dimensionless.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
60C2 _h	Offset Torque	Vecord	Interpolation time period record (0080 _h)

Table 302: Object Description (60C2_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	Highest sub-index supported	ro	no	UNSIGNED8	2
1	Interpolation time period value	rw	no	UNSIGNED8	1
2	Interpolation time index	rw	no	-3...3	-3

Table 303: Entry Description (60C2_h)

10 Cyclic synchronous Torque Mode

The cyclic synchronous torque mode is used to directly control the torque of the motor, without the need for position or velocity control. It contains limit functions, but not a trajectory generator.

The cyclic synchronous torque mode covers the following sub-functions:

- Demand value input directly via an object.
- Monitoring of the torque.
- Limiting the position using the software limits or the hardware limit switches.

10.1 Detailed Object Specifications

10.1.1 Object 6040_n: Control Word

This object indicates the received command controlling the power drive system finite state automaton (PDS FSA). The CiA-402 state machine can be controlled using this object. Please refer to figure 5 for detailed information. The cyclic synchronous torque mode does not use any mode specific bits of the control word.

Structure of the Control Word									
15	9	8	7	6	4	3	2	1	0
nu		h	fr	nu		eo	qs	ev	so
MSB					LSB				

Legend: nu=not used; h=halt; fr=fault reset; eo=enable operation; qs=quick stop; ev=enable voltage; so=switch on.

Table 304: Structure of the Control Word in cst Mode

Command Coding						
Command	Bits of Control Word					Transitions
	Bit 7	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Shutdown	0	x	1	1	0	2,6,8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	3
Switch on & enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	3, 4
Disable voltage	0	x	x	0	x	7,9,10,12
Quick stop	0	x	0	1	x	7,10,11
Disable operation	0	0	1	1	1	5
Enable operation	0	1	1	1	1	4, 16
Fault reset	0-to-1	x	x	x	x	15

Table 305: Command Coding



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6040 _h	Controlword	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 306: Object Description (6040_h in cst Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	see CiA402-3	See command coding above.	

Table 307: Entry Description (6040_h in cst Mode)

10.1.2 Object 6041_h: Status Word

This object provides the status of the PDS FSA. It reflects the status of the CiA-402 state machine. Please refer to figure 5 for detailed information. The object is structured as defined below. For more information about the coding please refer to the CANopen Drives and motion control device profile, part 2.

Structure of the Status Word															
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
dir	mot	oms	ila	r	rm	ms	w	sod	qs	ve	f	oe	so	rtso	
MSB														LSB	

Legend: nu=not used; r=reserved; oms=operation mode specific; h=halt; fr=fault reset; oe=operation enable; qs=quick stop; ve=voltage enable; so=switch on.

Table 308: Structure of the Status Word in cst Mode

Trinamic Specific Bits		
Bit	Name	Definition
14	Motor activity	0: Motor stands still. 1: Motor rotates.
15	Direction of rotation	This bit shows the direction of rotation.

Table 309: Trinamic Specific Bits



Operation Mode specific Bits in cst Mode		
Bit	Name	Definition
10	Reserved	Not used.
12	Target torque ignored	0: Target torque ignored. 1: Target torque used as input to control loop.
13	Reserved	Not used.

Table 310: Operation Mode specific Bits in cst Mode

State Coding	
Status word	FSA state
xxxx xxxx x0xx 0000 _h	Not ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x1xx 0000 _h	Switch on disabled
xxxx xxxx x01x 0001 _h	Ready to switch on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0011 _h	Switched on
xxxx xxxx x01x 0111 _h	Operation enabled
xxxx xxxx x00x 0111 _h	Quick stop active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1111 _h	Fault reaction active
xxxx xxxx x0xx 1000 _h	Fault

Table 311: State Coding

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6041 _h	Controlword	Variable	UNSIGNED16

Table 312: Object Description (6041_h in cst Mode)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	see CiA402-3	See state coding above	

Table 313: Entry Description (6041_h in cst Mode)

10.1.3 Object 6062_h: Position Demand Value

This object provides the demanded position value. The value is given in microsteps. Object 6062_h indicates the actual position that the motor should have. It is not to be confused with objects 6063_h and 6064_h.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6062 _h	Position Demand Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 314: Object Description (6062_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 315: Entry Description (6062_h)

10.1.4 Object 6063_h: Position Actual Internal Value

This object provides the demanded position value. The value is given in microsteps. It is the same as object 6062_h.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6063 _h	Position Actual Internal Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 316: Object Description (6063_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 317: Entry Description (6063_h)

10.1.5 Object 6064_h: Position Actual Value

This object provides the actual value of the position measurement device. It always contains the same value as object 6063_h.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6064 _h	Position Actual Value	Variable	SIGNED32

Table 318: Object Description (6064_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	Refer to CiA402-3	SIGNED32	no

Table 319: Entry Description (6064_h)

10.1.6 Object 6071_h: Target Torque

This object sets the desired torque value. The value is given in mA.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6071 _h	Target torque	Variable	INTEGER16

Table 320: Object Description (6071_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	yes	-32768...32767	0

Table 321: Entry Description (6071_h)

10.1.7 Object 6077_h: Torque actual Value

This object provides the actual torque value. The value is given in mA.

