Introduction
Dual-polarity supplies are commonly needed to operate electronics such as op amps, drivers, or sensors, but there is rarely a dual-polarity supply available at the point of load. The LTC®3260 is an inverting charge pump (inductorless) DC/DC converter with dual low noise LDO regulators that can produce positive and negative supplies from a single wide input (4.5V to 32V) power source. It can switch between high efficiency Burst Mode® operation and low noise constant frequency mode, making it attractive for both portable and noise-sensitive applications. The LTC3260 is available in a low profile 3mm × 4mm DFN or a thermally enhanced 16-lead MSOP, yielding compact solutions with minimal external components. Figure 1 shows a typical 12V to ±5V application featuring the LTC3260.

Inverting Charge Pump
The LTC3260 can supply up to 100mA from the inverted input voltage at its charge pump output, VOUT. VOUT also serves as the input supply to a negative LDO regulator, LDO−. The charge pump frequency can be adjusted between 50kHz to 500kHz by a single external resistor. The MODE pin is used to select between a high efficiency Burst Mode operation or constant frequency mode to satisfy low noise requirements.

Constant Frequency Mode
A single resistor at the RT pin sets the constant operating frequency of the charge pump. If the RT pin is grounded, the charge pump operates at 500kHz, where the open-loop output resistance (RLO) and the output ripple are optimized, allowing maximum available output power with only a few millivolts peak-to-peak output ripple.

Light load efficiency can be increased by reducing the operating frequency, as shown in Figure 2, but at the expense of increased output ripple. The lower operating frequency produces a higher effective open-loop resistance (RLO), but the reduced switching rate also reduces the input current, resulting in increased efficiency at light loads. Furthermore, at relatively heavy loads, the increased RLO reduces the effective difference between VOUT and LDO−—decreasing the power dissipation in the negative LDO. The cumulative result is higher overall efficiency with high input voltages and/or light loads.

Figure 2. LTC3260 VIN to VOUT and VIN to LDO− Efficiency vs Frequency for the Circuit in Figure 1
Reducing the frequency increases the output ripple as shown by the expression below and in Figure 3.

\[ V_{RIPPLE} = \frac{I_{OUT} \cdot t_{OFF}}{C_{OUT}} \]

where \( t_{OFF} = \left( \frac{1}{f_{OSC}} - 1 \right) \mu s \).

In general, constant frequency mode is suitable for applications requiring low output ripple even at light loads, but further gains in light load efficiency can be gained by using Burst Mode operation, described below.

![Figure 3. V_{OUT} Constant Frequency Ripple Comparison at 500kHz, 200kHz and 50kHz at 20mA Load](image)

**Burst Mode Operation**

Figure 4 shows the light-load efficiency of the charge pump in Burst Mode operation. Burst Mode operation increases the output ripple over constant frequency mode, but the increase in ripple is only a small percentage of \( V_{IN} \), as shown in Figure 5.

![Figure 4. LTC3260 Burst Mode Operation Efficiency](image)

**Dual LDOs**

Both of the LTC3260's LDOs—the positive LDO regulator supplied from \( V_{IN} \), and the negative LDO regulator supplied from \( V_{OUT} \)—are capable of supporting 50mA loads. Each LDO has a dropout voltage of 300mV with a 50mA output and has an adjust pin, allowing the output voltage to be set by a simple resistor divider. The LDO regulators can be individually enabled. The EN\(^-\) pin enables both the inverting charge pump and LDO\(^-\). When both regulators are disabled, the part shuts down with only 2µA of quiescent current. The LDO references can be filtered by adding a capacitor on each of the bypass pins to further reduce noise at the LDO regulator outputs.

**Conclusion**

The LTC3260 produces low noise positive and negative supplies from a single positive power source. The LTC3260 features optional Burst Mode operation for light-load efficiency in battery-powered devices, or low noise constant frequency mode for noise-sensitive applications. The LTC3260's combination of inverting charge pump and dual LDO regulators yields elegant solutions to applications with 4.5V to 32V inputs.