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
6077 _h	Torque actual Value	Variable	INTEGER16

Table 322: Object Description (6077_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	ro	yes	-32768...32767	0

Table 323: Entry Description (6077_h)

10.1.8 Object 607D_h: Software Position Limit

This object indicates the configured maximal and minimal software position limits. These parameters define the absolute position limits for the position demand value and the position actual value. Every



new target position is checked against these limits. The limit positions are always relative to the machine home position. Before being compared with the target position, they are corrected internally by the home offset as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Corrected_min_position_limit} &= \text{min_position_limit} - \text{home_offset} \\ \text{Corrected_max_position_limit} &= \text{max_position_limit} - \text{home_offset} \end{aligned}$$

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
607D _h	Software Position Limit	Array	SIGNED32

Table 324: Object Description (607D_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
1	Minimum Position Limit	rw	no	SIGNED32	-2147483648
2	Maximum Position Limit	rw	no	SIGNED32	2147483647

Table 325: Entry Description (607D_h)

10.1.9 Object 60B2_h: Torque Offset

This object provides an offset to the torque value. It will be added to the target torque (object 6071_h, see section 10.1.6).

Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
60B2 _h	Offset Torque	Variable	SIGNED16

Table 326: Object Description (60B2_h)

Entry Description				
Sub-index	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	rw	yes	-32768...32767	0

Table 327: Entry Description (60B2_h)

10.1.10 Object 60C2_h: Interpolation Time Period

This object indicates the interpolation cycle time. The interpolation time period (sub-index 01_h) is given in $10^{\text{interpolation_time_index}}$ s. The interpolation time index (sub-index 02_h) is dimensionless.



Object Description			
Index	Name	Object Type	Data Type
60C2 _h	Offset Torque	Vecord	Interpolation time period record (0080 _h)

Table 328: Object Description (60C2_h)

Entry Description					
Sub-index	Description	Access	PDO Mapping	Value Range	Default Value
0	Highest sub-index supported	ro	no	UNSIGNED8	2
1	Interpolation time period value	rw	no	UNSIGNED8	1
2	Interpolation time index	rw	no	-3...3	-3

Table 329: Entry Description (60C2_h)

11 Emergency Messages (EMCY)

The module sends an emergency message if an error occurs. The message contains information about the error type. The module can map internal errors and object 1001_h (error register) is part of every emergency object.

Emergency Messages (EMCY) of the TMC-1310						
Error code	Additional byte					Description
	1	2	3	4	5	
0000 _h	0	0	0	0	0	Fault reset The fault reset command has been executed.
1000 _h	1	0	0	0	0	Generic error: open load bridge A The motor driver indicates open load on bridge A. It is possible that the motor cable is broken or that there is an error in the power amplifier itself.
1000 _h	2	0	0	0	0	Generic error: open load bridge B The motor driver indicates open load on bridge B. It is possible that the motor cable is broken or that there is an error in the power amplifier itself.
2310 _h	0	0	0	0	0	Overcurrent high side The motor driver indicates an overcurrent on the high side. This can be caused by a short circuit in the driver stage.
2311 _h	0	0	0	0	0	Overcurrent bridge B The motor driver indicates that there is overcurrent on bridge B. This can be caused by a short circuit in the motor itself or in the motor driver stage.
2312 _h	0	0	0	0	0	Overcurrent bridge A The motor driver indicates that there is overcurrent on bridge A. This can be caused by a short circuit in the motor itself or in the motor driver stage.
3230 _h	0	0	0	0	0	stallGuard2 error The actual load value exceeds the stallGuard2 limit.
4310 _h	1	0	0	0	0	Overtemperature pre-warning The temperature in the motor driver exceeds the pre-warning limit.
4310 _h	2	0	0	0	0	Overtemperature error The motor driver has been switched off because the temperature limit has been exceeded.
5441 _h	0	255	0	0	0	Shutdown switch active The enable signal is missing (due to the shutdown switch) and the motor driver has been switched off.
6320 _h	0	255	0	0	0	Parameter error The data in the received PDO is either wrong or cannot be accepted due to the internal state of the drive.



Error code	Additional byte					Description
	1	2	3	4	5	
8611 _h	0	0	0	0	0	Following error The deviation between motor position counter and encoder position counter has exceeded the following error window.
ff00 _h	0	0	0	0	0	Undervoltage The supply voltage is too low to drive a motor.
ff01 _h	1	0	0	0	0	Positive software limit The actual position is outside the range defined by object 607d _h .
ff01 _h	2	0	0	0	0	Negative software limit The actual position is outside the range defined by object 607d _h .
ff01 _h	3	0	0	0	0	Positive limit switch The positive limit switch has been touched outside of the homing function.
ff01 _h	4	0	0	0	0	Negative limit switch The negative limit switch has been touched outside of the homing function.

Table 330: Emergency Messages (EMCY)



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14 Supplemental Directives

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15 Revision History

15.1 Firmware Revision

Version	Date	Author	Description
2.05	2016-Sep-30	OK	First release.
2.06	2017-Aug-08	ED/OK	Motor current regulation fixed.
2.07	2019-Nov-14	ED/OK	EtherCAT protocol problems fixed.

Table 331: Firmware Revision

15.2 Document Revision

Version	Date	Author	Description
1.00	2016-Sep-30	OK	First release.
1.01	2017-Feb-27	OK	Mapping tables (objects 1600 _h and 1A00 _h) fixed.
1.02	2017-Aug-08	OK	Adapted to firmware revision 2.06.
1.03	2019-Nov-14	OK	Adapted to firmware revision 2.07.

Table 332: Document Revision

